

European Workforce Study 2025



Time for High-Trust Leadership

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Workforce culture drives productivity in a divided Europe

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Effective leadership is built on trust, proximity skills and psychological safety

Welcome to the first edition of the European Workforce Study, a comprehensive exploration of workforce culture and leadership across Europe.

In this annual report, we delve into the vital role that workforce culture and effective leadership play in shaping productivity, innovation, and competitiveness, offering insight based on one of the largest pan–European surveys ever conducted on this subject.

Our goal is to equip policymakers, business leaders, and stakeholders with critical insights to navigate today's complex landscape and harness the full potential of their people.

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Introduction

Europe is at cross-roads, facing disruptions and significant challenges threatening its security, prosperity, and welfare models. The challenges are multifaceted and systemic, with drivers including geopolitical shifts, climate change, energy transition, disruptive technologies, political and social fragmentation.

Resilience and self-reliance are therefore at the forefront of all agendas. European policymakers and business leaders recognise the need for creating a level playing field and closer collaboration to navigate the uncertainties, foster innovation, competitiveness and, productivity.

In this context, it is paradoxical that the effects of workforce culture and leadership still remain largely unscrutinised. Ever more so, we live in a time where the employee, both as an individual and as part of a team, is more empowered than ever to influence productivity and results – supported by new technologies and new ways of working.

Thus, it has never been more important to understand the effects of workforce culture and leadership on performance and productivity. Nor has it ever been more crucial to understand the workforce potential as an asset or liability in the chase for competitiveness, innovation, change, and resilience.

We are therefore pleased to introduce Great Place To Work's first annual European Workforce Study. The report covers the quality of workforce culture and leadership in Europe.

Based on the most comprehensive pan-European survey on this subject to date, we hope the study will contribute to filling knowledge gaps in how to foster productivity and competitiveness in Europe more effectively.

Presenting only high-level extracts

from the survey, the report reveals some extraordinary findings – showing a divided Europe with a huge untapped potential.

Specifically, and for the first time on a pan-European level, the study examines:

- → A relationship between workforce culture and national productivity (BNP)
- Leadership quality as the key factor driving workforce culture
- → The drivers of leadership effectiveness

The strength of the study's conclusions is further underscored by Great Place To Work's more than 30 years of data, assessing the quality of culture and leadership in tens of thousands of workplaces across Europe. This wealth of data enables the use of "European Best Workplaces" as a benchmark for the potential that can be realised.

More research is needed, and this report will be followed up by both topical and country-specific analyses.

However, one conclusion remains clear: the direct impact of workforce culture and leadership quality on performance is undeniable. It's time to act on the findings, at both macro and micro levels. The insight presented in this report should engage policymakers, business leaders, and anyone focused on enhancing competitiveness and productivity in these turbulent times.

On behalf of Great Place To Work Europe

Tron Kleivane
Project lead, European Workforce Study

Methodology

Annual online quantitative survey

Fieldwork conducted in summer 2024

The survey included 80 Likert scale statements. 60 of the statements covered workplace culture and leadership, matching Great Place to Work's Trust Index[©] statements, and 20 statements covered specific workplace challenges, such as ESG, AI and hybrid work.

Throughout the report, some statements have been shortened for readability.

Multiple regression was used to quantify relationships between different variables to identify key relationships and drivers of business outcomes.

Great Place To Work metrics are grassroots indicators, reflecting the perception of employees in Europe.

24,938 **Employees**

Countries

Austria Belgium Cyprus Denmark Finland

France Germany Greece Ireland Italy

Luxembourg Netherlands Norway Poland Portugal

Spain Sweden Switzerland UK

1,500 Respondents per country¹

Smaller samples in Austria (500), Finland (500), Luxembourg (1,000), Spain (900) and Poland (700)

Glossary

Al: organisations that are Al business ready are those where employees agree with "My organisation is making investments in using Al tools".

European Best Workplaces is a blended benchmark combining data from 2024's Fortune's 100 Best Companies To Work For™ in Europe List makers (organisations with 500+ employees) and the 100 Best Small & Medium Workplaces in Europe™ List makers (50–499 employees).

European Best Workplaces –

Demographic View is a sub-category of European Best Workplaces benchmark including demographic data and stemming from the aggregate of six National Best Workplaces Lists most representative of the European landscape and range of company sizes. The six countries are: Norway, Netherlands, Germany, UK, France and Italy.

Employee satisfaction is measured by the percentage agreement with the statement "Taking everything into account, I would say this is a great place to work".

Employee satisfaction ratio is a ratio of satisfaction among all employees to senior leaders. The lower the ratio, the further away senior leaders are from employees

ESG: organisations with successful ESG efforts are those where employees agree with "My organisation's business decisions meaningfully improve the environment, society or human well-being".

High-trust leadership definition is based on 41 statements, which measure leadership credibility and whether employees feel respected and treated fairly.

Hybrid work is a flexible approach that combines working in an office/on-site environment and working from home.

Multiple linear regression (MLR) is a statistical technique that uses several explanatory variables to predict the outcome of a response variable. The technique is used to perform driver analysis.

PP is an abbreviation of "percentage points", which is a unit of measurement for the difference between two percentages.

Proximity leadership is a fundamental skill. When leaders develop the ability to get proximate, they leverage empathy, curiosity and authenticity and integrate them into their leadership skill set. In this report proximity leadership skills are defined by 11 statements.

Proximity gap is a ratio of the average perception of proximity leadership skills among senior leaders to the average perception among employees. It's calculated by dividing the average percentage agreement to the 11 proximity

leadership statements among senior leaders by the average percentage agreement among the employees. The lower the ratio, the smaller the proximity gap.

Psychologically safe workplaces are those where employees agree with the statement "This is a psychologically and emotionally healthy place to work".



European Workforce Study 2025

CHAPTER 01

Workforce culture drives productivity in a divided Europe

Europe's workforce shows huge differences in satisfaction

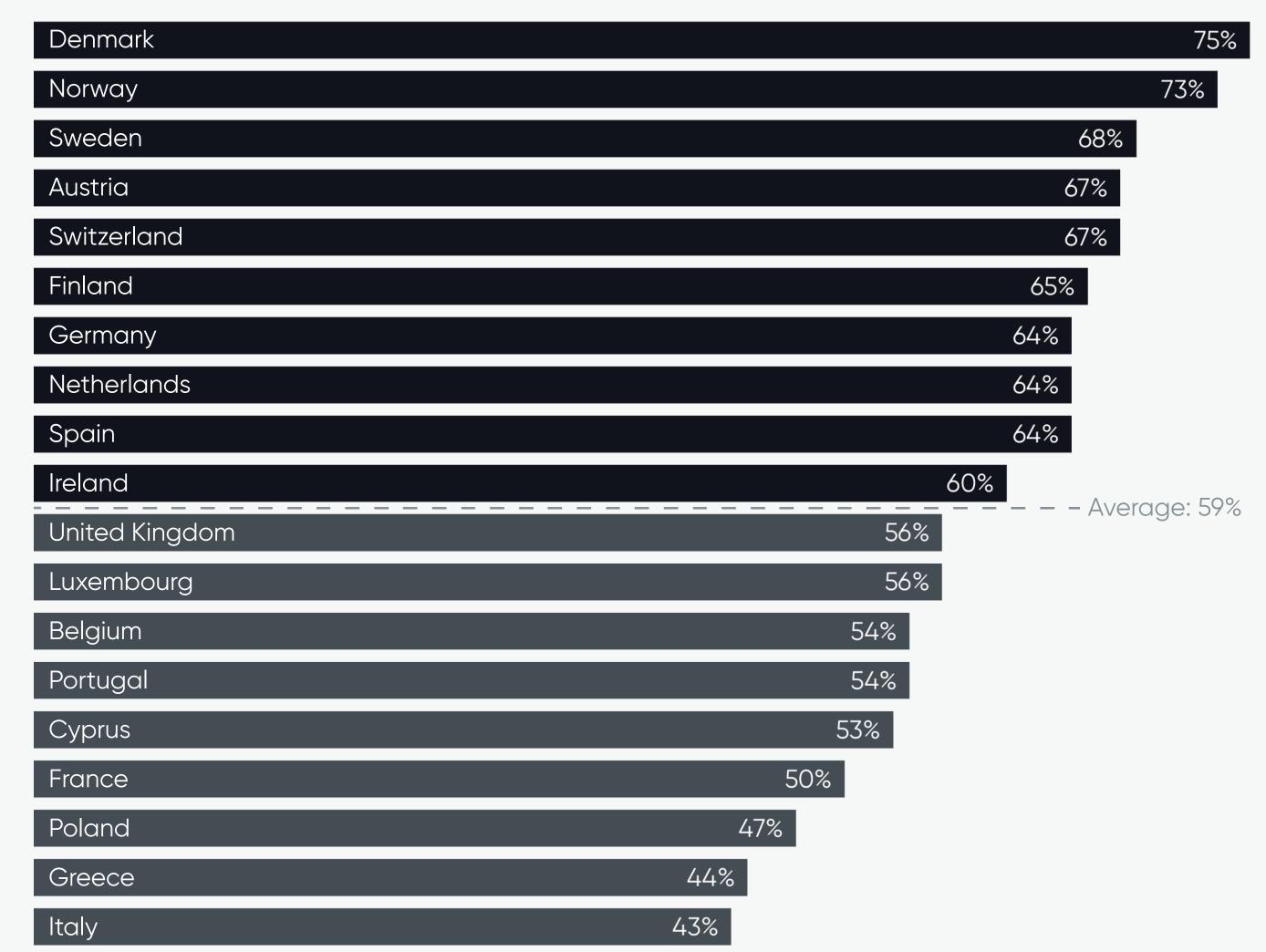
Southern European countries and Poland lag behind

INSIGHT

In most South European countries and Poland, only 1 in 2 employees or fewer consider their organisation a great place to work.

% of the workforce that agrees with:

"Taking everything into account, I would say this is a great place to work"



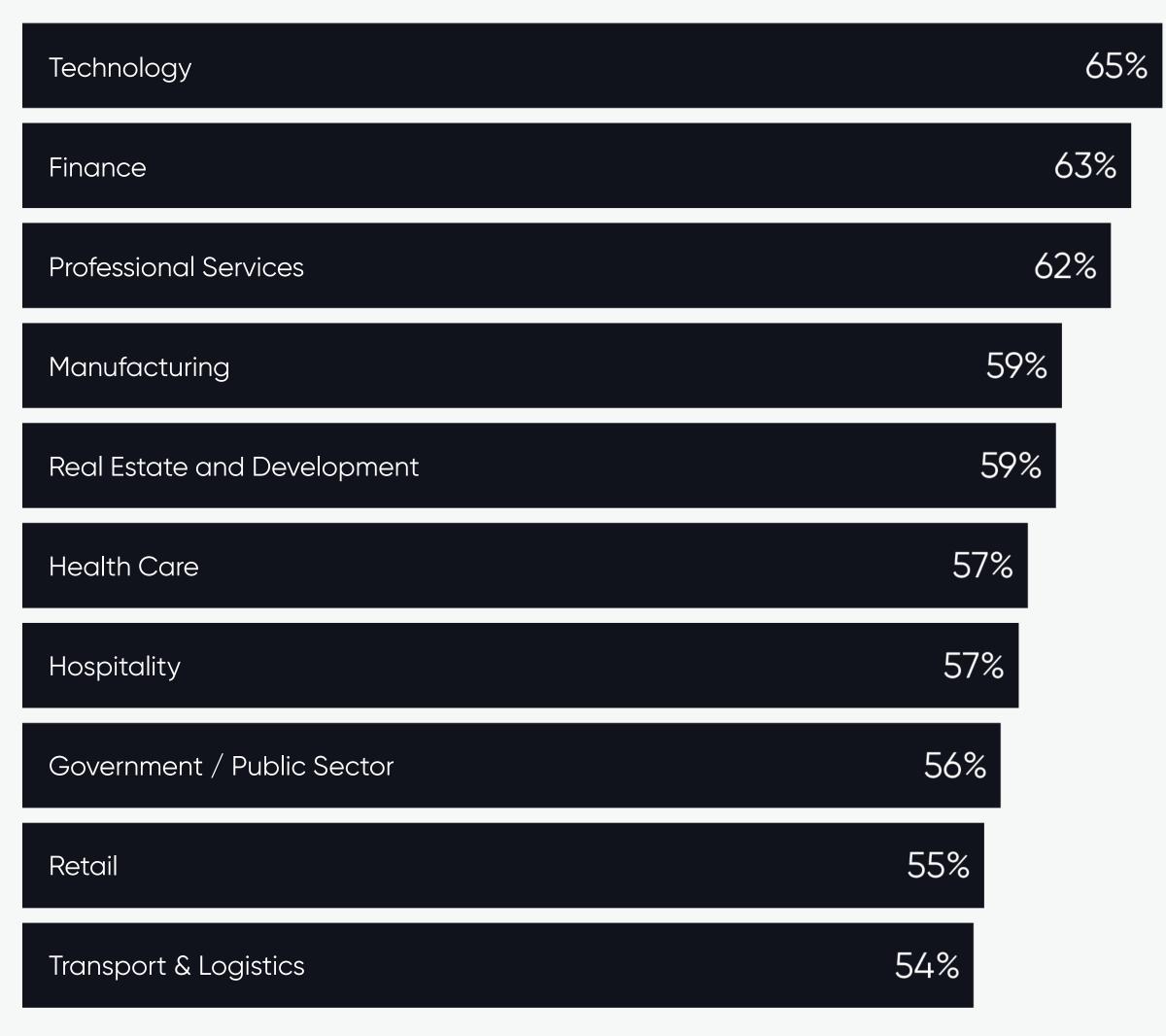
Employees in industries with high-demand skills have higher workplace satisfaction

Skilled workers feel more engaged in tech, finance, and professional services

When it comes to healthcare, there is a disconnect between the demand for skills and employee satisfaction. This is due to healthcare in Europe being part of the public sector, where employees are less satisfied.

% of the workforce that agrees with:

"Taking everything into account, I would say this is a great place to work"



49%

A large part of Europe's workforce feels undervalued

Low appreciation from management drives dissatisfaction

■ INSIGHT

Most lowest scoring statements indicate that European employees are feeling not valued, not included and taken for granted.

% agree

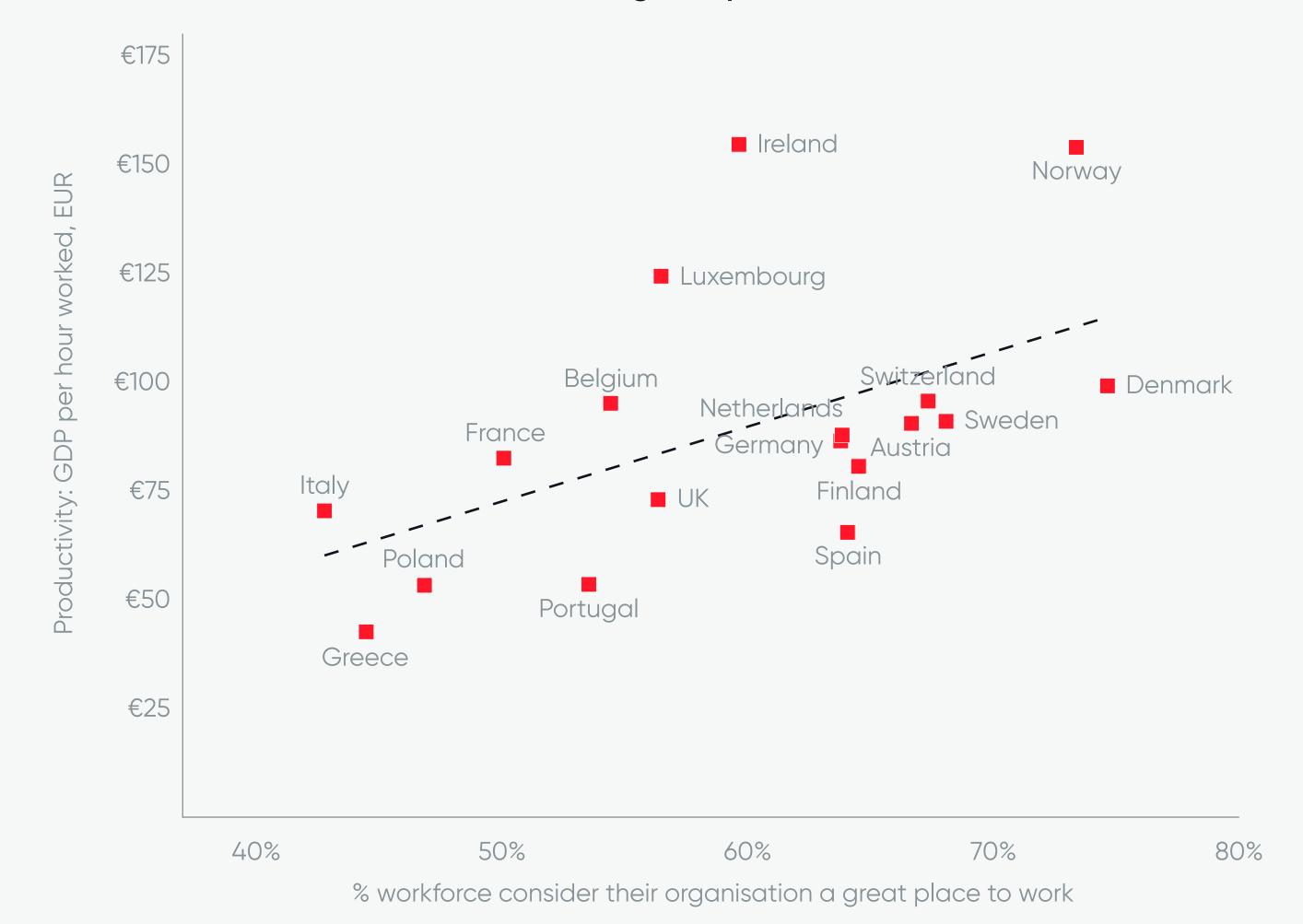
Lowest ranking statements on management and culture

Management shows appreciation for good work and extra effort		
Management genuinely seeks and responds to suggestions and ideas		4
Everyone has an opportunity to get special recognition		479
People here are paid fairly for the work they do	45%	
Management involves people in decisions that affect their jobs or work environment	44%	
Managers avoid having favourites	43%	
We have special and unique benefits here	42%	
My organisation effectively communicates information 38% related to neurodiversity and support services		
Promotions go to those who best deserve them 37%		
I feel I receive a fair share of the profits made by this organisation		

Workforce satisfaction directly impacts productivity

Countries with engaged workforces see higher labour productivity

Labour productivity, expressed as GDP per hour worked vs. % agree with "Taking everything into account, I would say this is a great place to work"



¹ Source: OECD

Five drivers of workforce culture reveal significant differences

But all countries fall short on leadership alignment with values and addressing fair compensation

METHODOLOGY

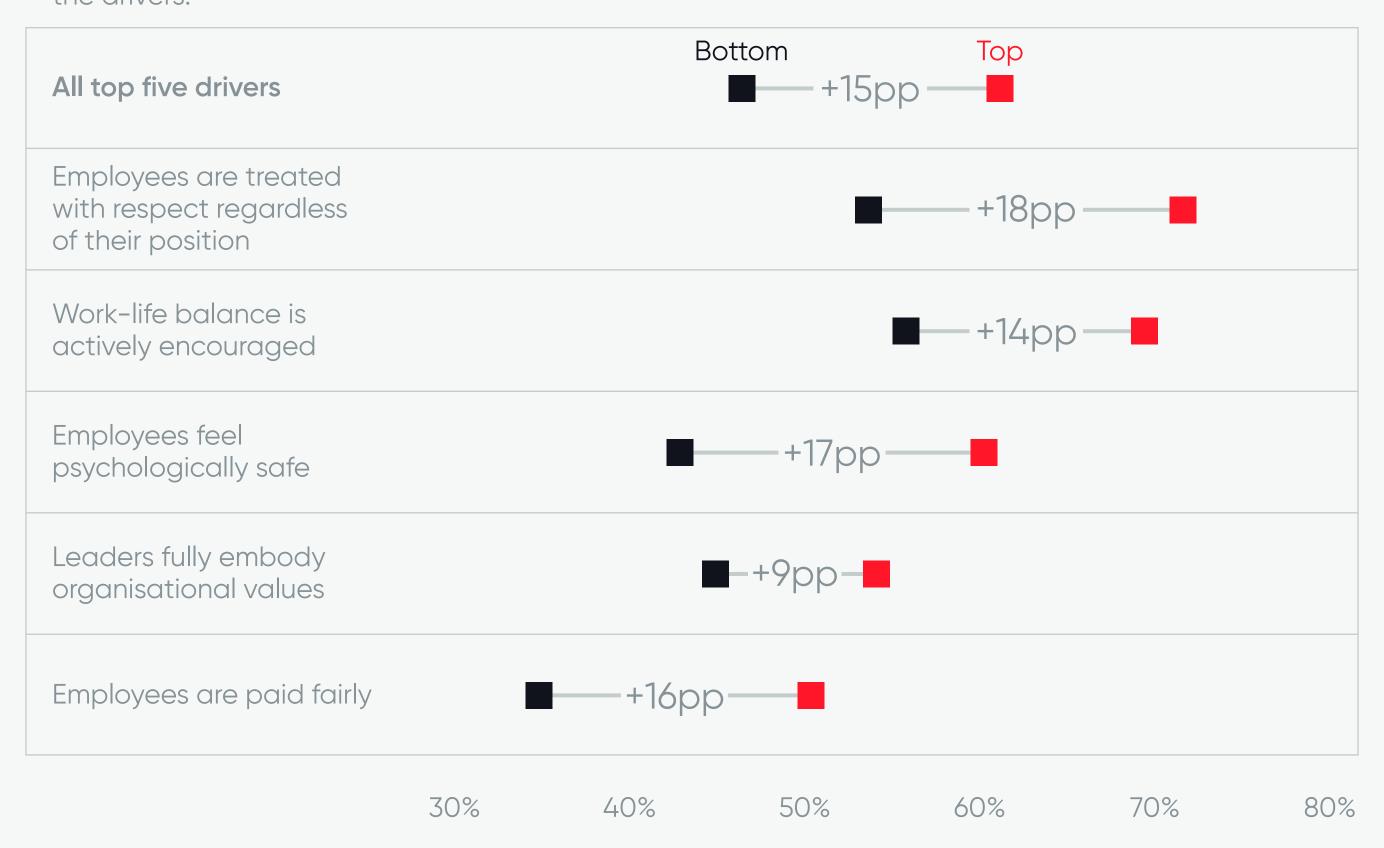
Using multiple regression, we have identified top five drivers (out of 60 that we've measured) of employee satisfaction: there is a vast difference in the scores for most of these drivers between the top and bottom scoring countries.

Top scoring countries: Netherlands, Denmark, Norway, Finland, Switzerland, Sweden.

Bottom scoring countries: Poland, Portugal, France, Greece, Italy.

Top five drivers of employee satisfaction Spread between the top and bottom scoring countries

% agree with the drivers:



A divided Europe shows productivity gaps driven by workforce culture

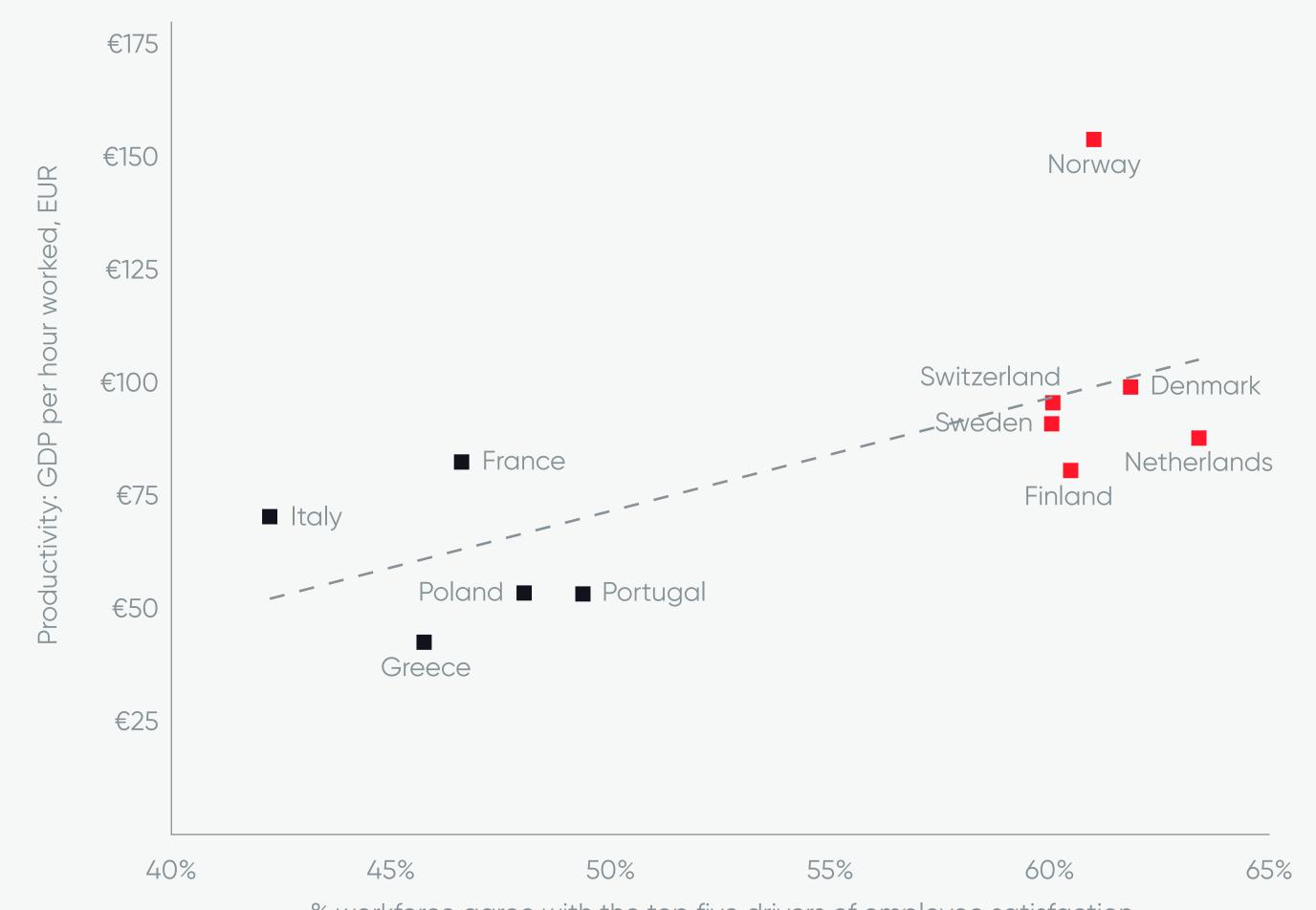
Top-scoring countries demonstrate stronger productivity linked to better workforce culture

\$ EXPLAINER

The top five drivers of employee satisfaction are being treated with respect, work-life balance, psychological safety, leaders living their values, and fair pay.

Labour productivity, expressed as GDP per hour worked vs. average % agree with top five drivers of employee satisfaction

Top and bottom scoring countries





European Workforce Study 2025

CHAPTER 02

Leadership quality is the key differentiator of workforce effectiveness

What is high-trust leadership?

Great Place To Work utilises a framework of leadership qualities that affect business outcomes. These leadership qualities form three dimensions.

Credibility

Employees see
management as
credible: it measures
management's
communication practices,
competence, authenticity,
integrity and living
organisational values.

High-Trust Leadership

Respect

Employees feel respected by management: it measures management's ability to give employees the right tools and autonomy to do their best, and the level of care management shows for employees as people.

Fairness

Employees believe management practices and policies are fair: it measures the equity, impartiality, and justice employees experience in the workplace.

Leadership quality varies significantly across Europe

In France, Poland, Luxembourg, Greece and Italy fewer than 1 in 2 employees experience high-trust leadership

EXPLAINER

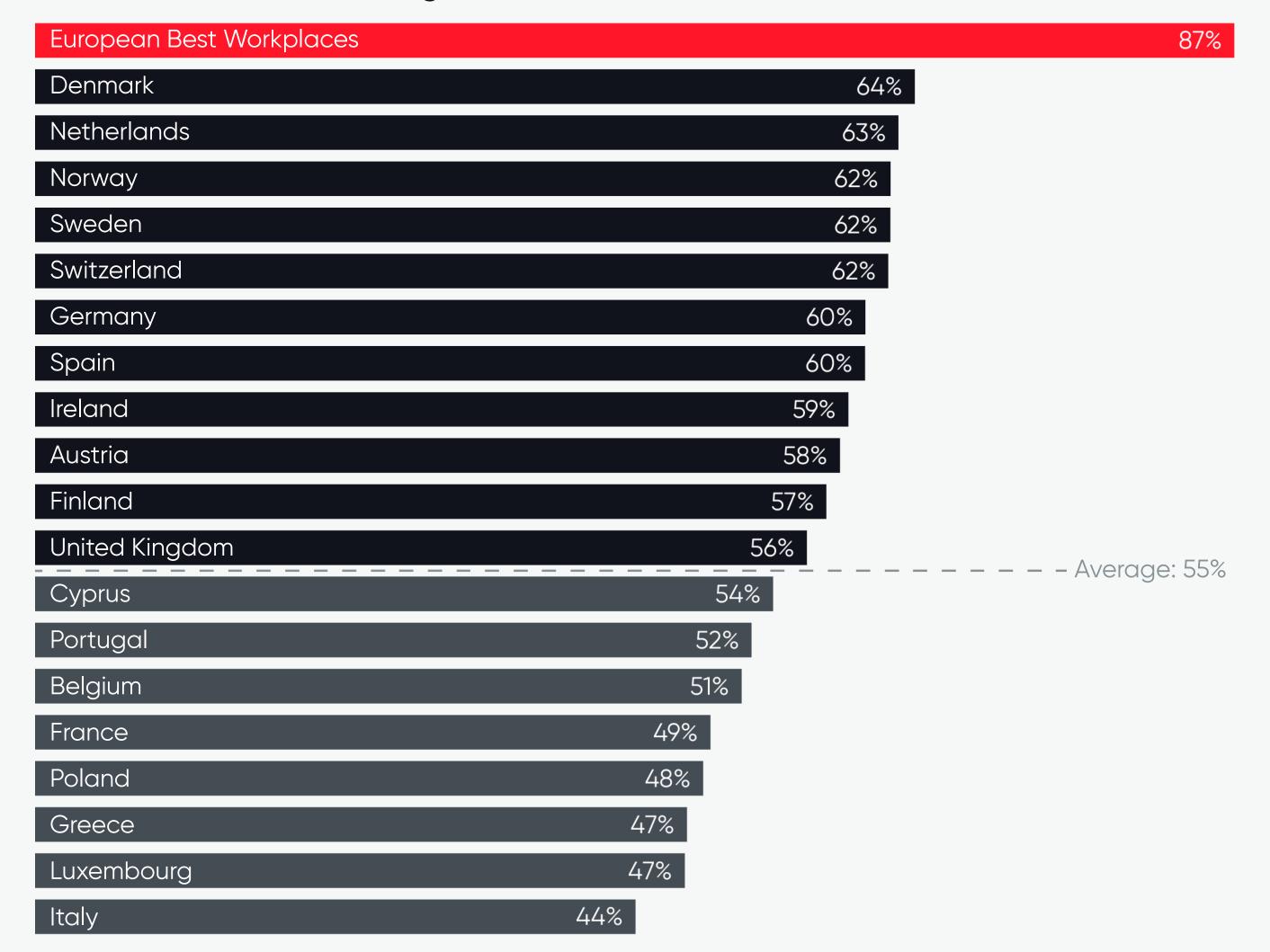
"European Best Workplaces" is a blended benchmark combining data from 2024's Fortune's 100 Best Companies To Work For™ in Europe List makers (organisations with 500+ employees) and the 100 Best Small & Medium Workplaces in Europe™ List makers (50–499 employees).

METHODOLOGY

High-trust leadership definition is based on 41 statements, which measure leadership **credibility** and whether employees feel **respected** and **treated fairly**.

High-trust leadership by country

% of the workforce that agree to the relevant statements



The tech sector leads in high-trust leadership

While the public sector lags behind

METHODOLOGY

High-trust leadership definition is based on 41 statements, which measure leadership credibility and whether employees feel respected and treated fairly.

High-trust leadership by industry

% of the workforce that agree to the relevant statements

Technology	62%
Real Estate and Development	60%
Professional Services	59%
Finance	59%
Manufacturing	56%
Hospitality	55%
Retail	55%
Healthcare	53%
Transportation and Logistics	52%
Government / Public Sector	51%

Leadership quality has a profound impact on performance

Employee satisfaction and retention skyrocket when leaders are trusted

METHODOLOGY

High-trust leadership is present when on average people score their organisations 4 or 5 out of 5 on 41 constituent statements.

There's a lack of high-trust leadership when the average scores are 1 or 2 out of 5.

Only 4% of employees feel satisfied with their organisations where there's a lack of high-trust leadership. This is compared to 89% employee satisfaction in organisations with high-trust leadership.

Comparison between those who work in an organisation with high-trust leadership vs. those who don't



Best European organisations vastly outperform the rest

High-trust leadership drives business outcomes, including customer satisfaction

EXPLAINER

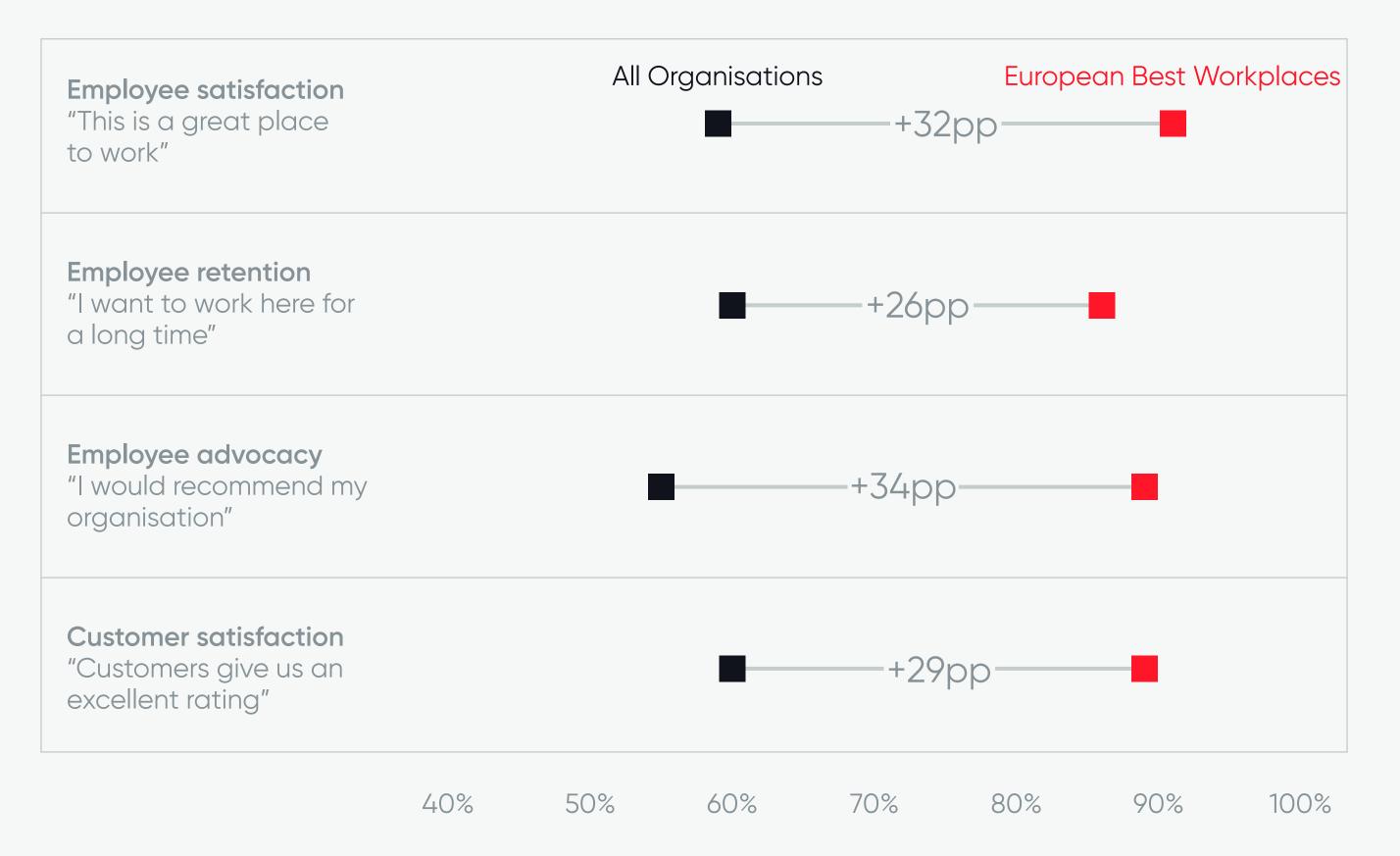
"European Best Workplaces" is a blended benchmark combining data from 2024's Fortune's 100 Best Companies To Work For™ in Europe List makers (organisations with 500+ employees) and the 100 Best Small & Medium Workplaces in Europe™ List makers (50–499 employees).

■ INSIGHT

Good leadership results in high customer satisfaction. Best Organisations lead on customer satisfaction by 27 percentage points.

Comparison between average European employee experience vs. European Best Workplaces

% of the workforce that agrees with the statements below:



Leaders are out of touch with the workforce in most countries

Leaders overestimate how well their organisations are doing

METHODOLOGY

Employee satisfaction ratio is a ratio of satisfaction among all employees to senior leaders. The lower the ratio, the further away senior leaders are from employees.

Leaders in most countries are significantly over-estimating their organisations as being great places to work. For example, in Austria 100% of senior leaders agree to "Taking everything into account, I would say this is a great place to work" vs. 66% of employees and managers, resulting in a ratio of 0.7.

Employee satisfaction ratio: % agree with "Taking everything into account, I would say this is a great place to work", all employees to senior leaders.

The lower the ratio the more out of touch the leaders are.



Leaders' blind spots are widening the disconnect

Misalignment between leaders and employees exists in most countries

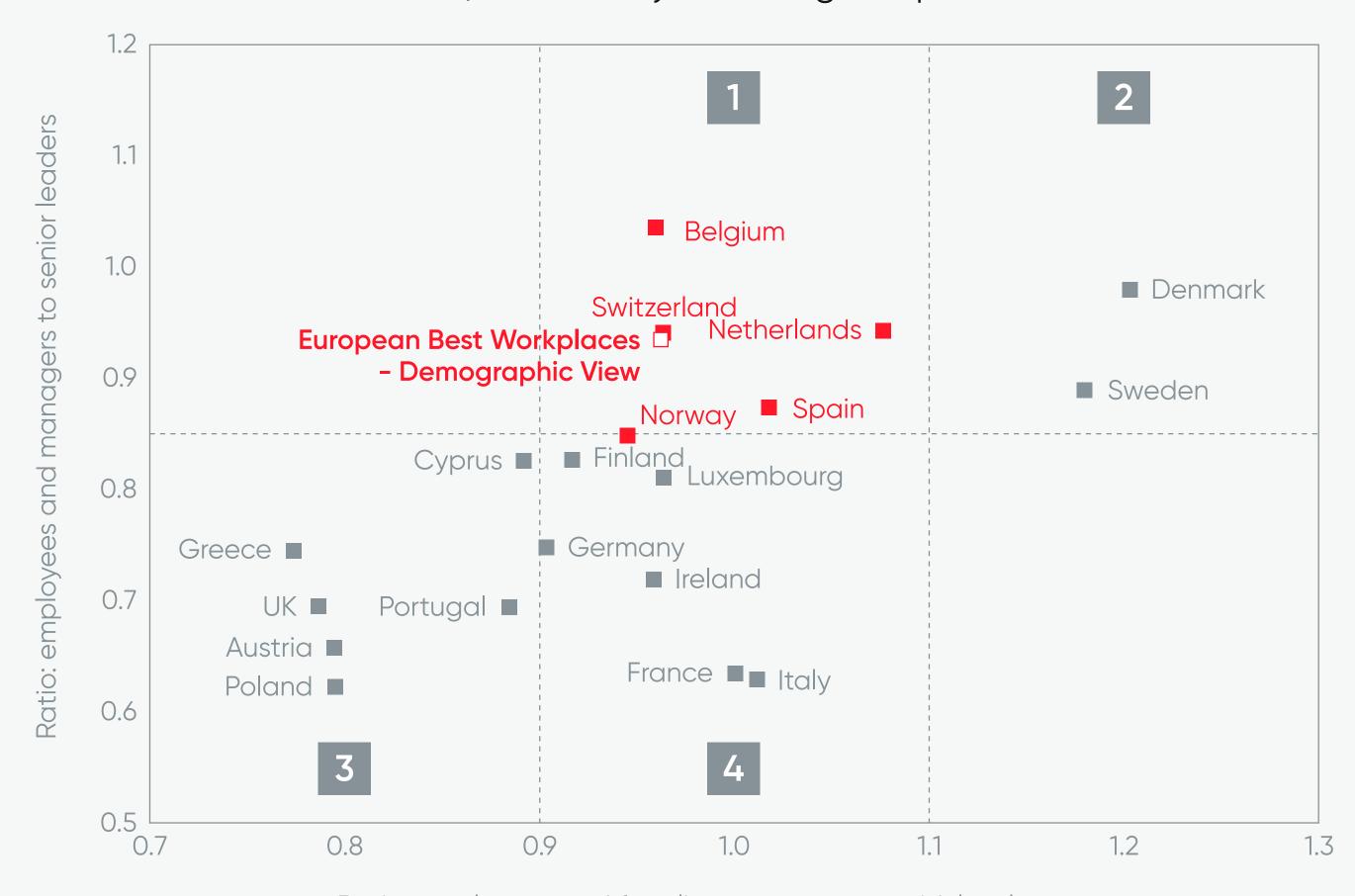
EXPLAINER

European Best Workplaces – Demographic View is a sub-category of European Best Workplaces benchmark, that includes seniority level data and is the aggregate of six¹ National Best Workplaces Lists most representative of the European landscape and range of company sizes.

- Leaders are in-touch with employees at all levels
- Employees and frontline managers feel happy, but mid-level managers don't feel supported

- Leaders and mid-level managers are out of touch
- Leaders are out of touch, but mid-level managers are trying to keep things afloat

Employee satisfaction ratios: agreement to "Taking everything into account, I would say this is a great place to work"



Ratio: employees and frontline managers to mid-level managers

The six countries included are: Norway, Netherlands, Germany, UK, France and Italy.

Mid-level managers, holding the key to workforce satisfaction, feel unsupported

Lack of support leads to frustration around work-life balance and autonomy

■ INSIGHT

In European Best Workplaces the gap in high-trust leadership perceptions between senior leaders and mid-level managers is low. The overall level of trust is significantly higher.

Mid-level managers feel lack of support around work-life balance, change fatigue and autonomy.

EXPLAINER

European Best Workplaces – Demographic View is a sub-category of European Best Workplaces benchmark, that includes seniority level data and is the aggregate of six¹ National Best Workplaces Lists most representative of the European landscape and range of company sizes.

High-trust leadership by seniority

% that agree to the relevant statements



¹ The six countries included are: Norway, Netherlands, Germany, UK, France and Italy.

Best European organisations are governed by high-trust leadership

Credibility, respect, and fairness drive high-trust leadership

EXPLAINER

"European Best Workplaces" is a blended benchmark combining data from 2024's Fortune's 100 Best Companies To Work For™ in Europe List makers (organisations with 500+ employees) and the 100 Best Small & Medium Workplaces in Europe™ List makers (50–499 employees).

METHODOLOGY

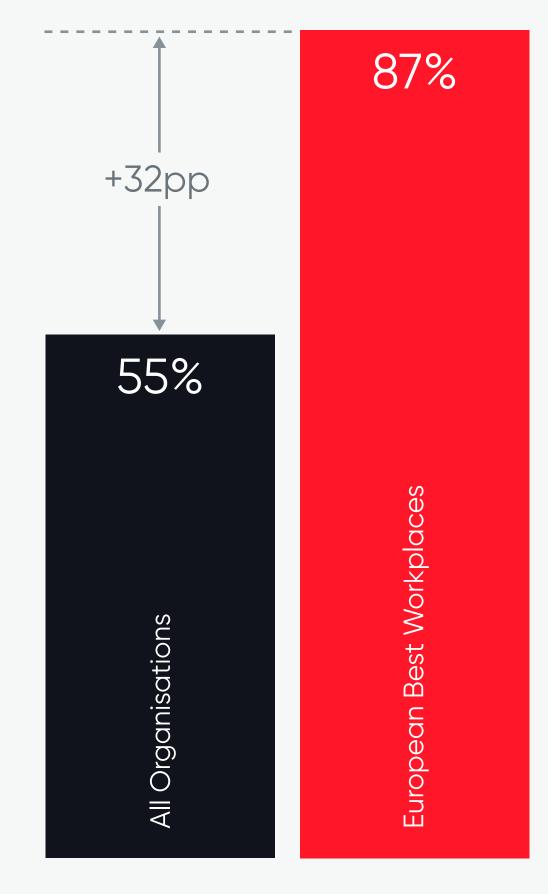
High-trust leadership definition is based on 41 statements, which measure leadership **credibility** and whether employees feel **respected** and **treated fairly**.

INSIGHT

European Best Workplaces outperform all organisations on hightrust leadership by 32pp. They perform consistently higher on all the components of high-trust leadership.

Comparison between all European organisations vs. European Best Workplaces

% of the workforce that agrees with the relevant statements



High-Trust Leadership

CHAPTER 03

Differences in workforce effectiveness are amplified by challenges posed by employee retention, AI, ESG and hybrid work

RETENTION

Employee retention is a real issue, especially for younger workers

Younger employees are more likely to seek new opportunities

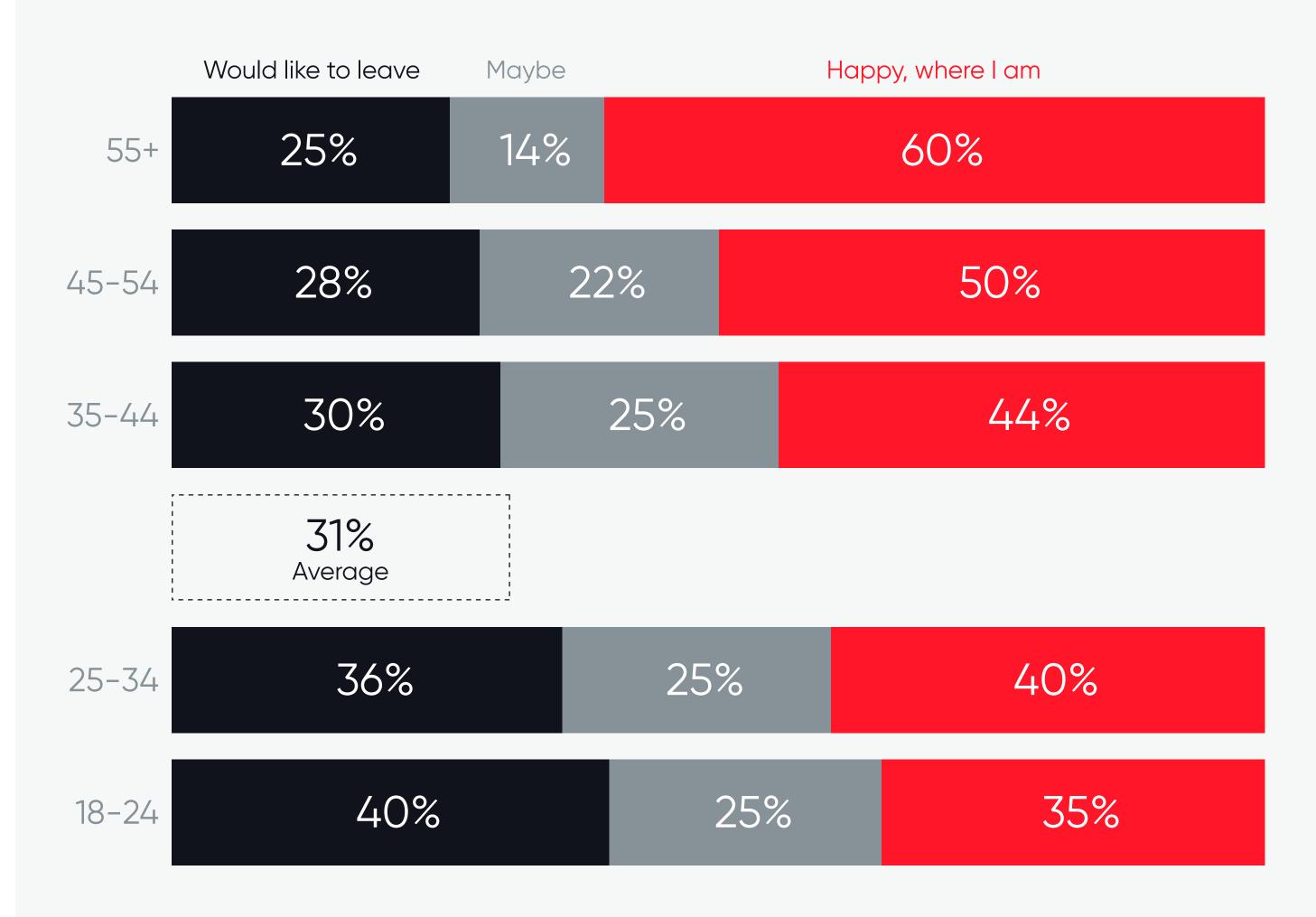
METHODOLOGY

The figures are shown for employees and frontline managers, in order not to conflate age with seniority. Younger employees are more likely to want to leave than older employees at the same seniority level.

■ INSIGHT

Younger employees have higher expectations of their leaders and are more likely to leave if those expectations are not met.

"Will you be looking for a new job this year?" Employees and frontline managers

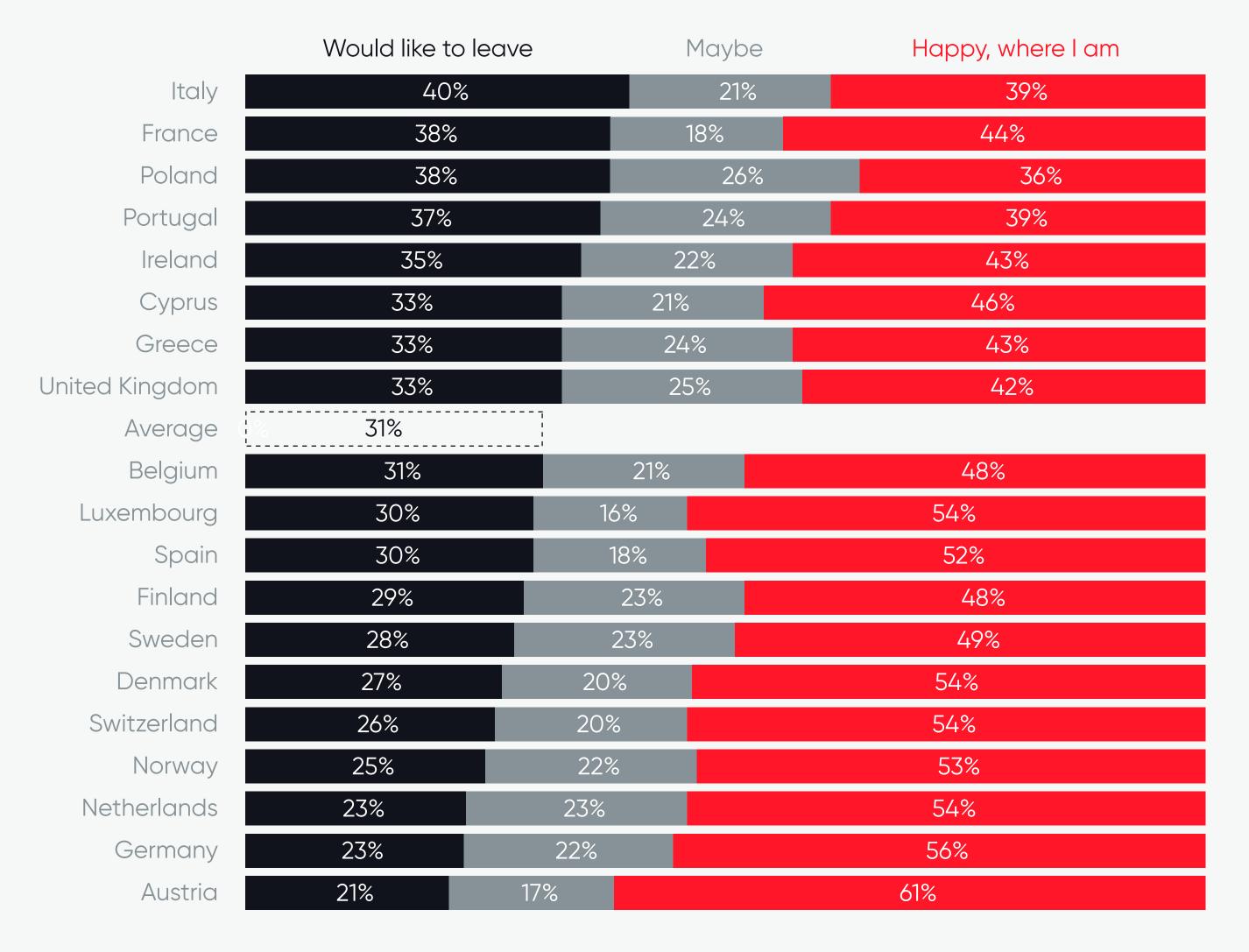


RETENTION

Employee retention is challenging in most countries

But Southern European countries and the UK have higher retention problems

"Will you be looking for a new job this year?", % of the overall workforce



Αl

Artificial intelligence is gaining momentum, but organisations are unprepared

Only 1 in 4 European organisations are investing in AI tools

% agree

34%

25%

I am excited to use AI tools

My organisation is making investments in using Al tools

Al

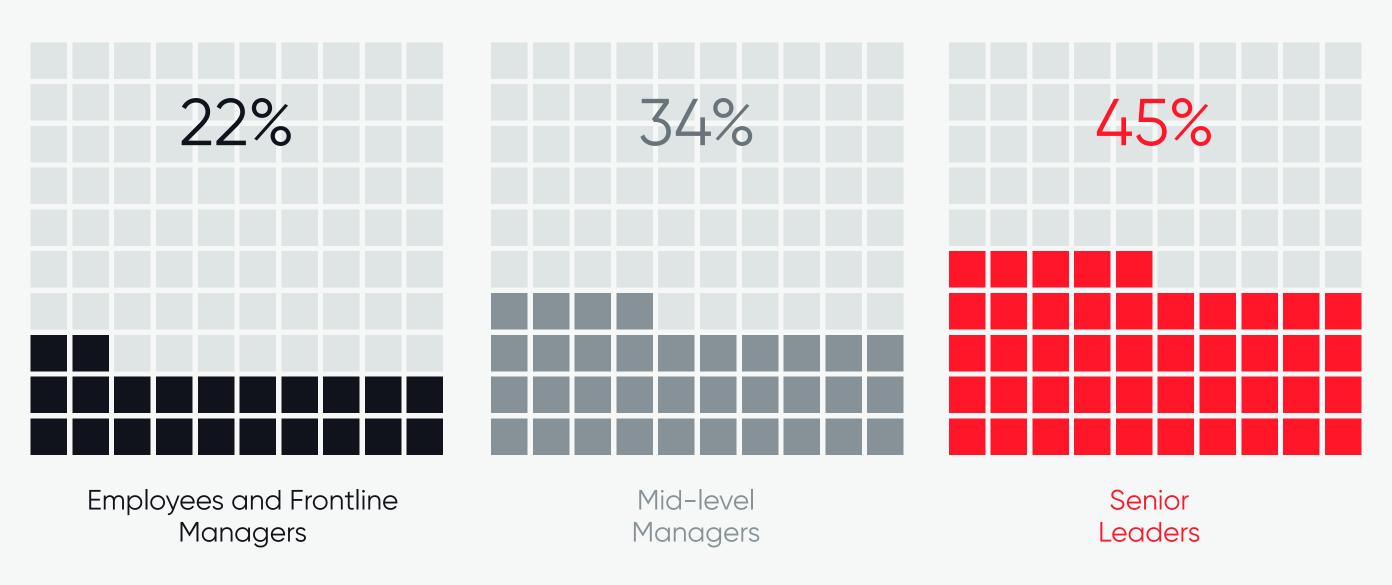
There's a senioritybased information gap around Al

Senior leaders are more aware of Al investments than frontline managers



Knowledge and perception of investments in Al tools increases with seniority, meaning there needs to be a greater involvement of employees at all levels in conversations about Al tools.

% agree: "My organisation is making investments in using Al tools", by seniority



Al

Organisational Al readiness is linked to employee empowerment

3 in 4 Al ready organisations celebrate people who try to do new things

■ INSIGHT

In Al business ready organisations management is twice as likely to involve people in decisions affecting their work.

METHODOLOGY

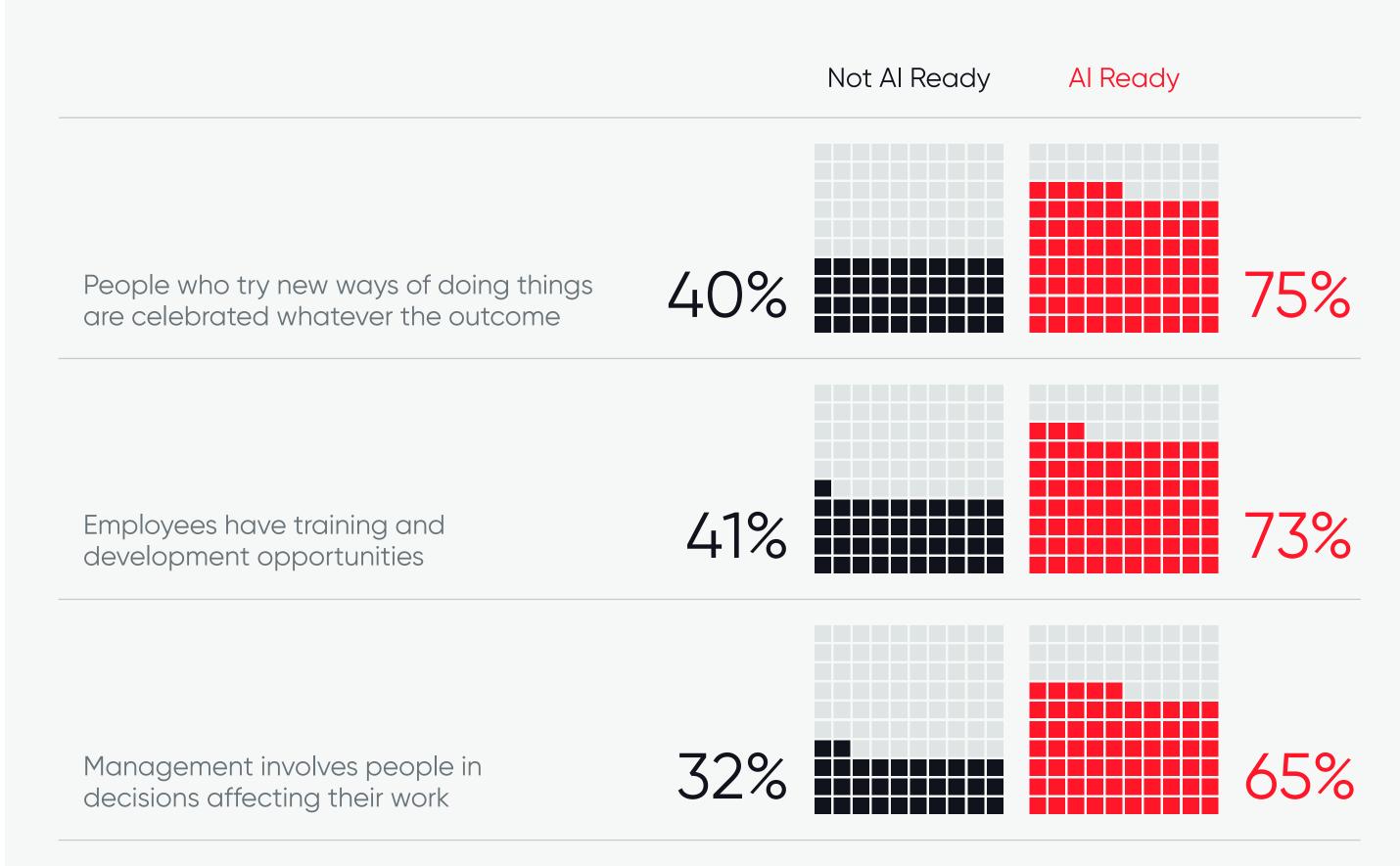
Using multiple regression, we have identified three drivers of Al business readiness: there is a two-fold difference in the scores between Al ready organisations and those that aren't ready.

EXPLAINER

Organisations that are Al business ready are those where employees agree with "My organisation is making investments in using Al tools".

Top drivers of Al business readiness

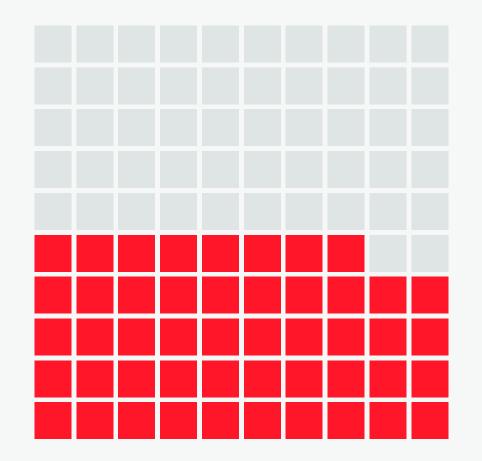
The difference in % agreement with the drivers between those working in Al ready organisations and those working for not Al ready organisations

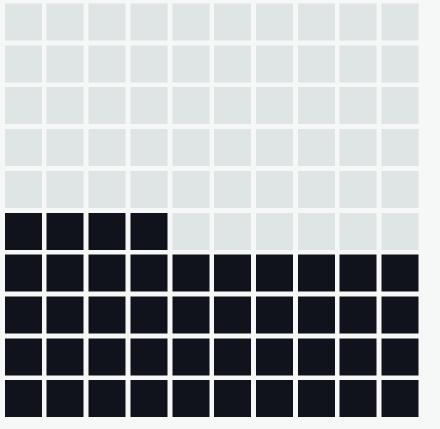


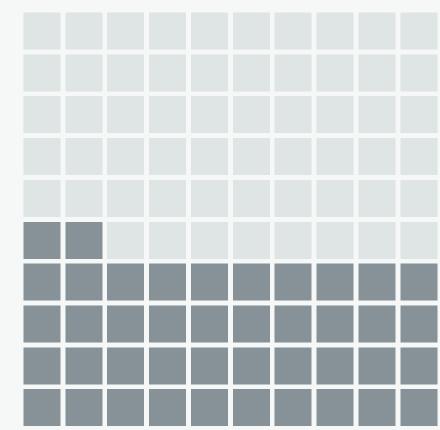
ESG

Only 48% of the workforce believes their organisation's decisions benefit society

ESG (environmental, social, governance) efforts are not yet widely effective







Only 48%

of the workforce
think that their
organisation's
business decisions
benefits the
environment, society
or human wellbeing

Only 44%

of the workforce
agree that
management clearly
communicates
the organisational
impact on the
environment,
society and human
wellbeing

Only 42%

of the workforce feel that people committed to ESG receive enough support ESG

Leaders are out of sync with employees on ESG impact

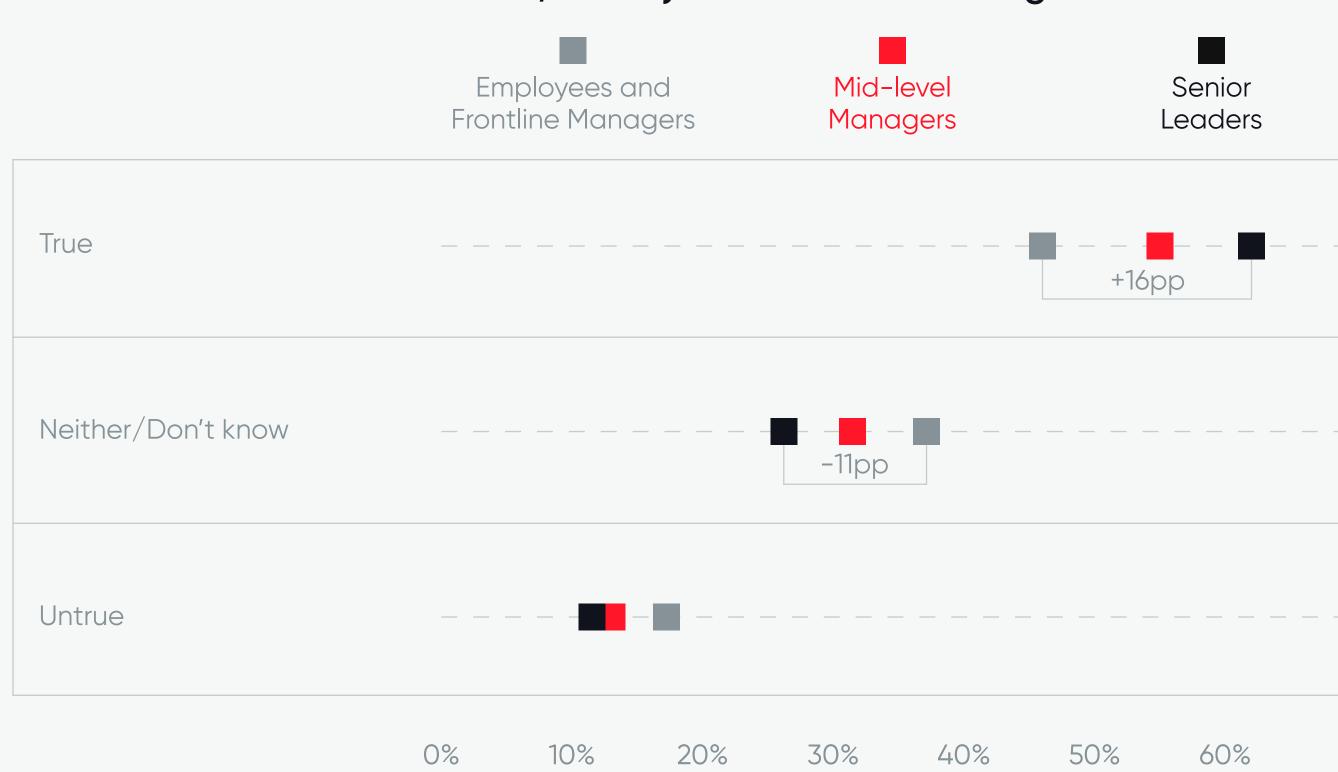
Leaders overestimate their organisation's positive influence on environmental, social, and governance outcomes

INSIGHT

There are gaps in perceptions about ESG between senior leaders and more junior employees. While 62% of senior leaders believe that their business decisions meaningfully improve the environment, society or human well-being, only 46% of employees agree.

% agree:

"My organisation's business decisions meaningfully improve the environment, society or human well-being"



ESG

ESG starts at home: organisations living their values are more successful

Organisations, where leaders embody organisational values, excel in ESG efforts

In organisations successful in their ESG efforts leaders are 3.4 times more likely to live organisational values.

METHODOLOGY

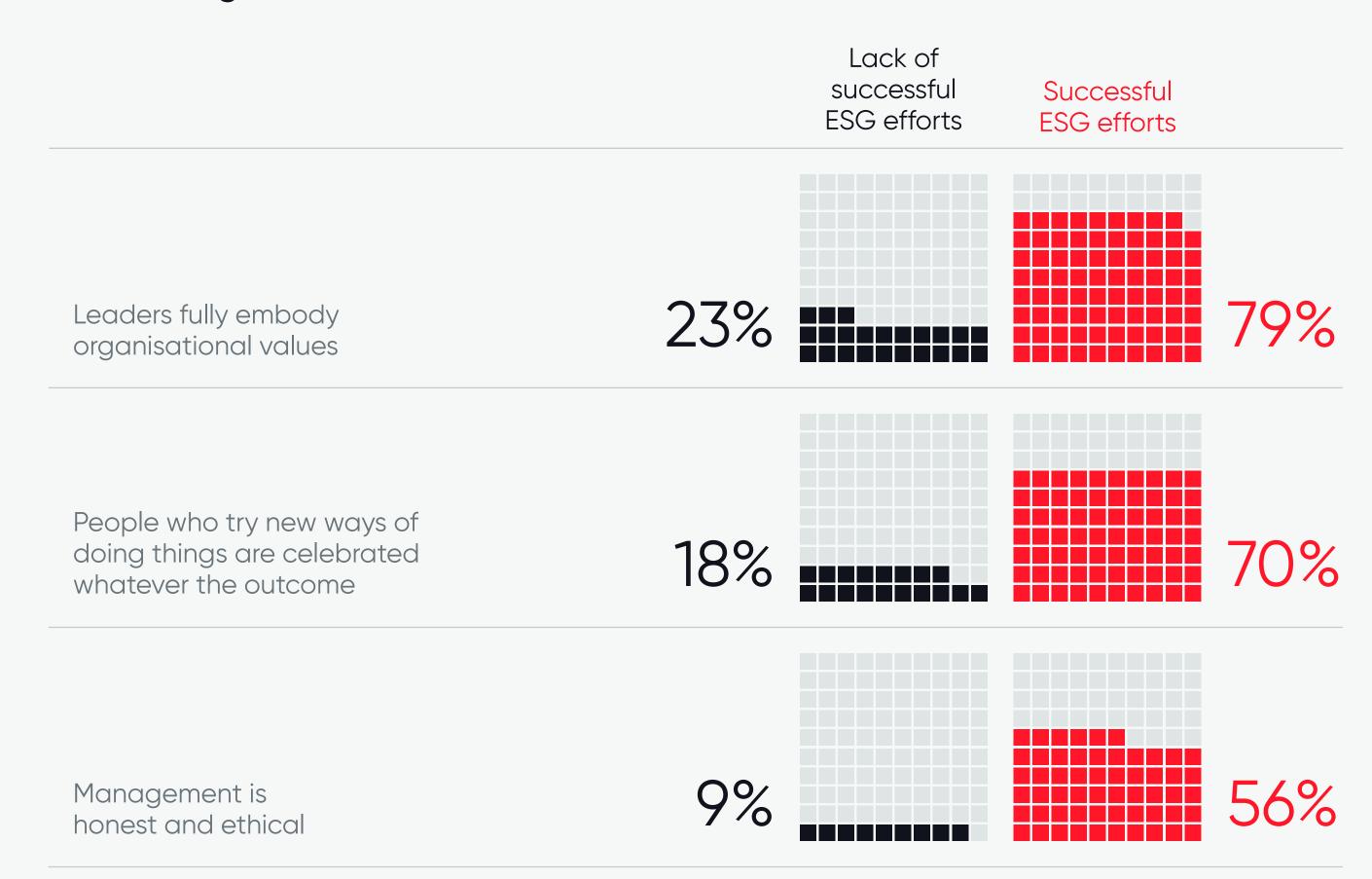
Using multiple regression, we have identified three drivers of ESG success: there is a huge difference in the scores between organisations with successful ESG efforts and those without.

EXPLAINER

Organisations with successful ESG efforts are those where employees agree with "My organisation's business decisions meaningfully improve the environment, society or human well-being".

Top drivers of ESG success

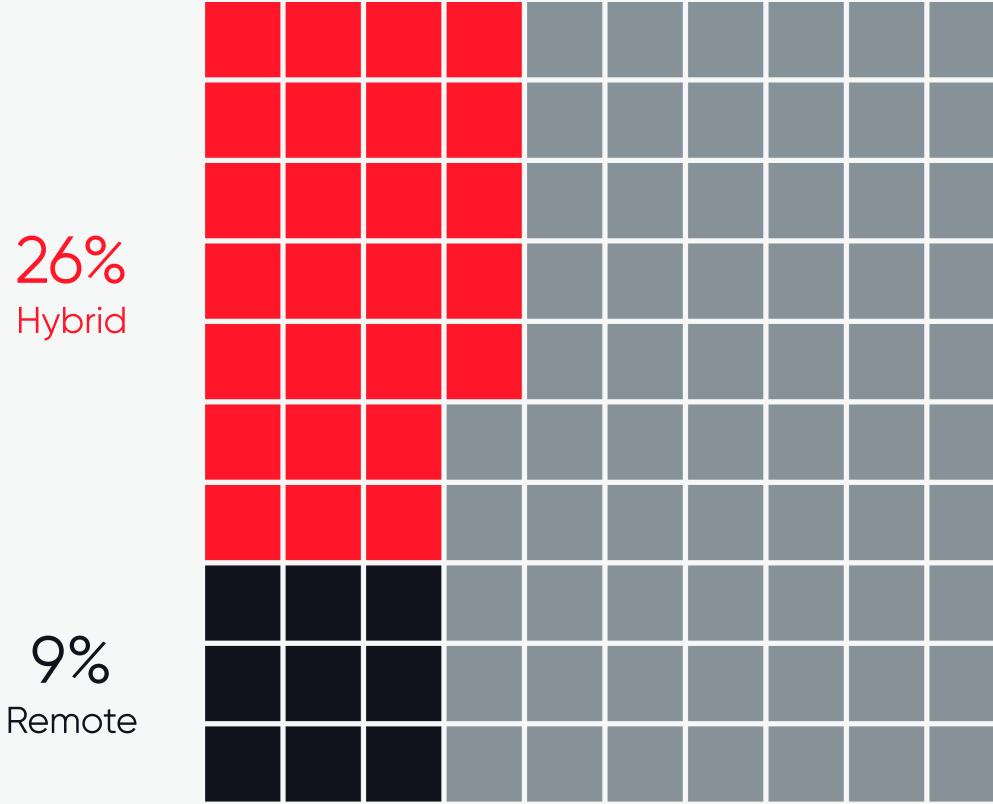
The difference in agreement with the drivers between those working in organisations with successful ESG efforts and those who don't



Hybrid work is becoming the norm for 1 in 4 European employees

The majority of employees still work onsite, but hybrid is gaining ground





65% Onsite

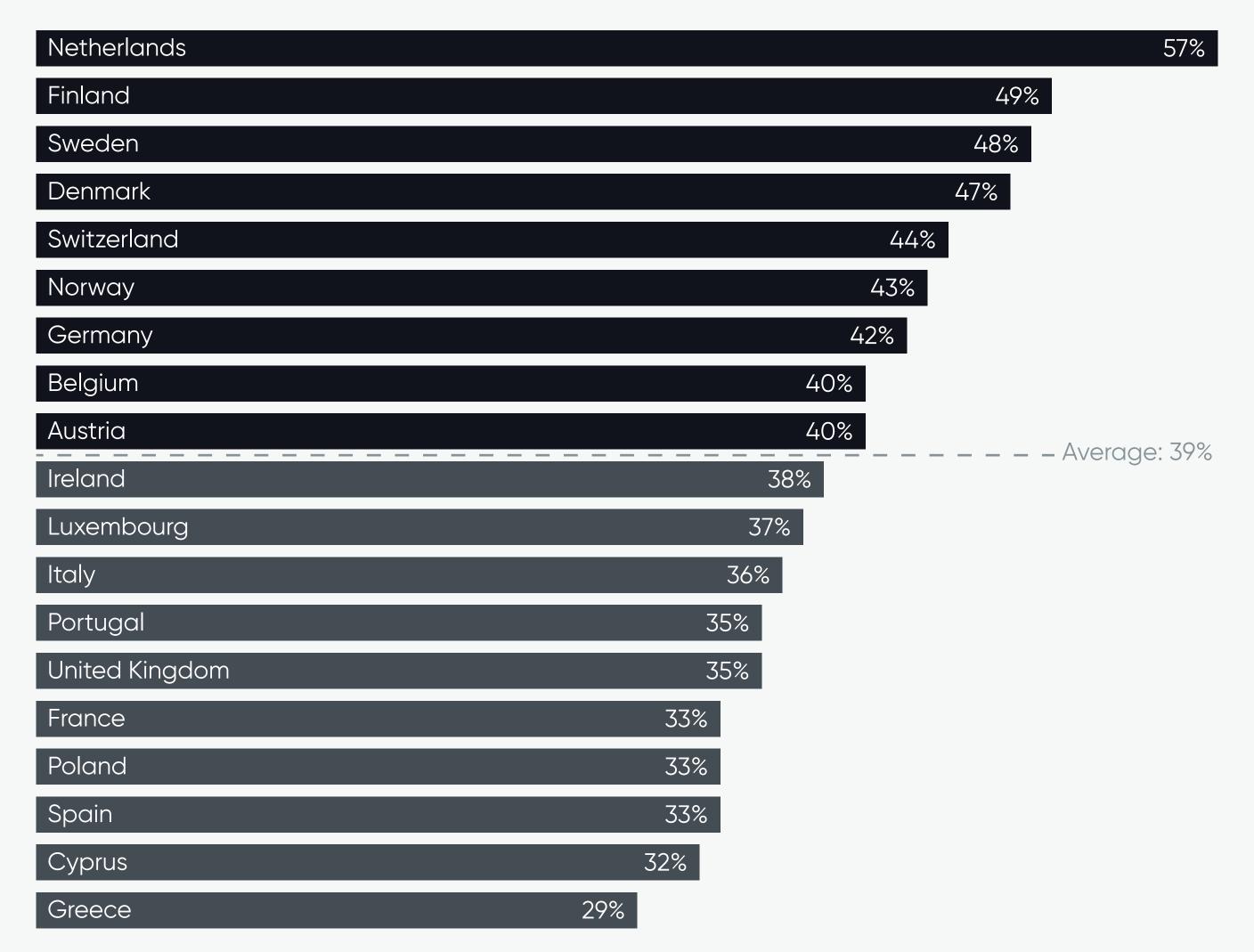
Workforce flexibility differs across Europe

The Netherlands and Scandinavia lead in offering employees work flexibility



The difference between the countries is in part, due to the types of industries prevalent in each country, but mostly due to the workplace culture of trust.

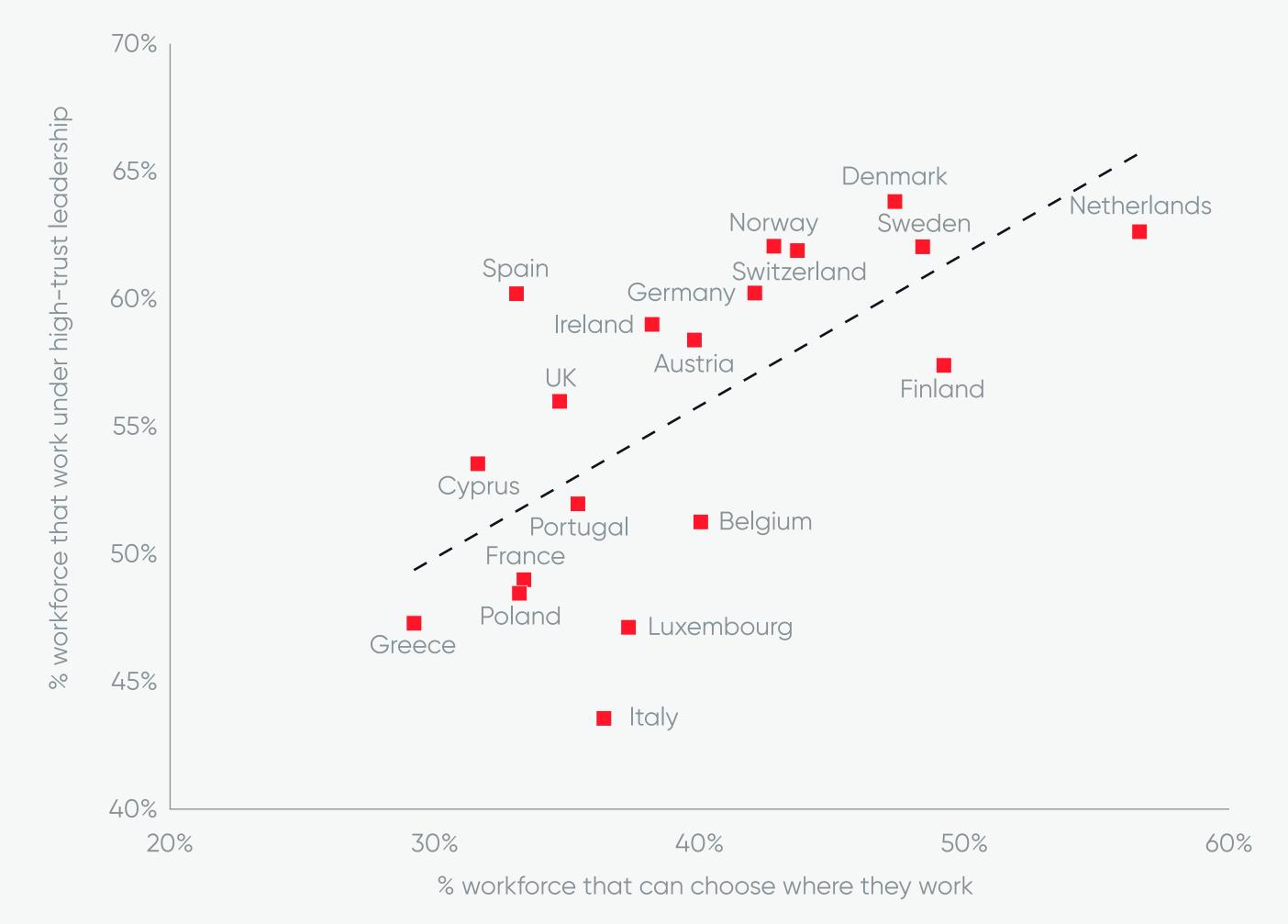
% employees that choose where they work



Successful workforce flexibility is a product of high-trust leadership

Employees in high-trust environments experience more flexibility at work

Workforce flexibility is linked to high-trust leadership



When employees decide, they prefer hybrid work

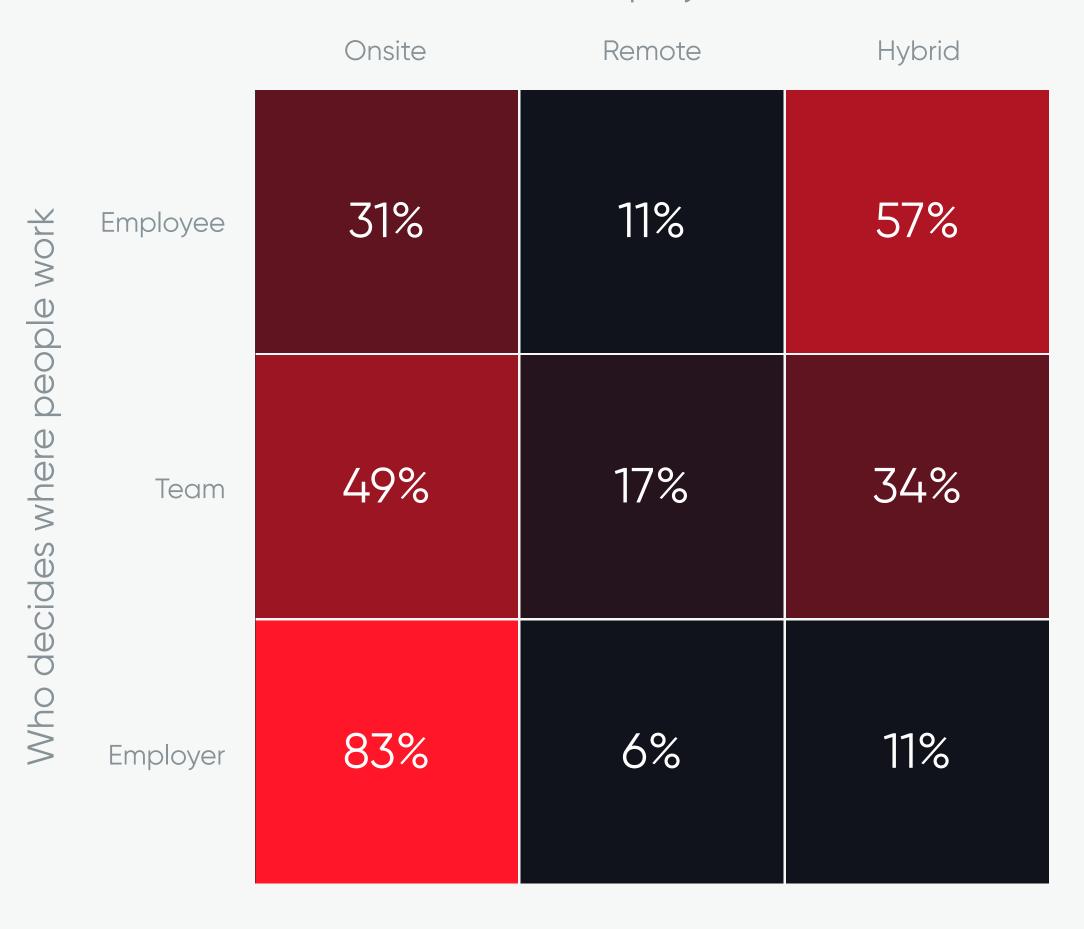
57% of employees choose hybrid work over fully onsite when given the option

■ INSIGHT

Employers are not in-sync with what's best for employees and organisational performance. When employers decide where employees should work, most of them (83%) choose onsite. When employees decide – they choose hybrid (57%).

Where employees work by who makes the decision

Where employees work



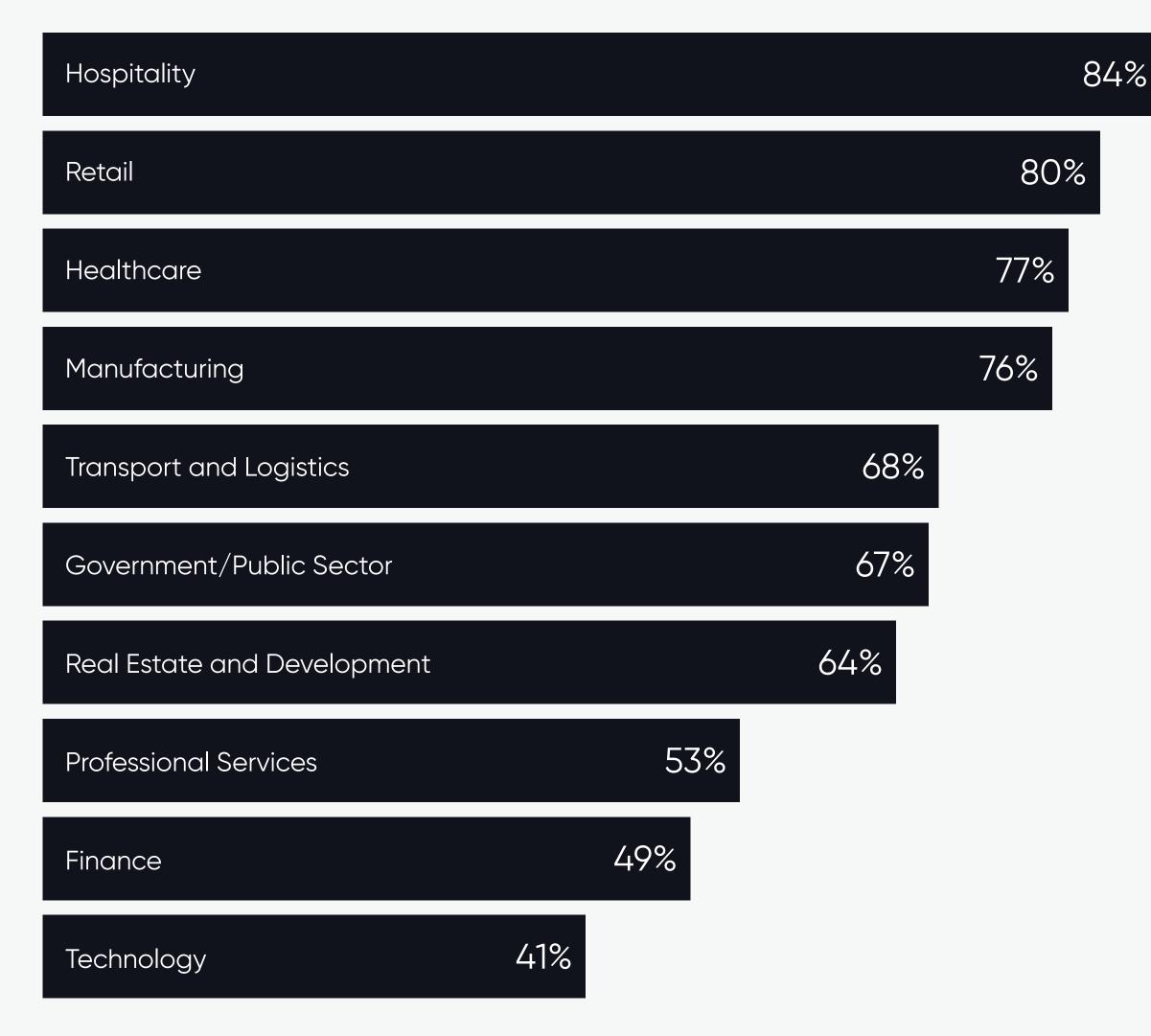
Some industries have no choice but to work onsite

Onsite work dominates industries like hospitality, retail, and healthcare, limiting flexibility



Employees in professional services, finance and tech have a choice.

% workforce work onsite by industry



HYBRID WORK

Hybrid workers are less likely to leave

Hybrid work arrangements improve employee retention

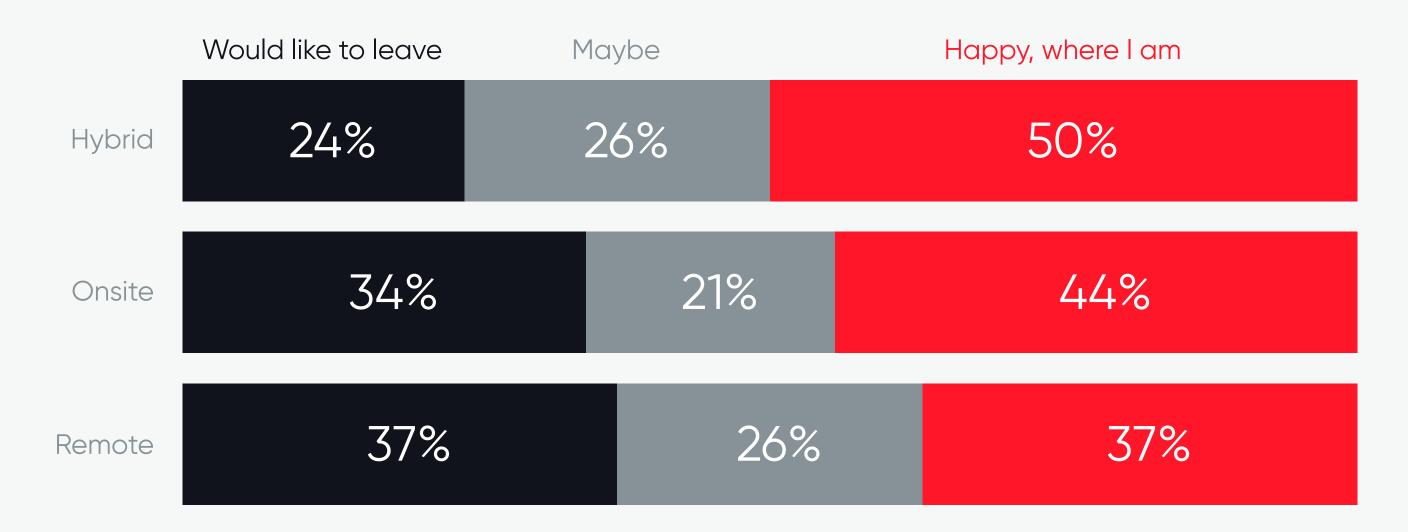
EXPLAINER

In many industries, such as retail, hospitality and manufacturing, employees can't choose where they work.

Therefore, for this analysis we have chosen industries, where people told us they had a choice. These are: tech, finance and professional services.

"Will you be looking for a new job this year?"

By mode of work in industries, where employees are relatively free to choose where to work: tech, finance and professional services



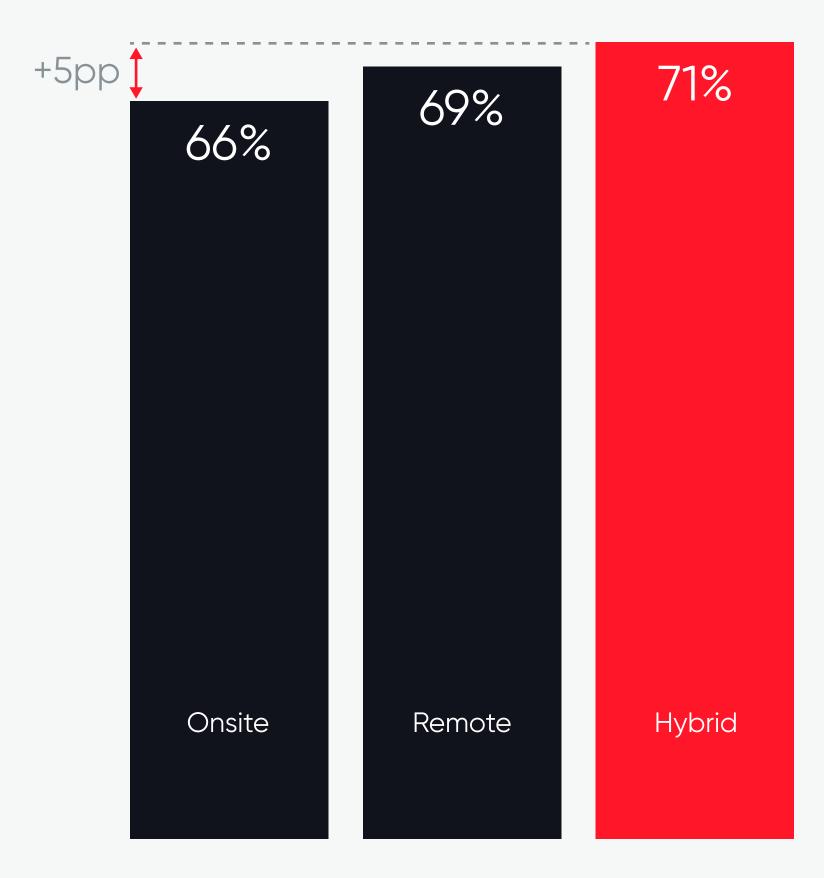
HYBRID WORK

Hybrid work leads to more innovation

Hybrid employees have more opportunities to innovate than onsite workers

% workforce who had opportunities to develop new things and do things better

By mode of work in industries, where employees are relatively free to choose where to work: tech, finance and professional services



HYBRID WORK

Hybrid work leads to better business outcomes

Employee satisfaction is higher in hybrid environments compared to fully onsite

On average, employee satisfaction is 8 percentage points higher when they work in a hybrid way vs. fully onsite.

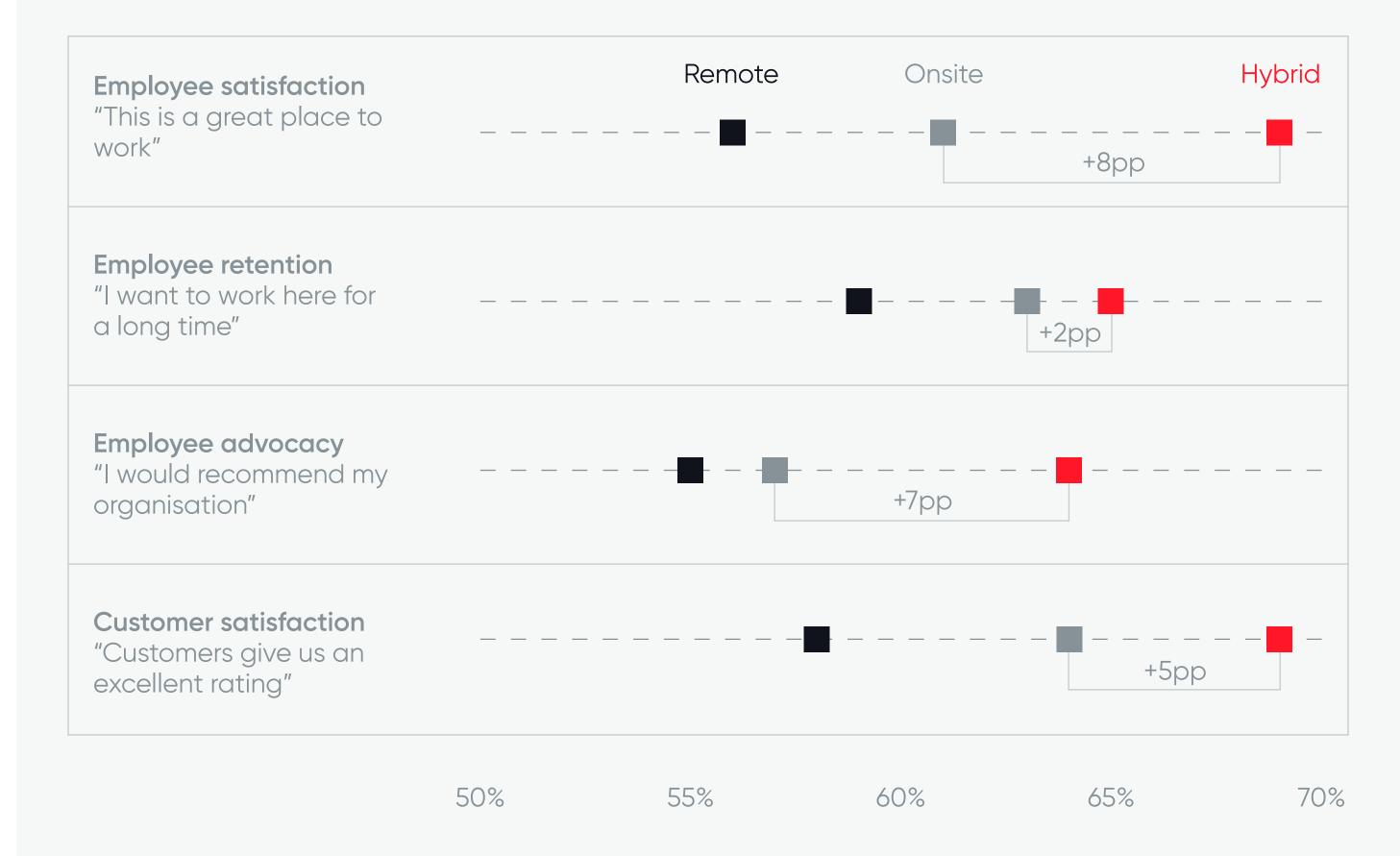
EXPLAINER

In many industries, such as retail, hospitality and manufacturing, employees can't choose where they work.

Therefore, for this analysis we have chosen industries, where people told us they had a choice. These are: tech, finance and professional services.

Business outcomes by mode of work

in industries, where employees are relatively free to choose where to work: tech, finance and professional services



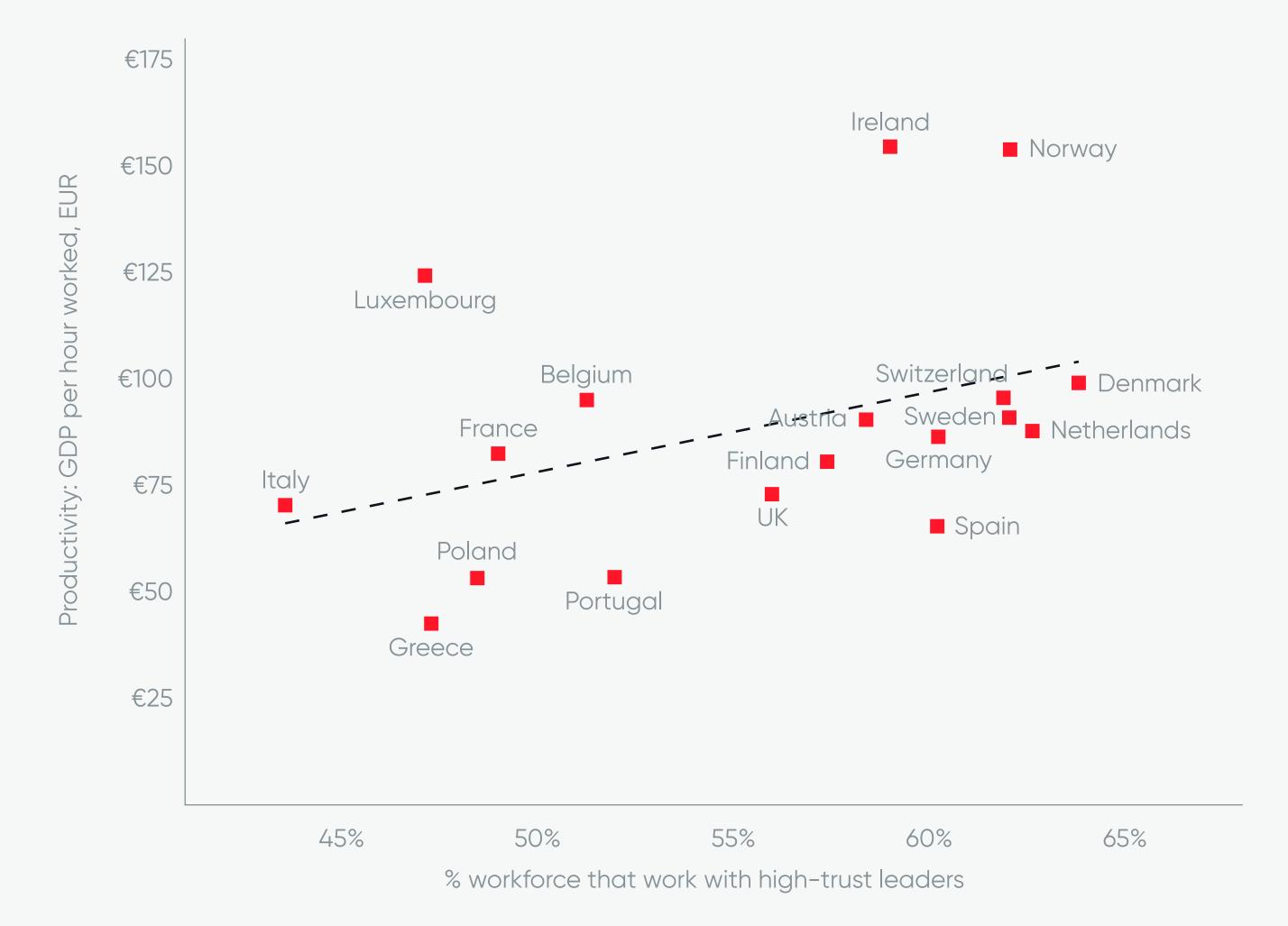
CHAPTER 04

Effective leadership is built on trust, proximity skills and psychological safety

High-trust leadership: the benchmark of leadership effectiveness

Trust-based leadership drives superior workforce engagement and business outcomes

Labour productivity, expressed as GDP per hour worked vs. average % agree with high-trust leadership statements



¹ Source: OECD

Europe's leaders fall short in proximity leadership skills

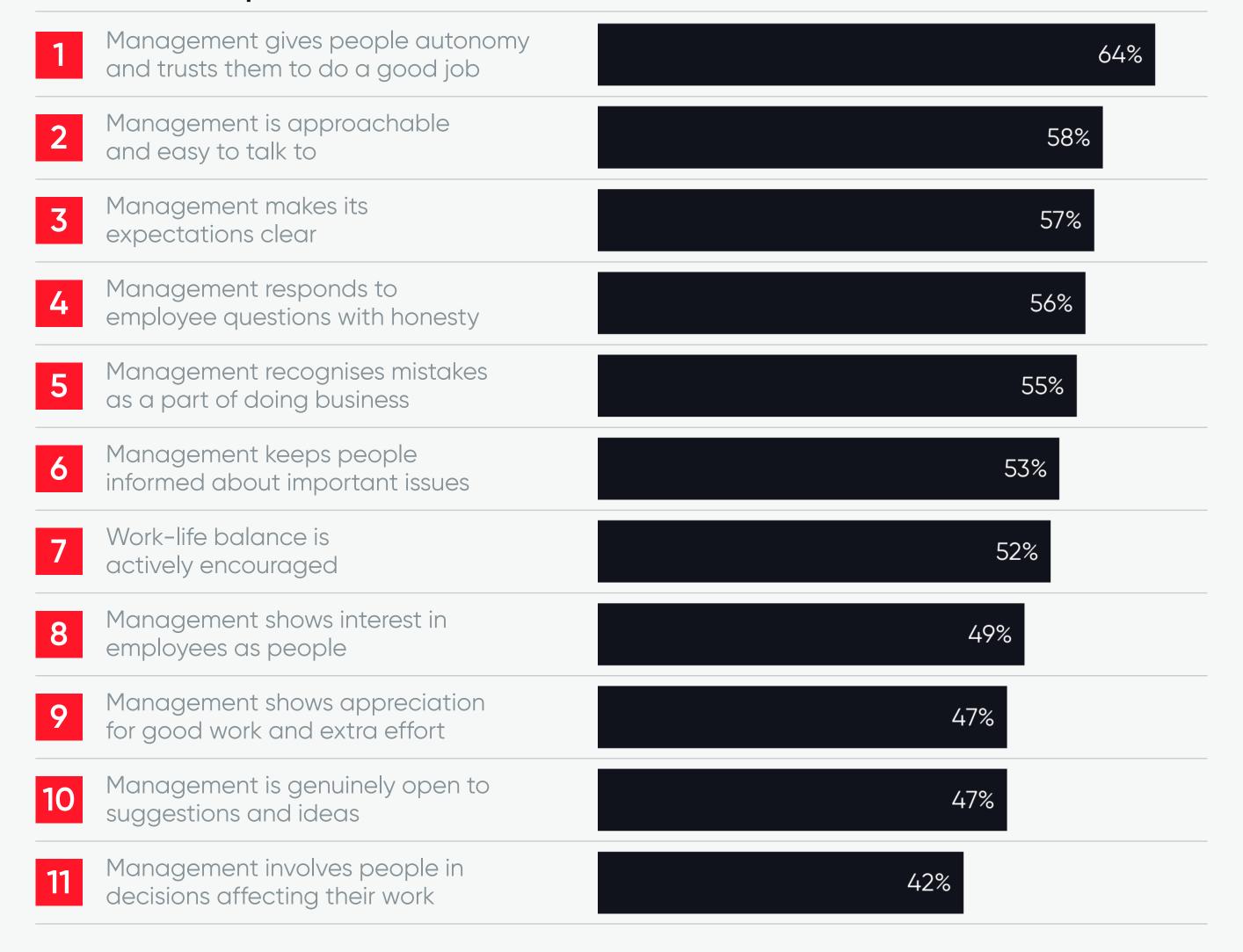
Fewer than 1 in 2 leaders involve their people in decision-making or welcome ideas and suggestions

EXPLAINER

Proximity leadership is a fundamental skill. When leaders develop the ability to get proximate, they leverage empathy, curiosity and authenticity and integrate them into their leadership skill set.

We have identified 11 statements to measure proximity leadership skills.

% agree with proximity leadership skills statements



Proximity leadership skills vary widely across Europe

Leaders in Northern Europe outperform their Southern counterparts in engaging with employees

METHODOLOGY

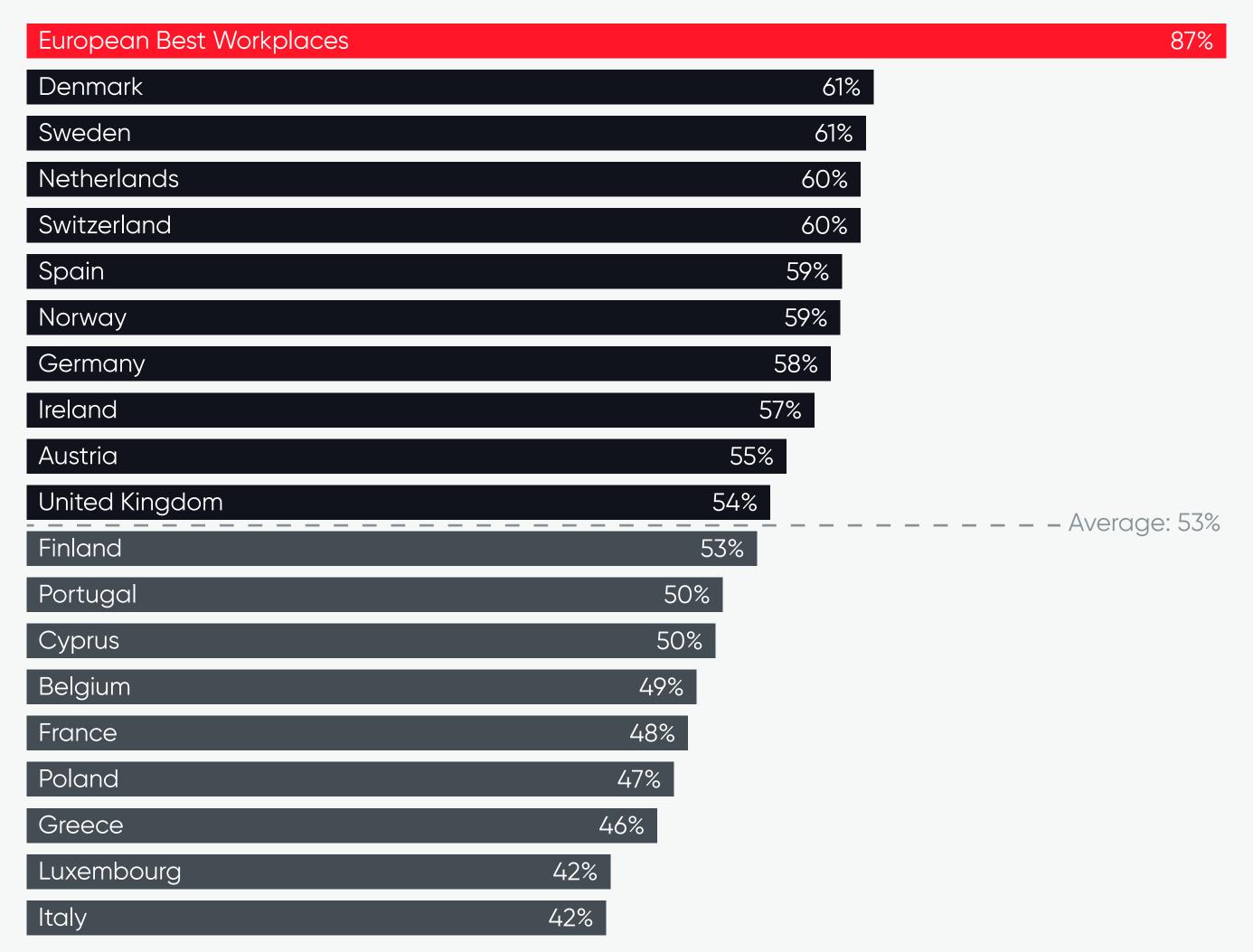
We calculated the average percentage agreement with the 11 statements that define proximity leadership skills for each country and European Best Workplaces.

Denmark, Sweden, the Netherlands and Switzerland lead on proximity skills, outperforming bottom-ranking Luxembourg and Italy by almost 20pp.

EXPLAINER

"European Best Workplaces" is a blended benchmark combining data from 2024's Fortune's 100 Best Companies To Work For™ in Europe List makers (organisations with 500+ employees) and the 100 Best Small & Medium Workplaces in Europe™ List makers (50–499 employees).

Average % of the workforce that agrees with leadership proximity statements



Top organisations excel by minimizing the leadership proximity gap

When leaders and employees perceive leadership the same way, overall performance is higher

METHODOLOGY

We calculated the average percentage agreement with the 11 statements that define proximity leadership skills.

Senior leaders vastly overestimate their proximity leadership skills. The gap in European Best Workplaces is much narrower: half of what it is in all organisations.

EXPLAINER

European Best Workplaces – Demographic View is a sub-category of European Best Workplaces benchmark, that includes seniority level data and is the aggregate of six¹ National Best Workplaces Lists most representative of the European landscape and range of company sizes.

Average % agree with leadership proximity statements



¹ The six countries included are: Norway, Netherlands, Germany, UK, France and Italy.

Leaders overestimate their proximity skills in many countries

European powerhouses France, Germany, UK and Italy have the largest proximity gaps, affecting workplace culture

EXPLAINER

Proximity gap is a ratio of the average perception of proximity leadership skills among senior leaders to the average perception among employees. It's calculated by dividing the average percentage agreement to the 11 proximity leadership statements among senior leaders by the average percentage agreement among the employees. The lower the ratio, the smaller the proximity gap.

■ INSIGHT

Belgium has the smallest proximity gap of 1.1, meaning that leaders rate their proximity skills only slightly above the employees and are intouch with them. Belgium has a strong tradition of workplace dialogue, and even when there are problems, these problems are recognised and experienced at all levels.

Ratio of the perception of leadership proximity, senior leaders to all employees

The lower the ratio the smaller the proximity gap



Closing the proximity gap leads to better business outcomes

Organisations with smaller gaps between leaders and employees achieve stronger outcomes

■ INSIGHT

Countries with below the average proximity gaps have a 9 percentage point uptick in employee satisfaction.

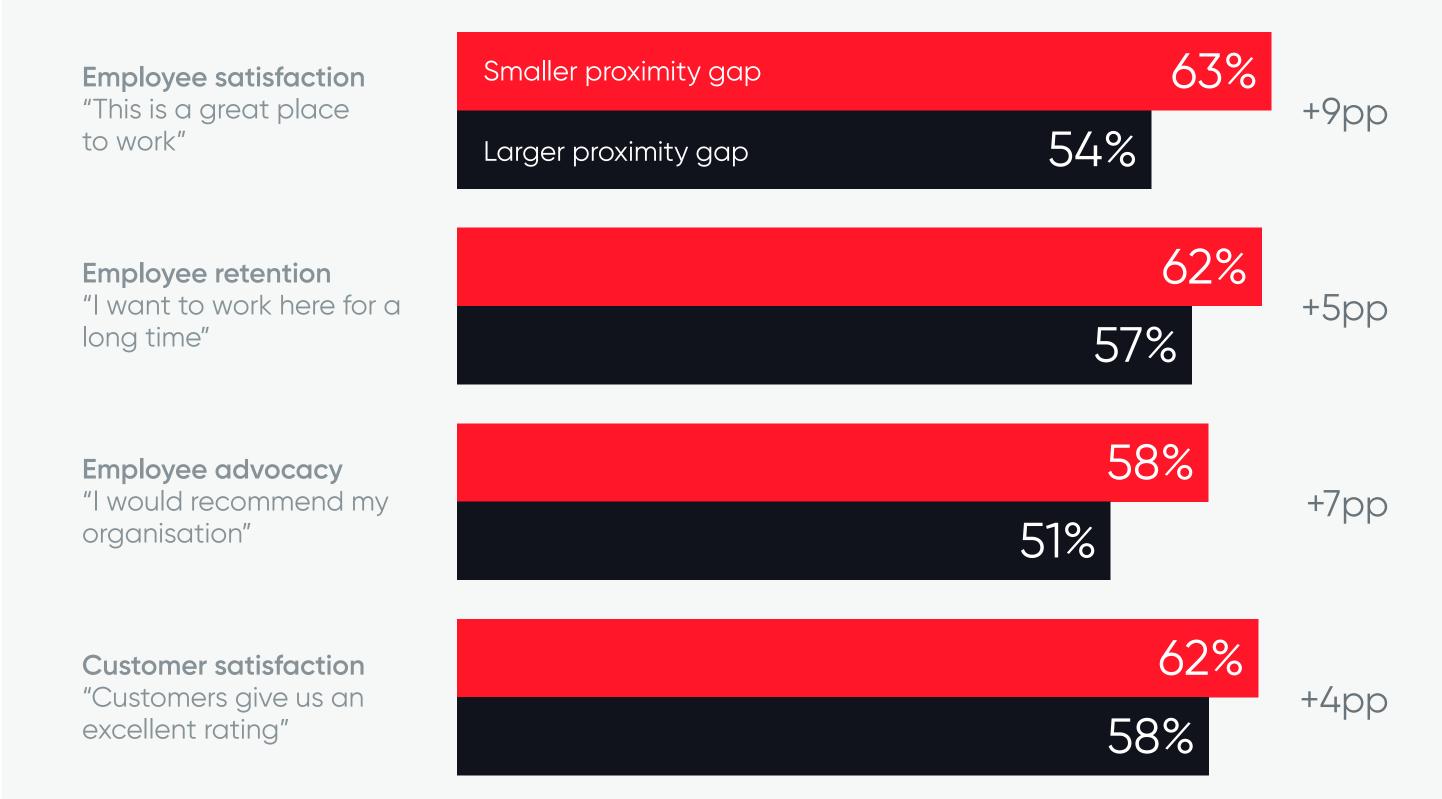
Because we compare all countries with below the average proximity gap vs all countries with above the average gap, the differences are smaller than if we only compared the countries at each extreme.

EXPLAINER

Proximity gap is a ratio of the average perception of proximity leadership skills among senior leaders to the average perception among employees. The chart shows the average difference between the 11 countries with smaller proximity gaps and 9 countries with larger proximity gaps.

Comparison between countries with a smaller and a larger gap between the perceptions of employees and senior leaders

% employees who agree to the statements below

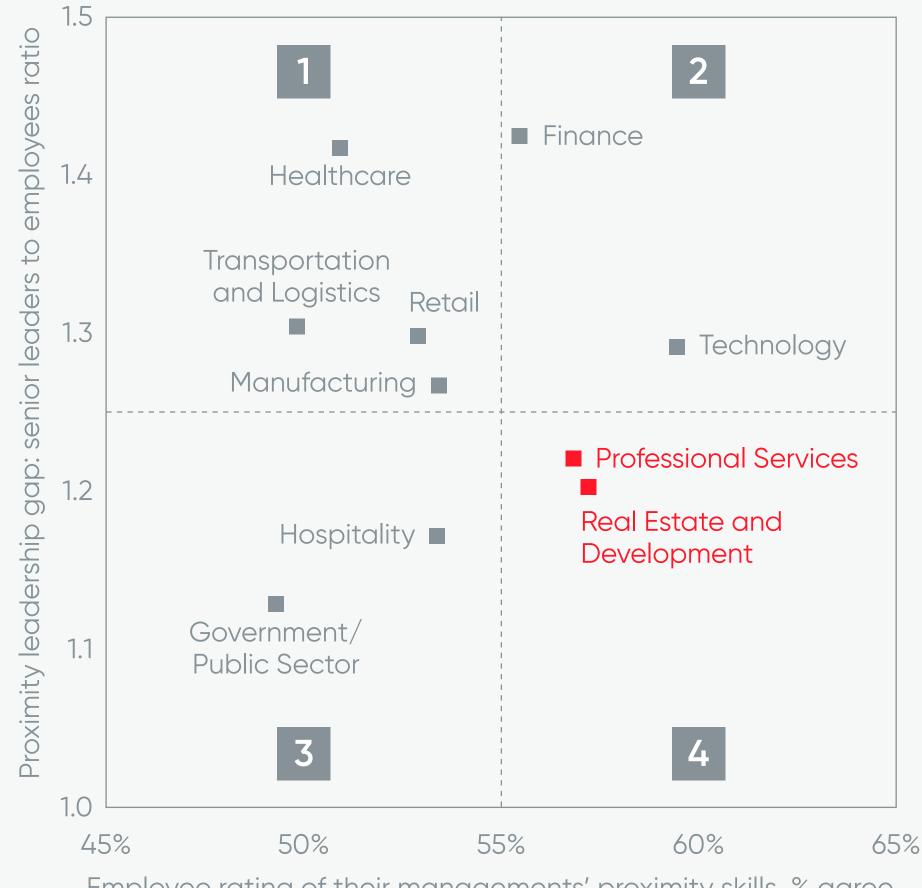


Leaders in most industries are not in sync with their employees

Only the leaders in the professional services and real estate are in-sync with their employees.

- Employee rating of their managements' proximity skills is low but leaders don't see the problem
- Employees rate their managements' proximity skills highly but leaders overestimate themselves
- Employee rating of their managements' proximity skills is low but leaders are aware of the problems
- Employees rate their managements' proximity skills highly and leaders are in-sync with the staff

Employee rating of their managements' proximity skills against the proximity gap by industry



Northern Europe leads in psychological safety at work

Norway, Denmark, and the Netherlands offer the most psychologically safe work environments in Europe

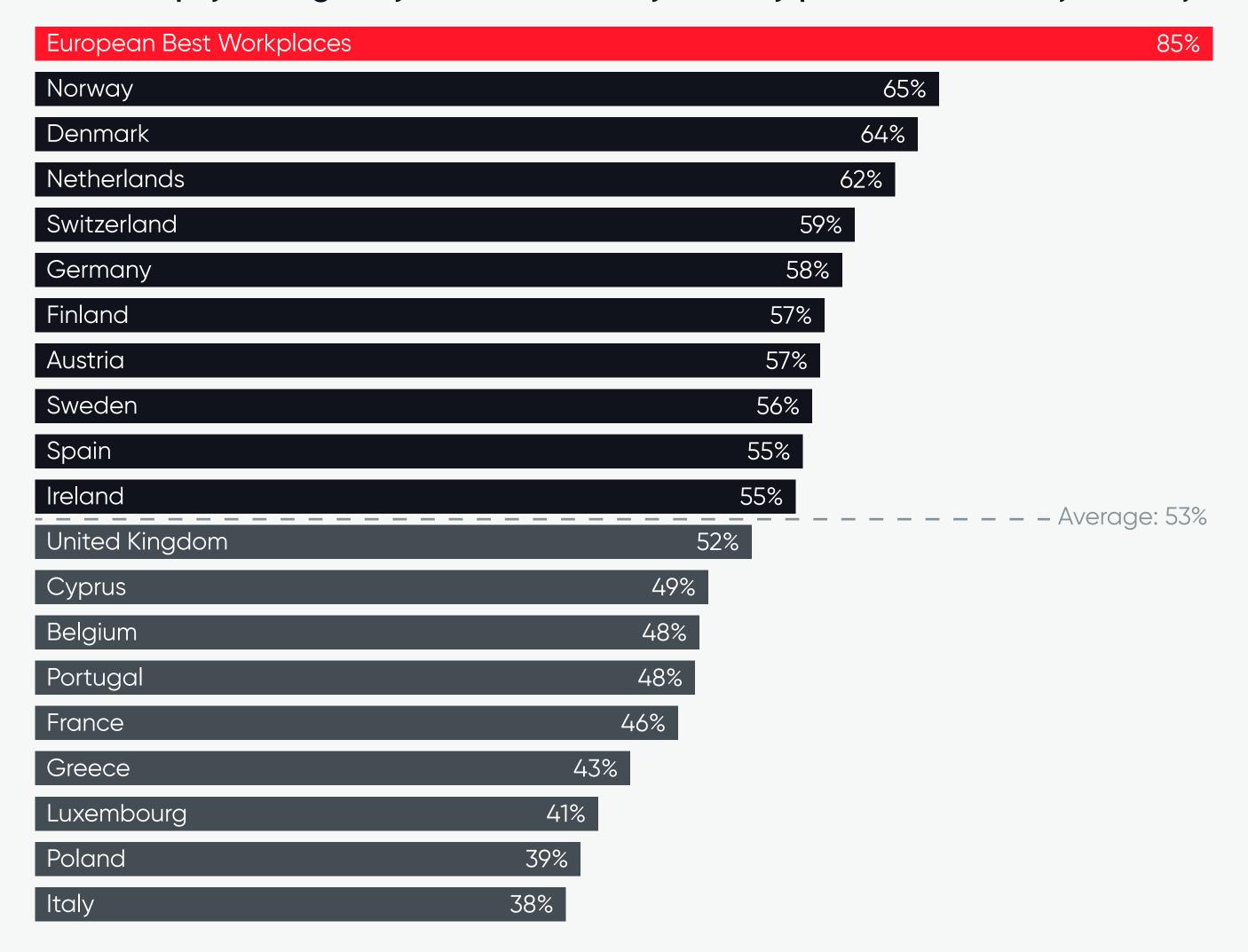
Top ranked countries on psychological safety outperform bottom-ranking countries Greece, Luxembourg, Poland and Italy by 20 percentage points or more.

EXPLAINER

"European Best Workplaces" is a blended benchmark combining data from 2024's Fortune's 100 Best Companies To Work For™ in Europe List makers (organisations with 500+ employees) and the 100 Best Small & Medium Workplaces in Europe™ List makers (50–499 employees).

% agree:

"This is a psychologically and emotionally healthy place to work", by country

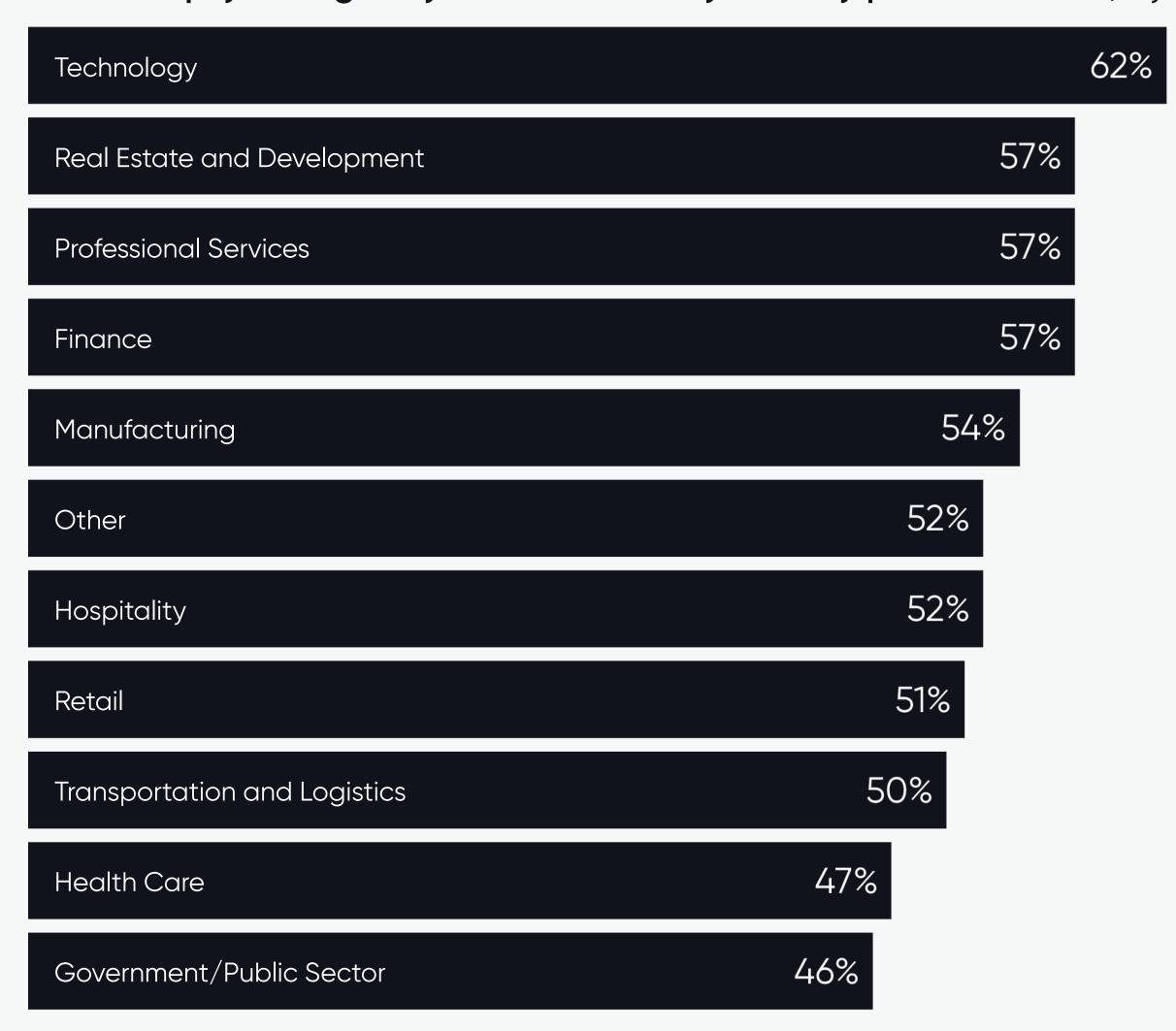


Tech sector leads in psychological safety, but there's room for improvement

Healthcare and government sectors lag in providing psychologically safe environments

% agree:

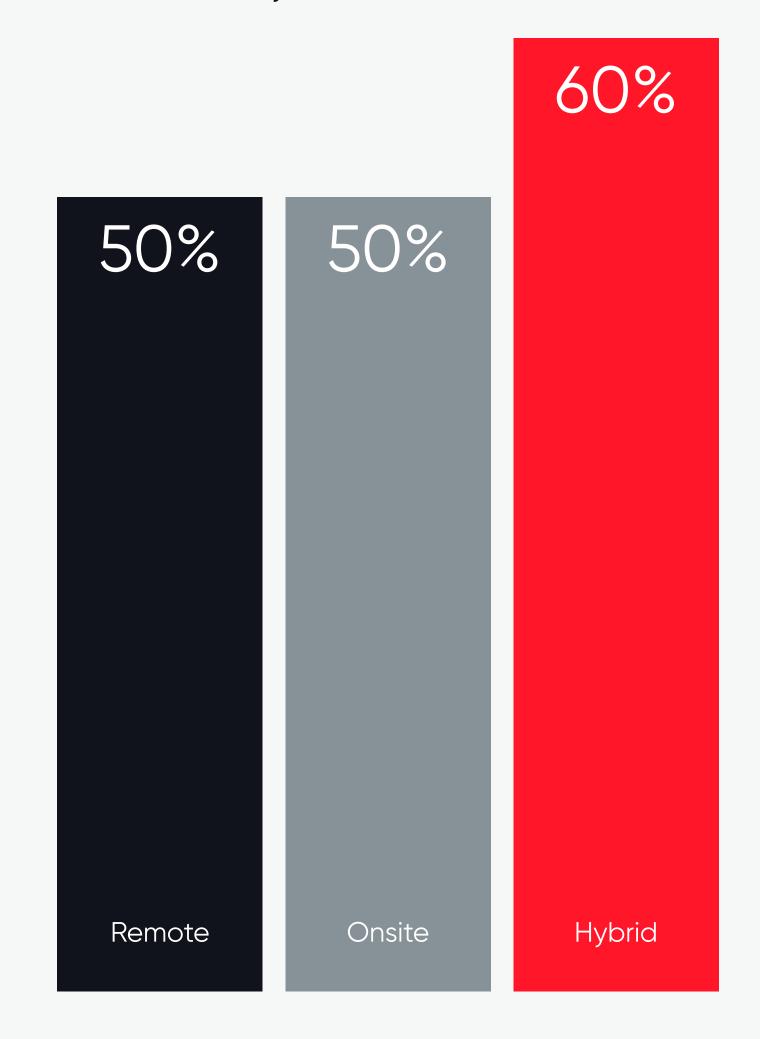
"This is a psychologically and emotionally healthy place to work", by industry



Hybrid workers feel more psychologically safe than fully onsite employees

Hybrid work arrangements create a greater sense of emotional security

% agree: **"This is a psychologically and emotionally healthy place to work"**By mode of work



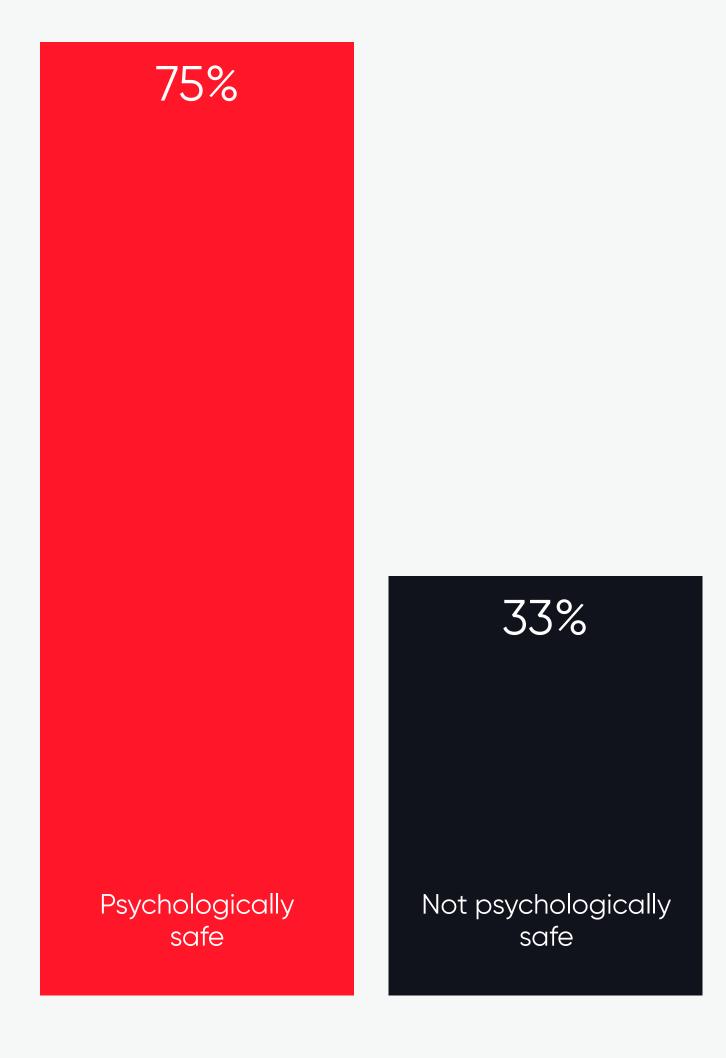
Psychological safety fosters change and innovation

Psychologically safe employees are more likely to develop new ideas

EXPLAINER

Psychologically safe workplaces are those where employees agree with the statement 'This is a psychologically and emotionally healthy place to work'. Where employees disagree are not psychologically safe.

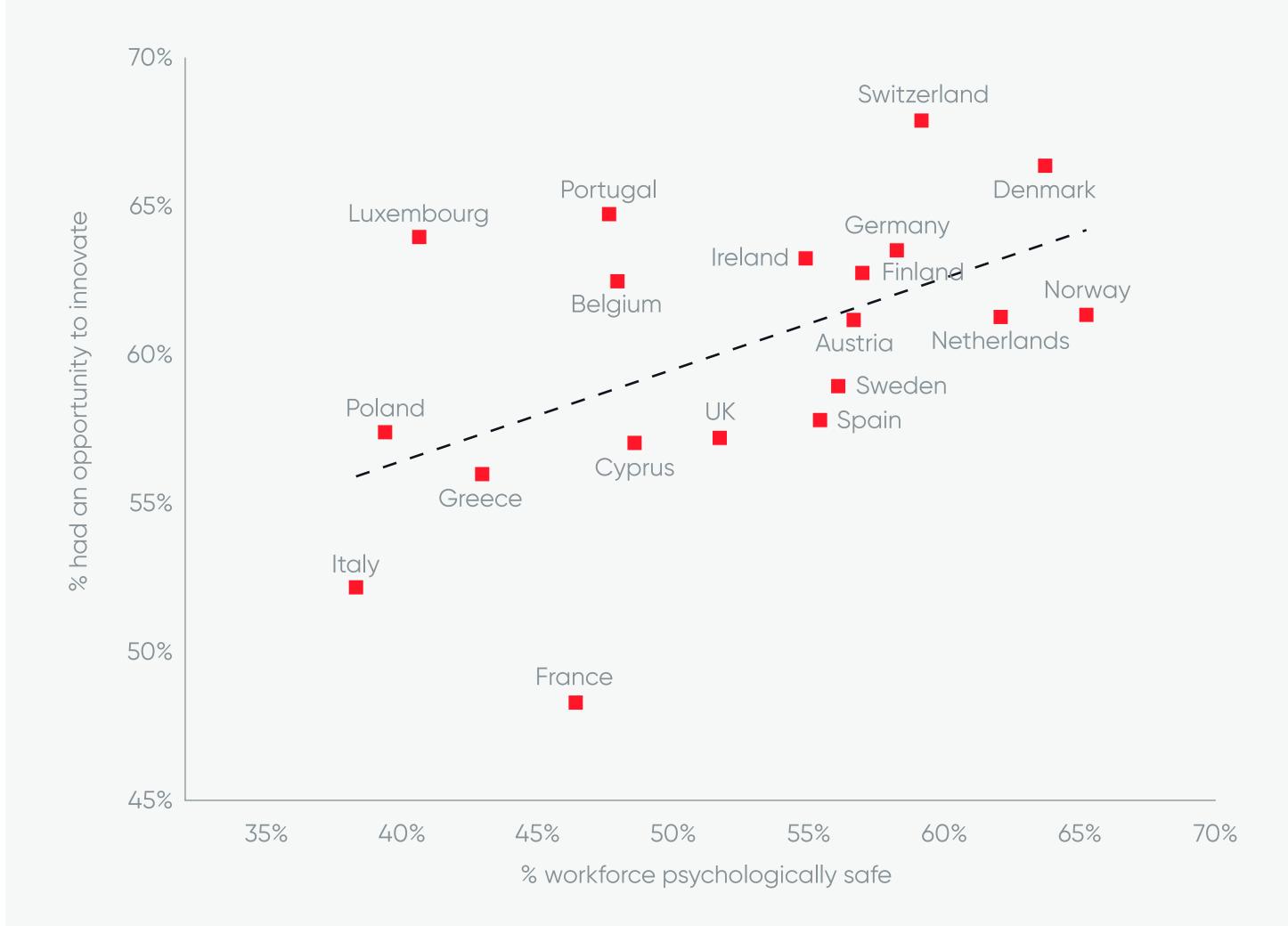
% workforce who had opportunities to develop new things and do things better



Wide differences in psychological safety and innovation across Europe

Northern Europe leads, while Southern Europe, particularly France and Italy, lags behind

Link between psychological safety and innovation



Psychological safety leads to better business outcomes

Customer satisfaction more than doubles in organisations where employees feel psychologically safe

■ INSIGHT

Psychological safety greatly impacts employee retention. More than 8 in 10 employees in psychologically safe organisations want to continue working there.

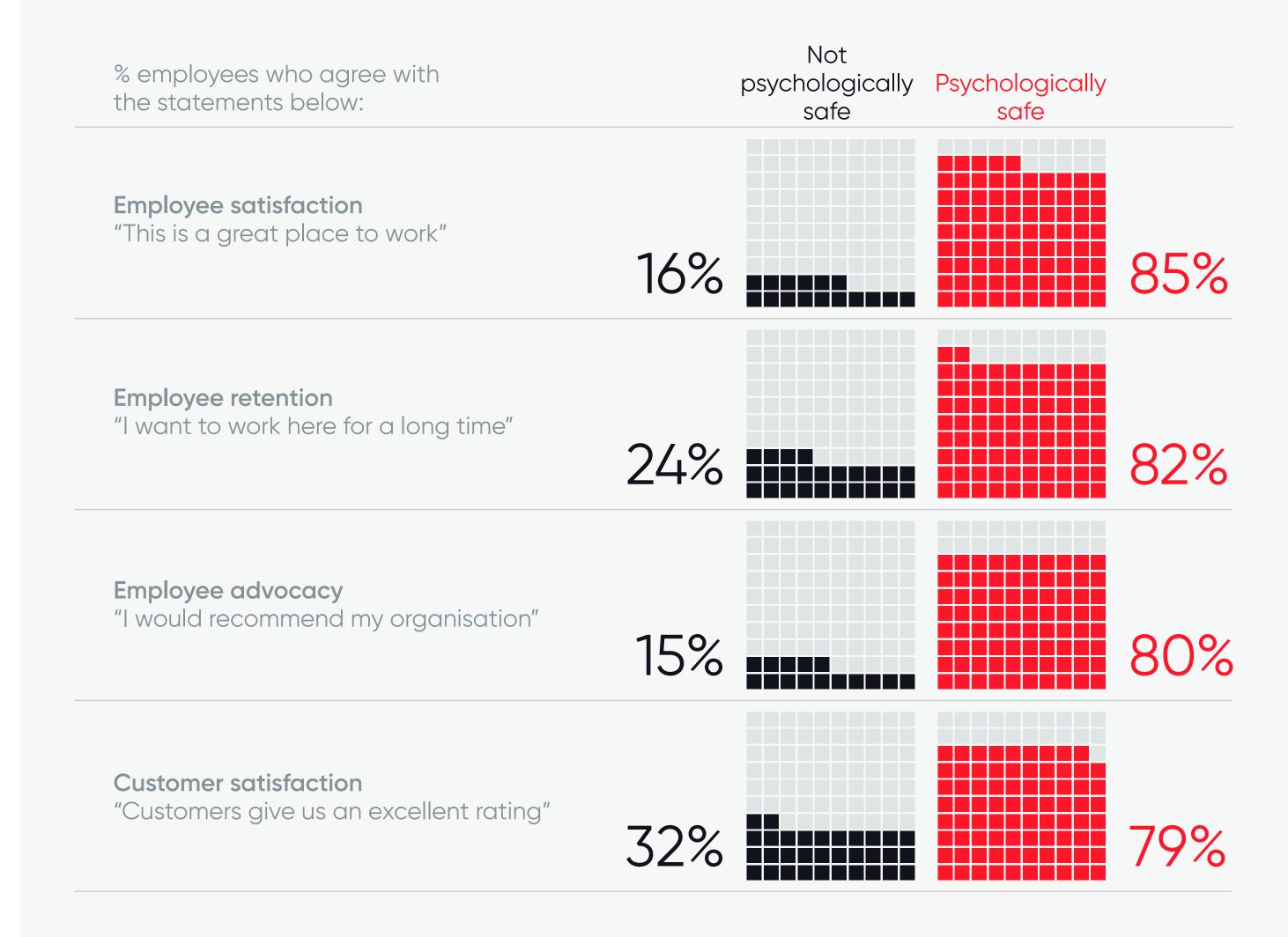
EXPLAINER

Psychological safety is a state which organisations achieve. Trust and proximity skills are the means of achieving it.

METHODOLOGY

Psychologically safe workplaces are those where employees agree with the statement "This is a psychologically and emotionally healthy place to work". Where employees disagree are not psychologically safe.

Comparison between those who feel psychologically safe and those who don't feel psychologically safe

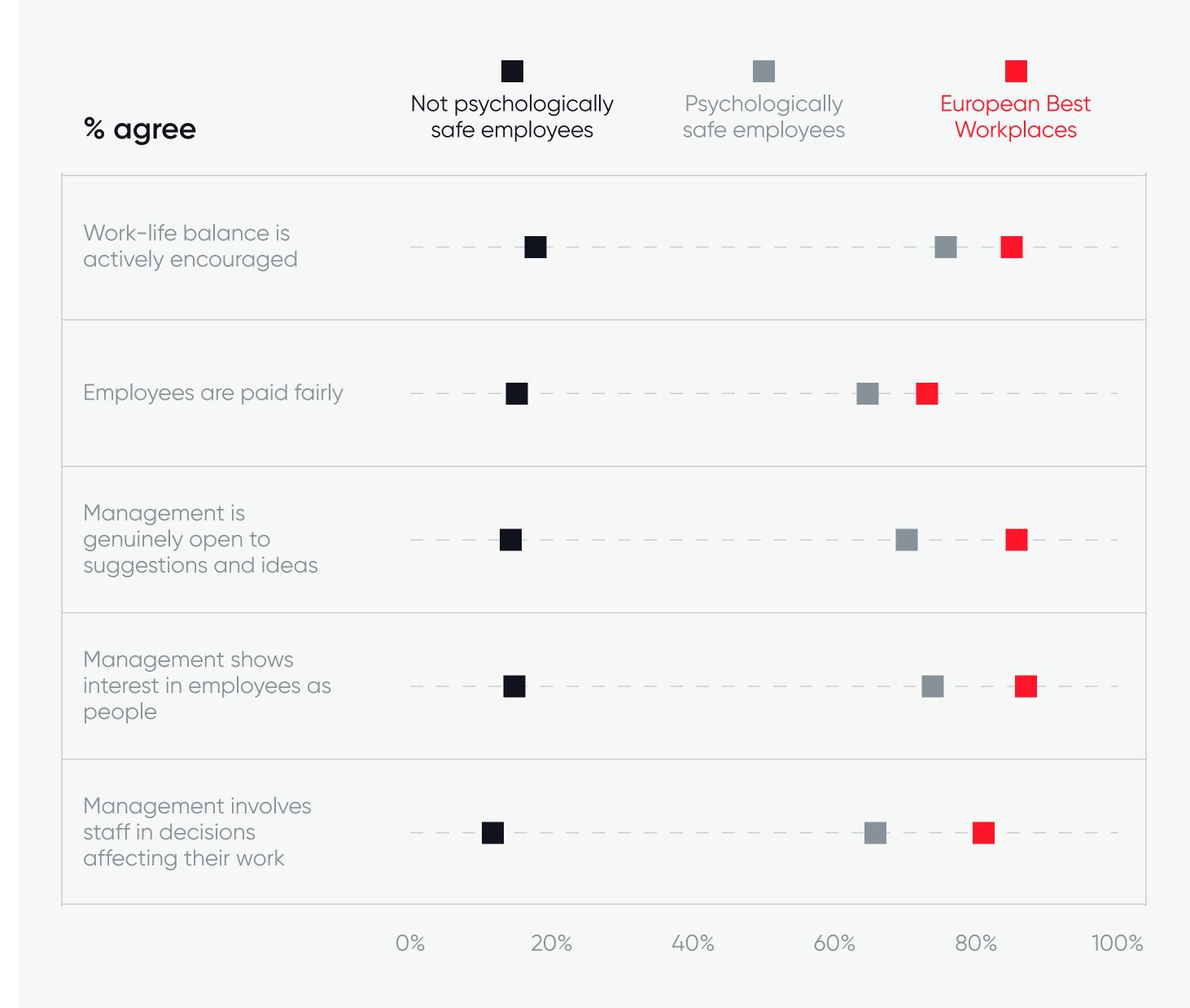


High-trust leadership and proximity skills are essential for achieving psychological safety

Leaders who embody trust and empower employees are better at fostering psychologically safe workplaces

EXPLAINER

"European Best Workplaces" is a blended benchmark combining data from 2024's Fortune's 100 Best Companies To Work For™ in Europe List makers (organisations with 500+ employees) and the 100 Best Small & Medium Workplaces in Europe™ List makers (50–499 employees).

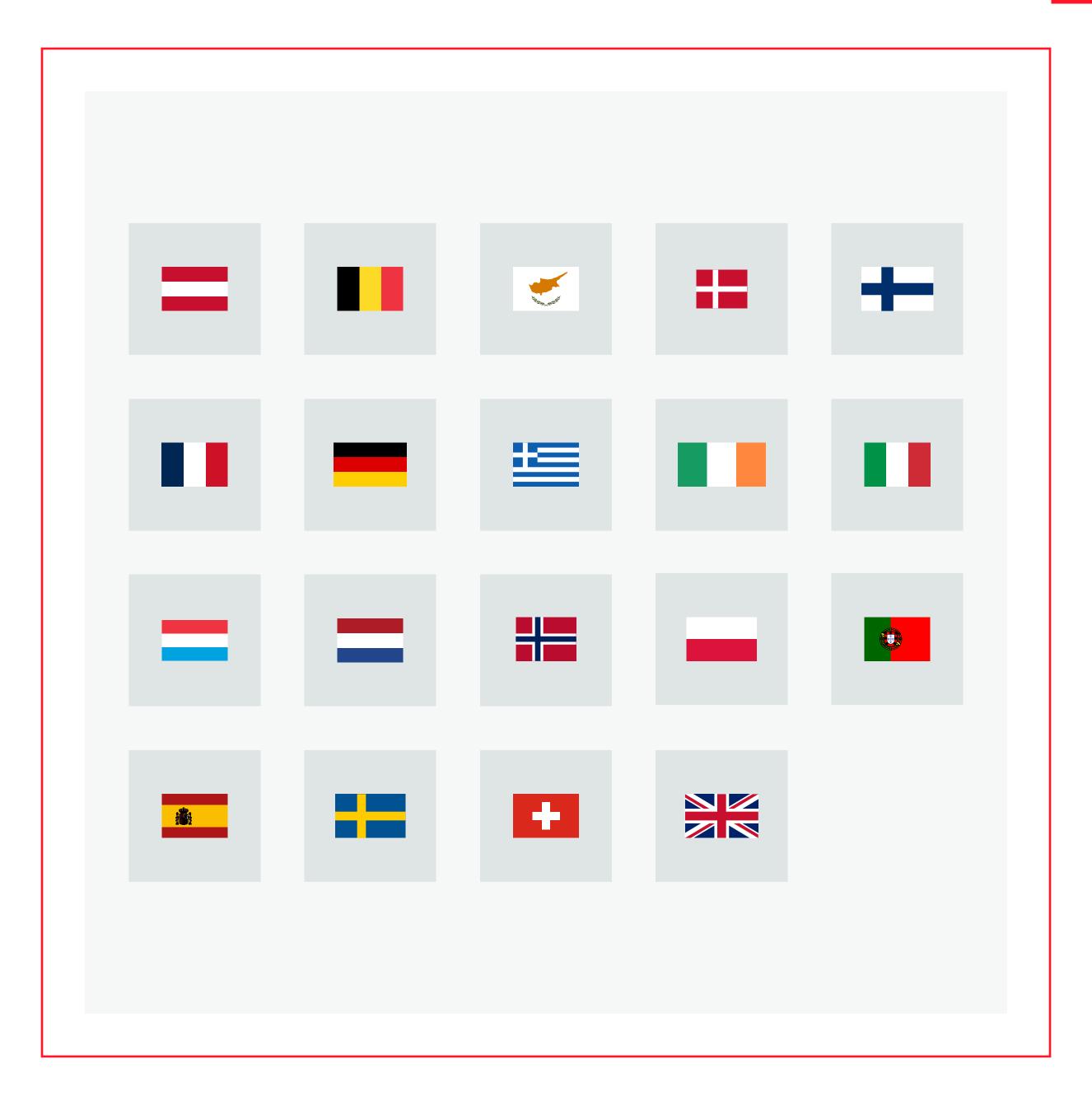




European Workforce Study 2025

APPENDIX 01

Country indicators

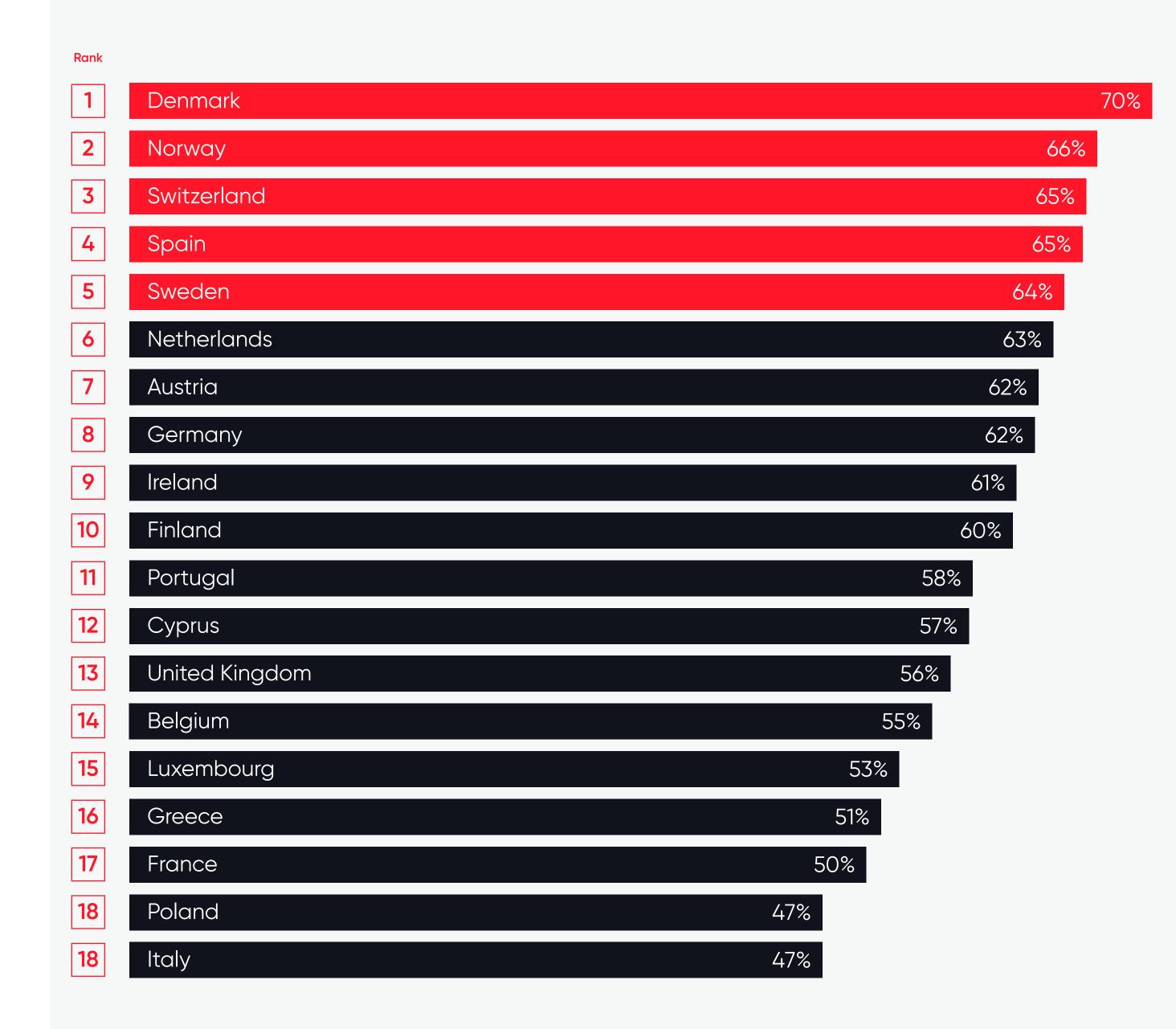


Country rankings on business outcomes

Based on the average %

METHODOLOGY

The ranking is based on the average % scores for employee satisfaction, employee retention, employee advocacy and customer satisfaction.

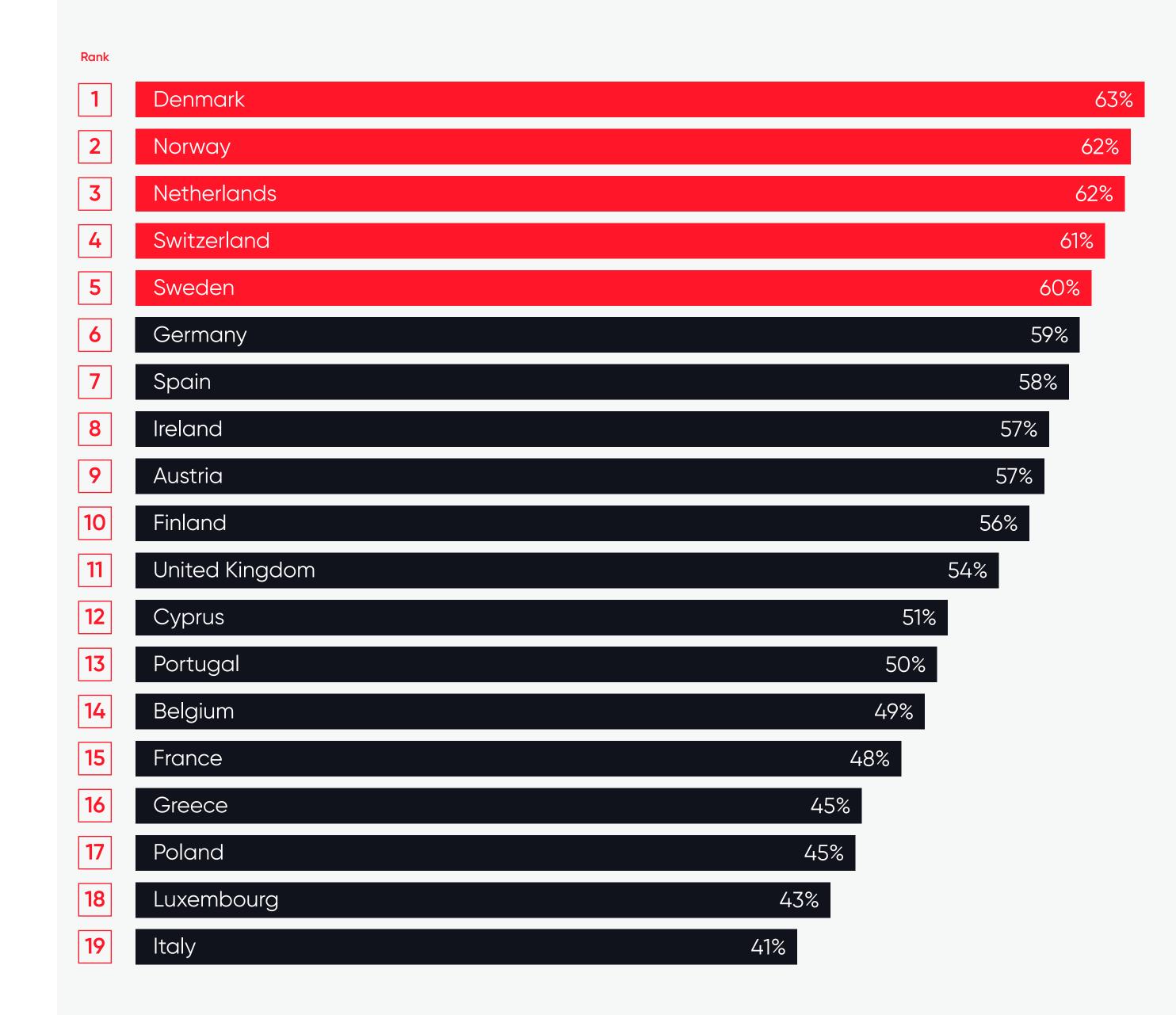


Country rankings on leadership skills

Based on the average %

METHODOLOGY

The ranking is based on the average % scores for high-trust leadership, proximity leadership skills and psychological safety.

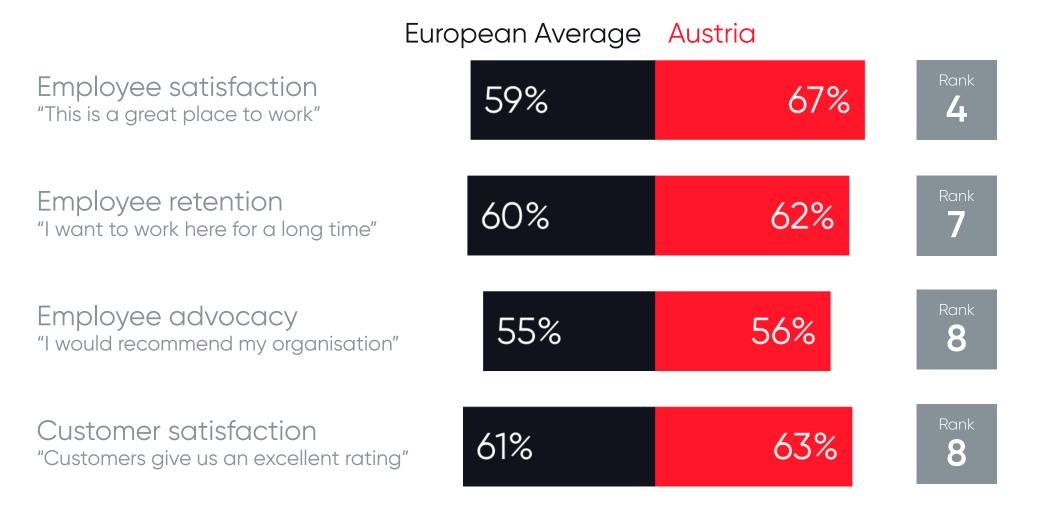


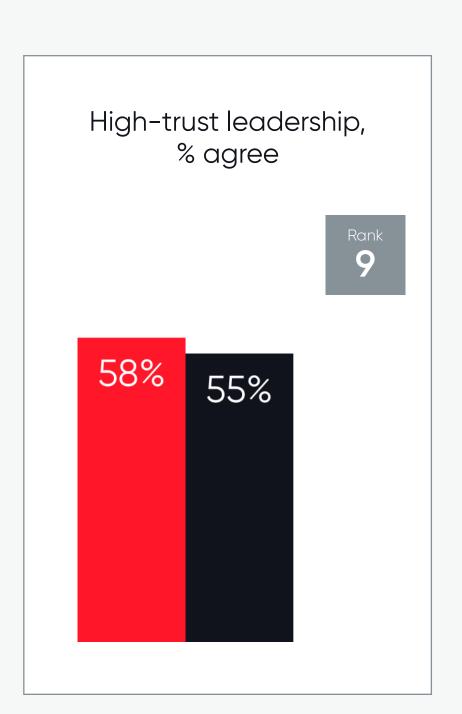
Austria

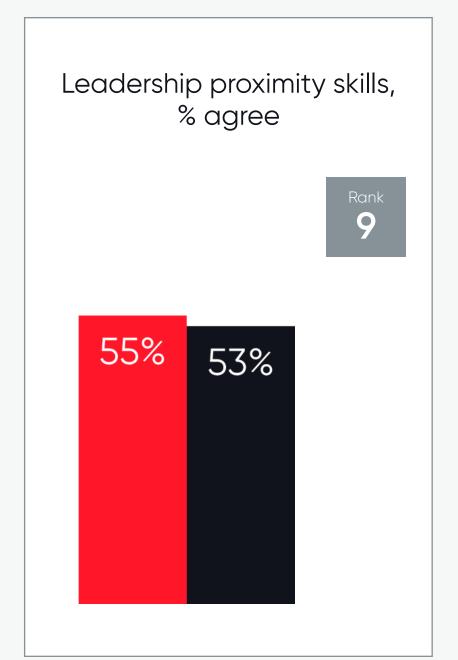


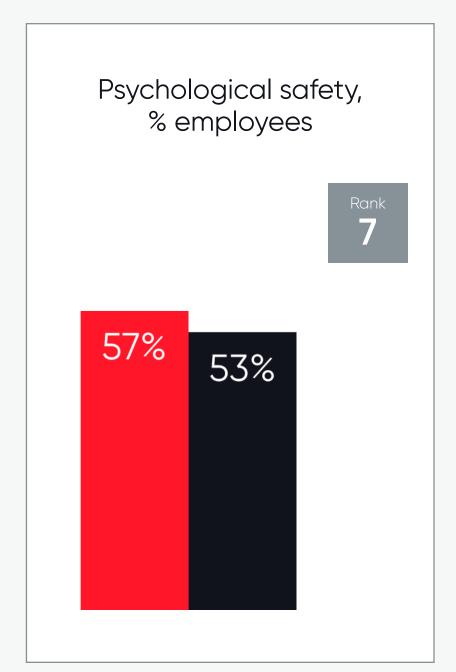
AustriaEuropean Average

Business outcomes

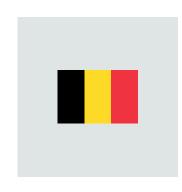




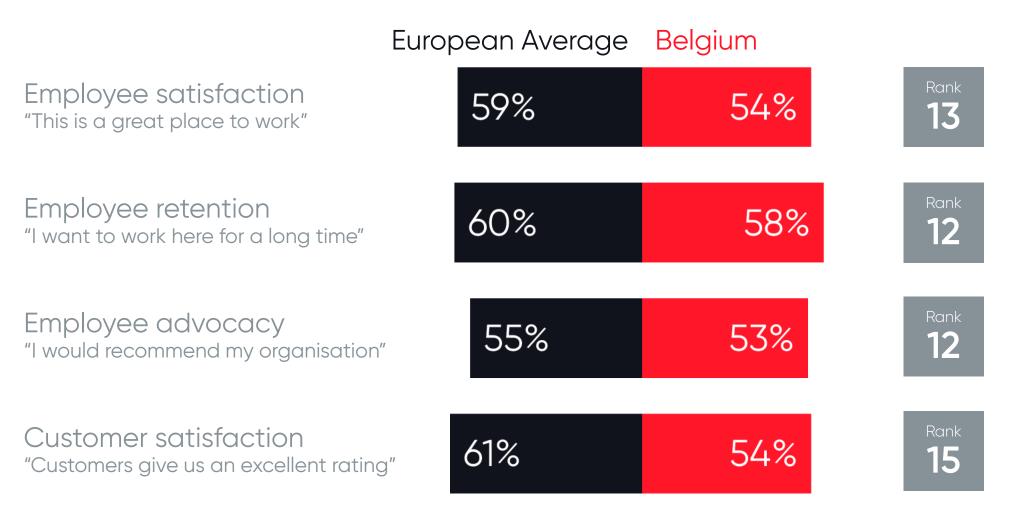


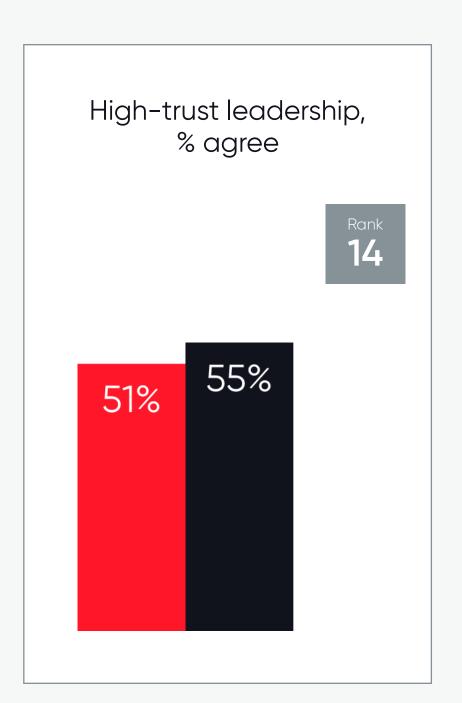


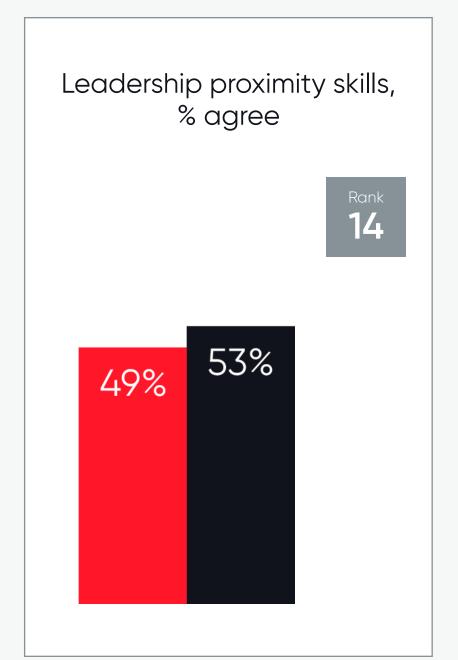
Belgium



Business outcomes









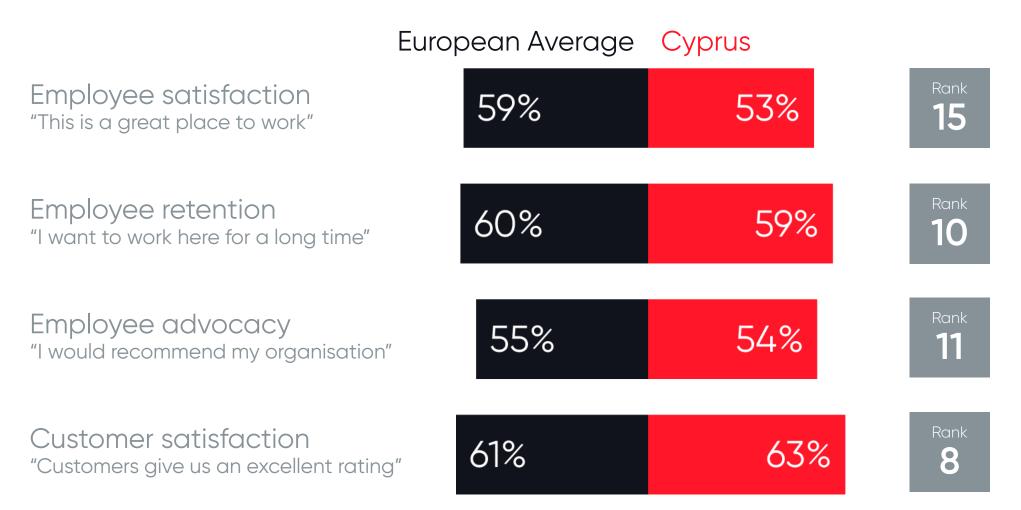
Belgium

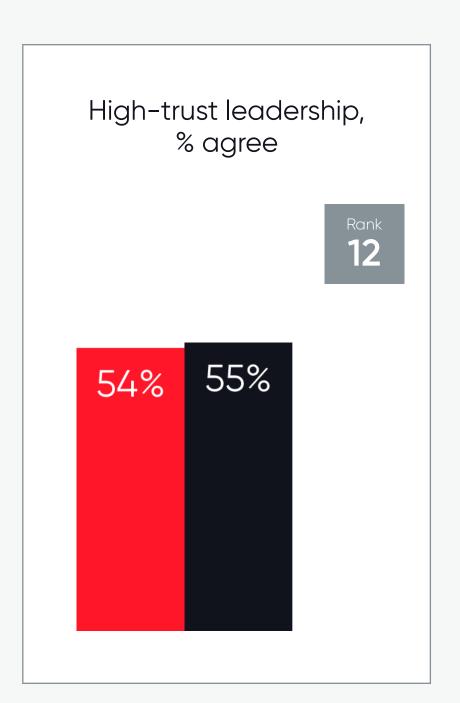
European Average

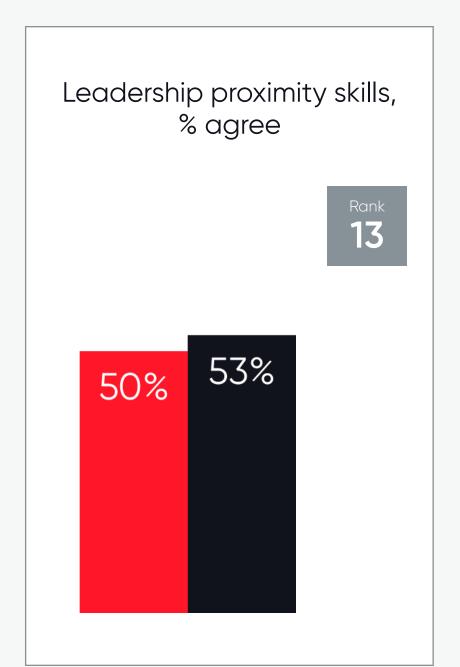
Cyprus

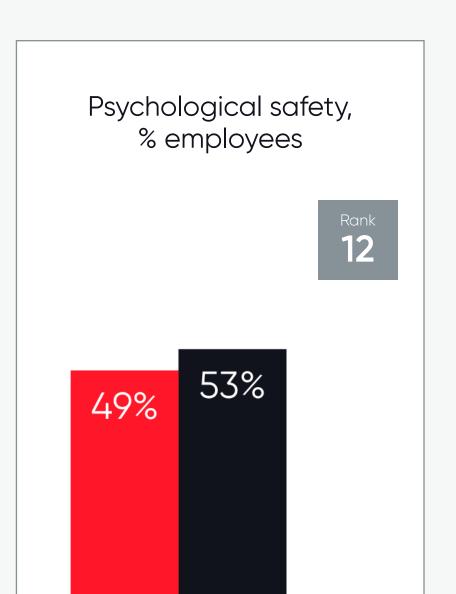


Business outcomes









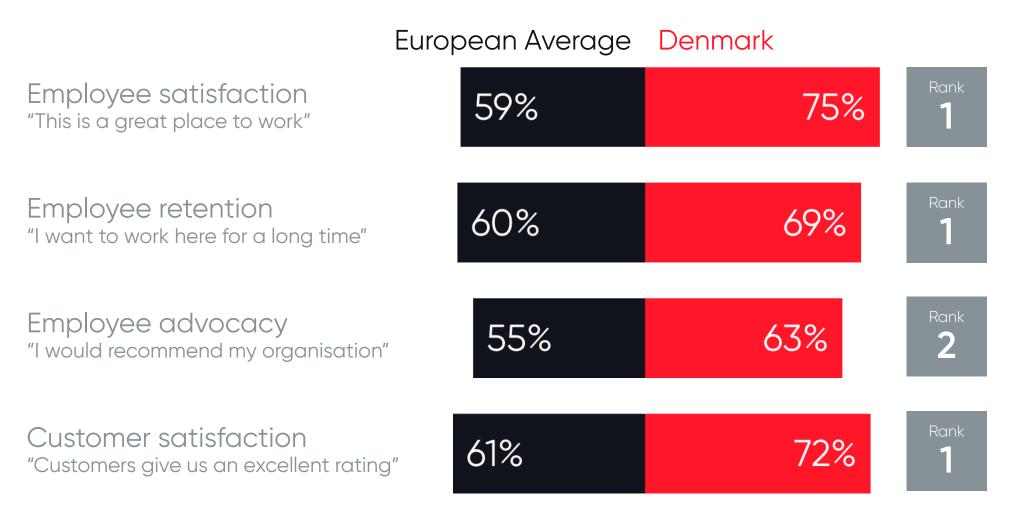
Cyprus

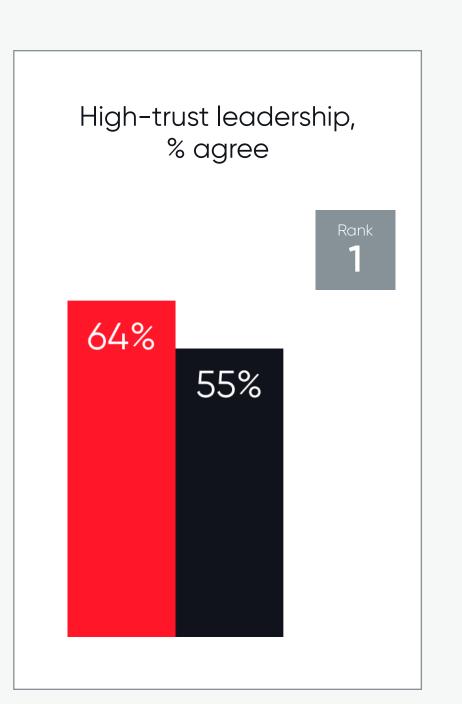
European Average

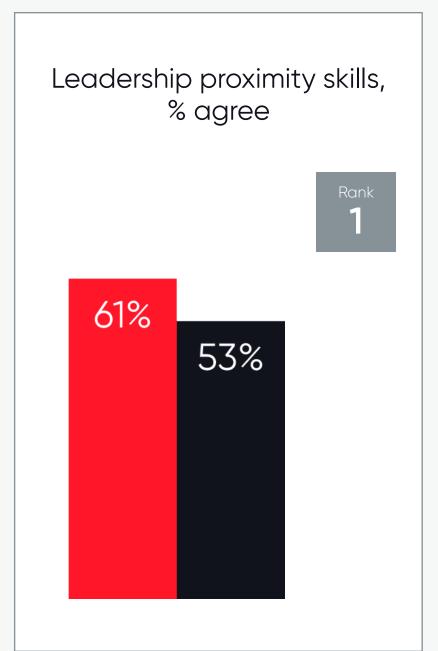
Denmark

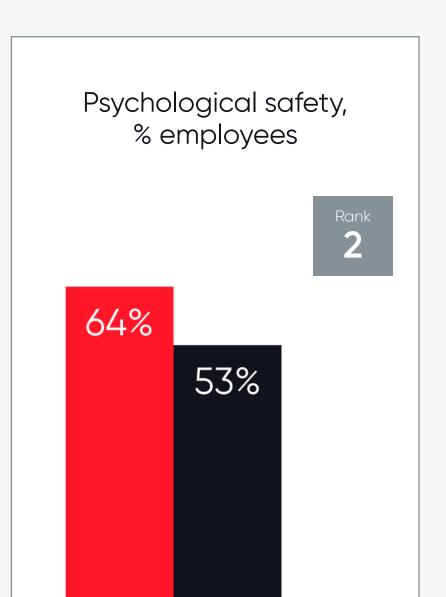


Business outcomes









Denmark

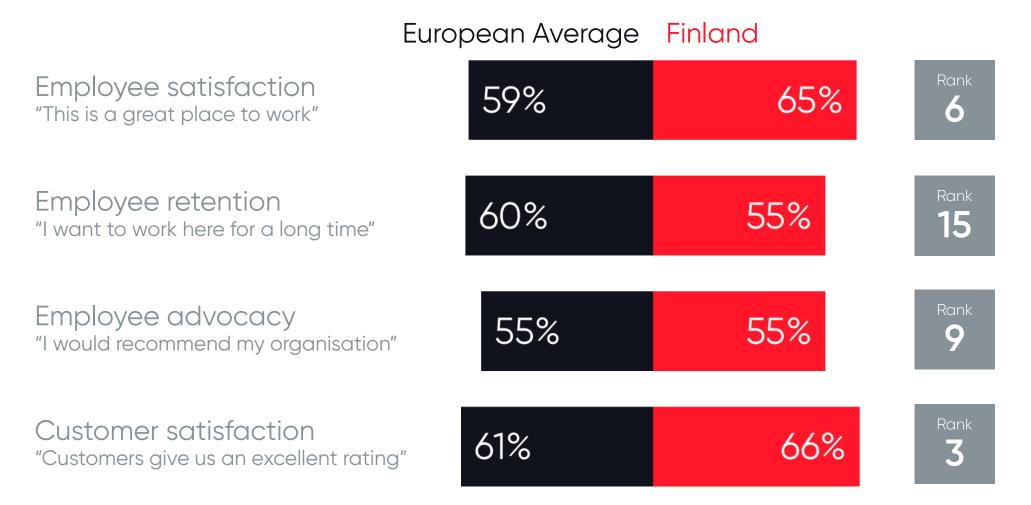
European Average

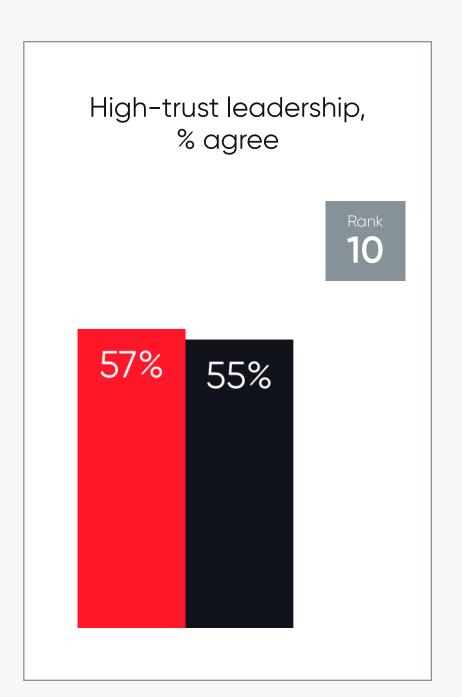
Finland

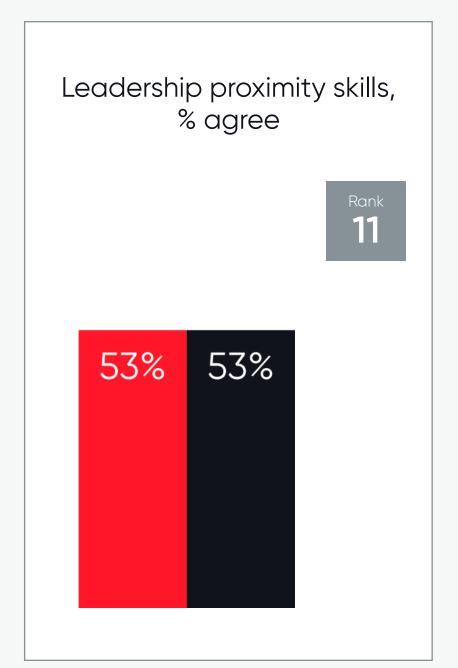


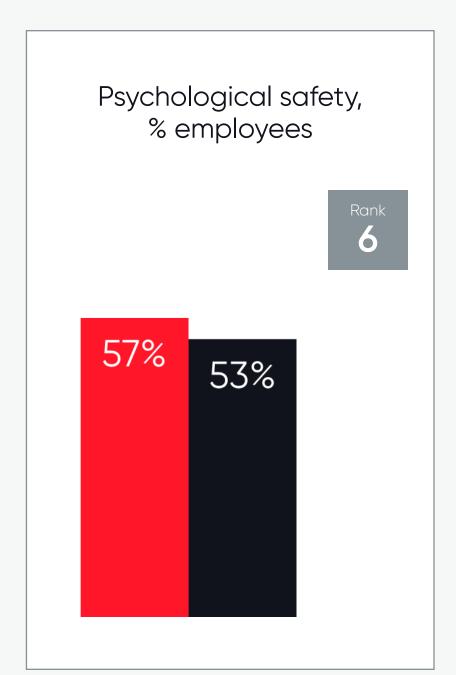


Business outcomes





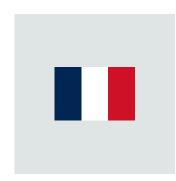




Finland

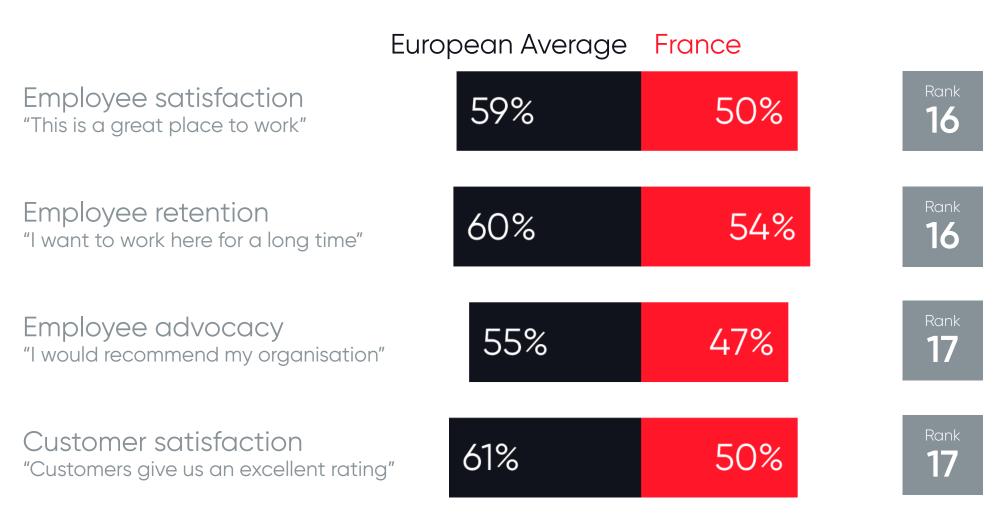
European Average

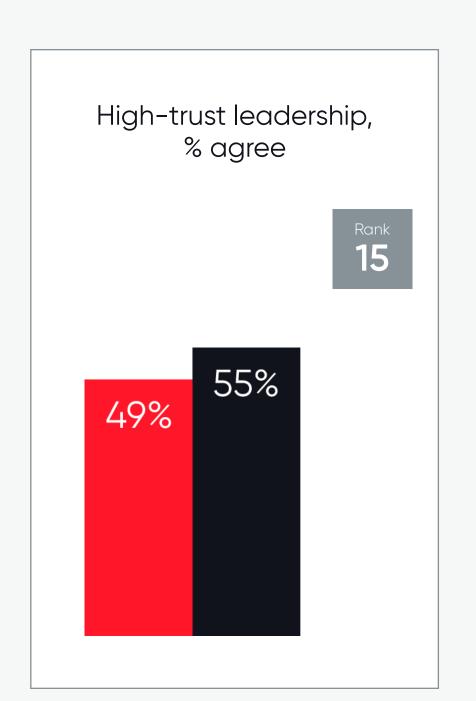
France

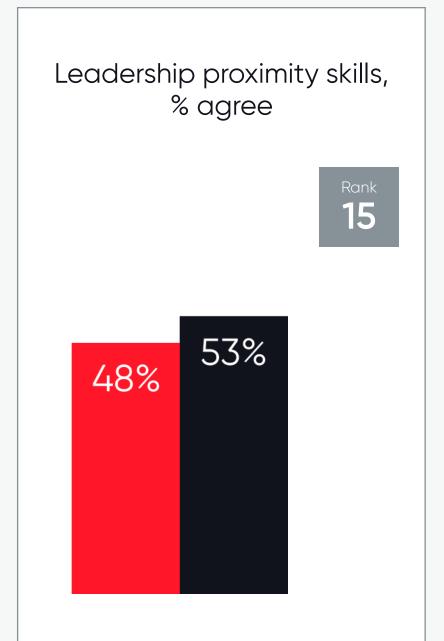


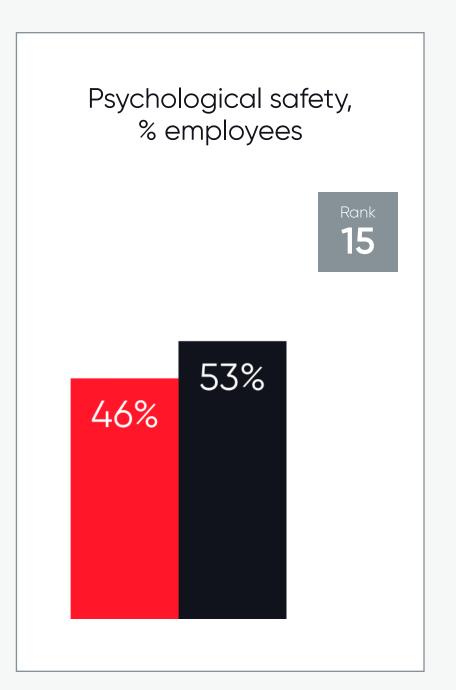
France European Average

Business outcomes

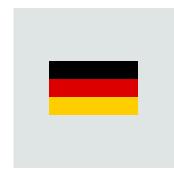






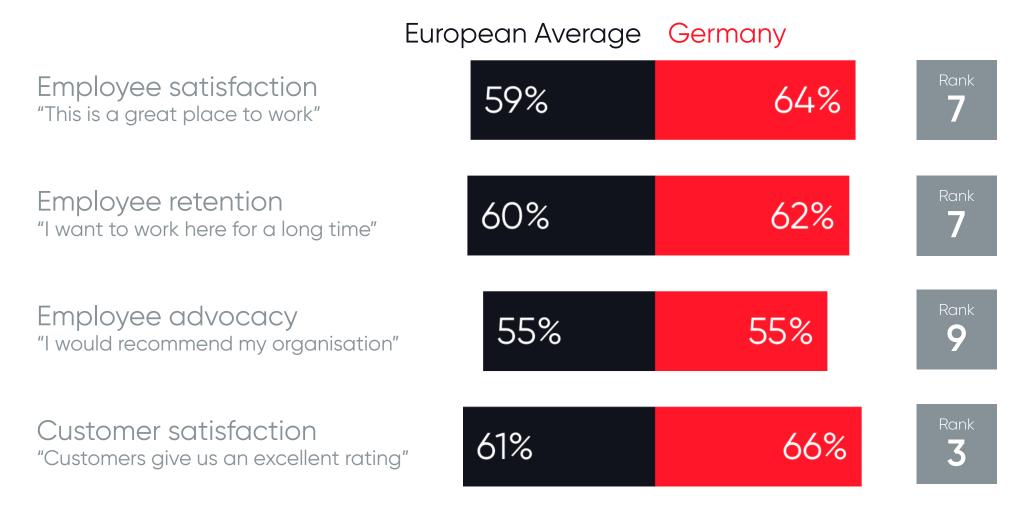


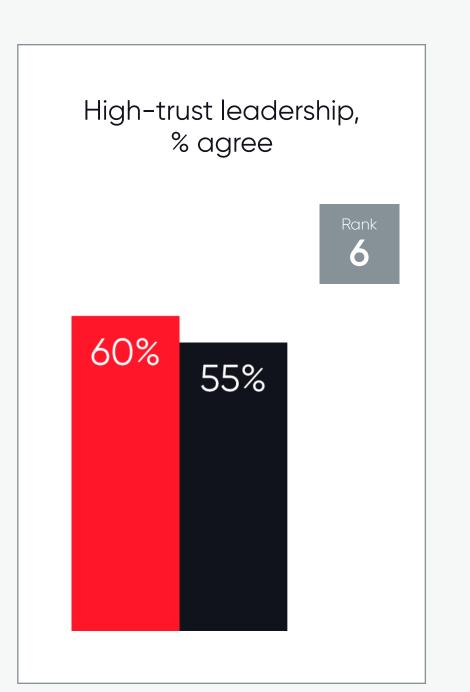
Germany

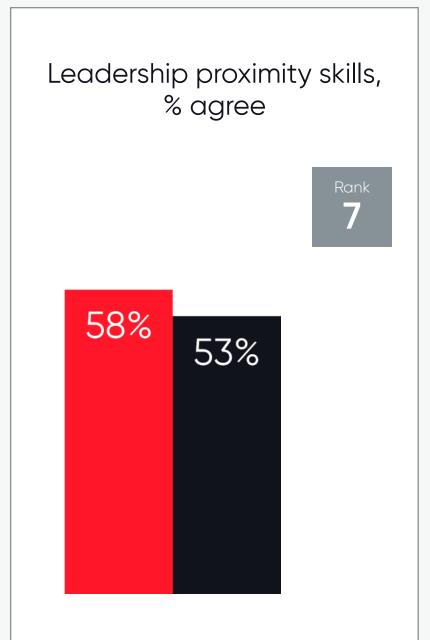


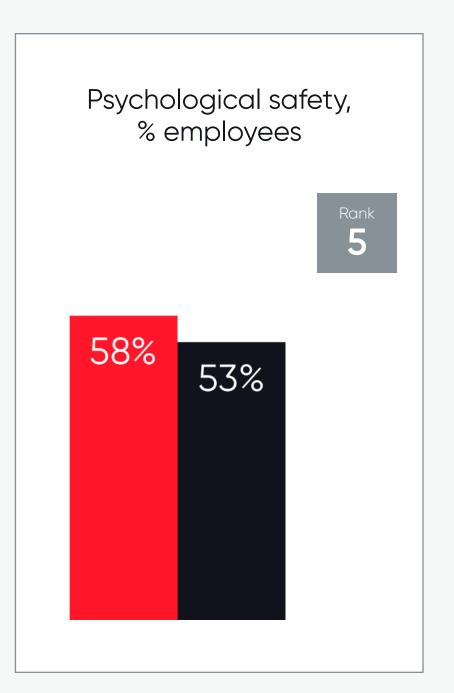
Germany European Average

Business outcomes







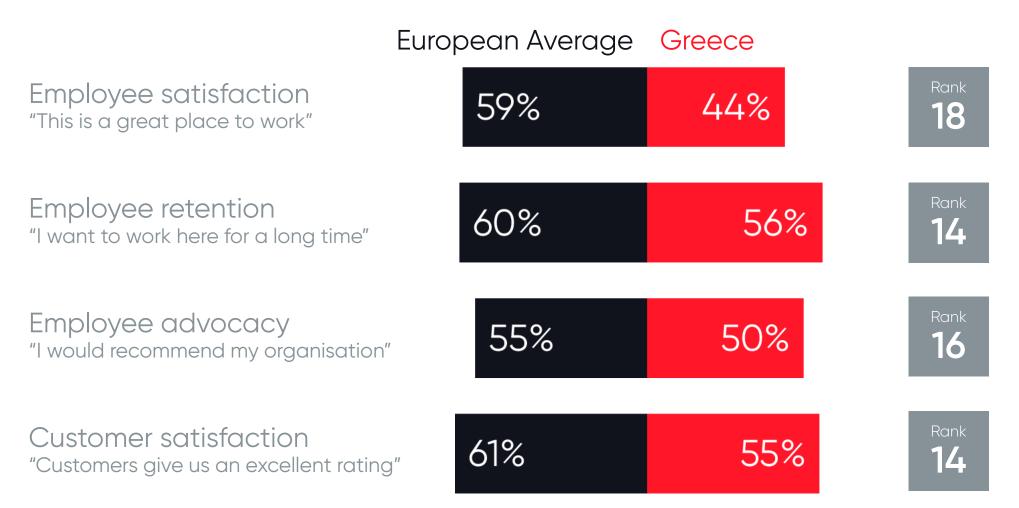


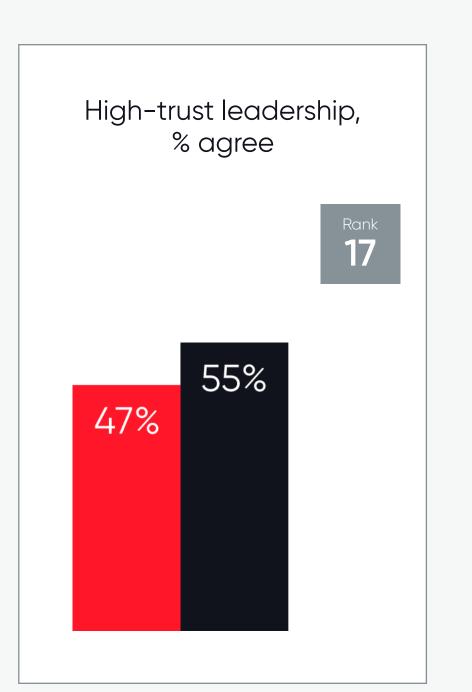
Greece

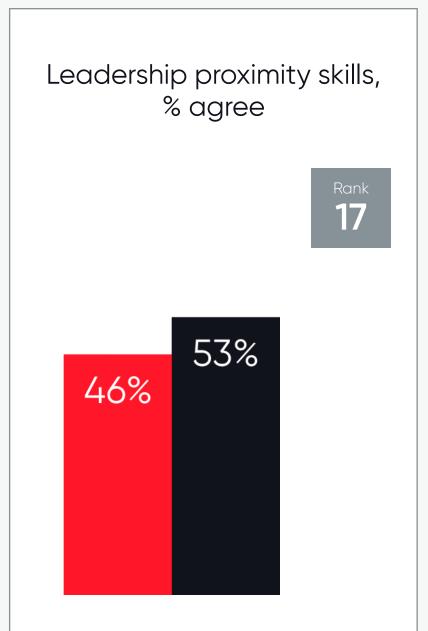


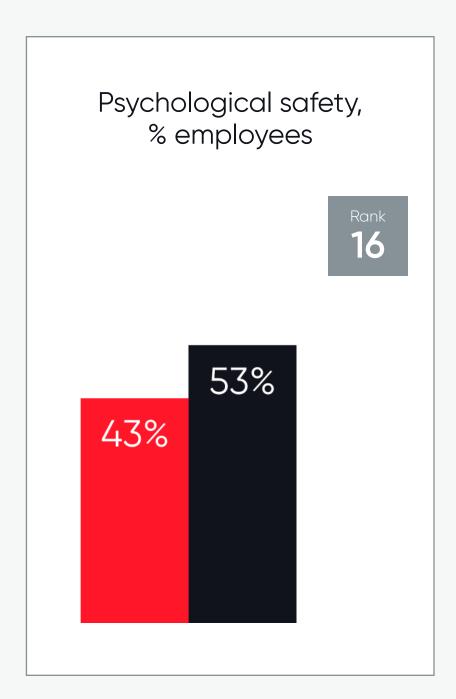
Greece European Average

Business outcomes







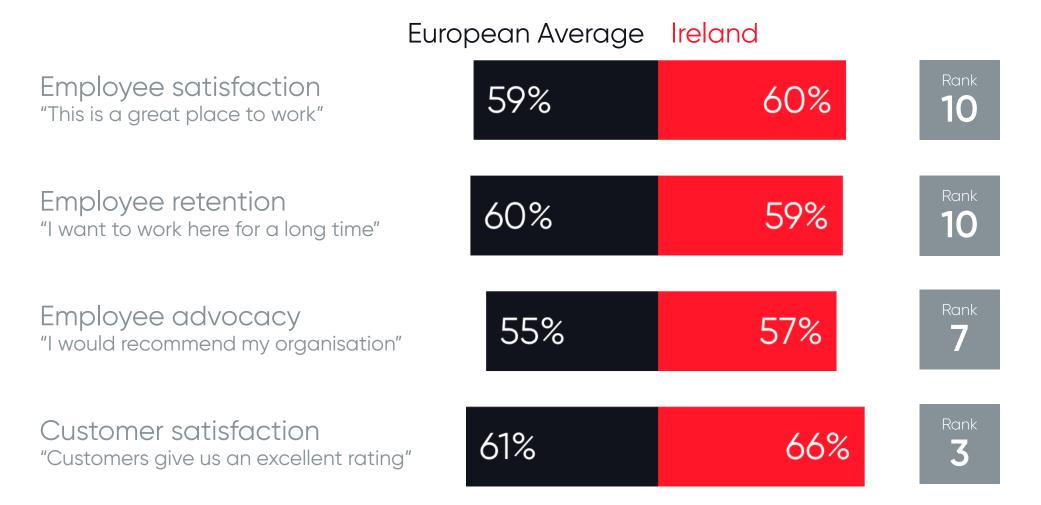


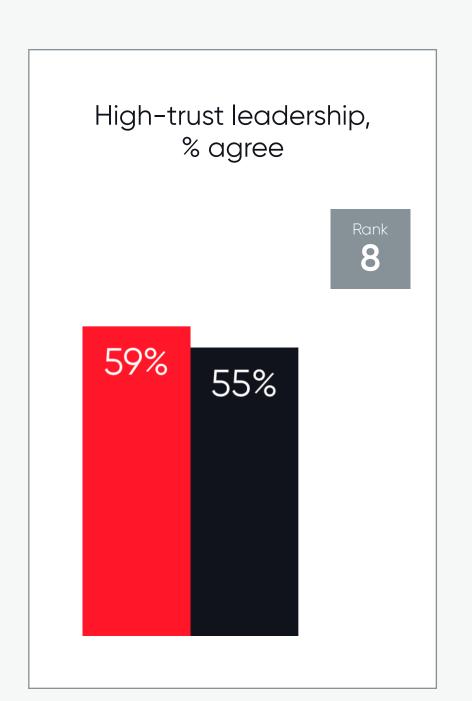


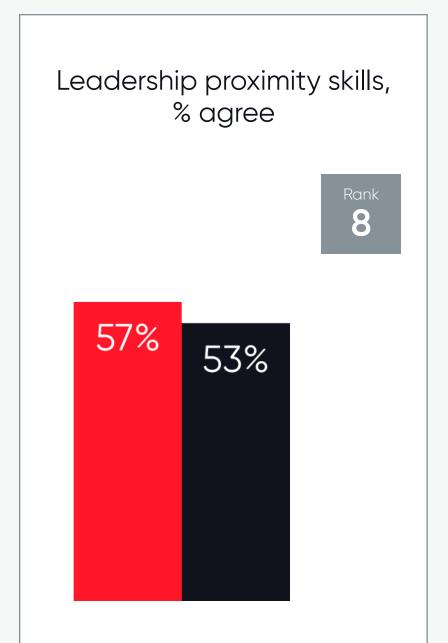


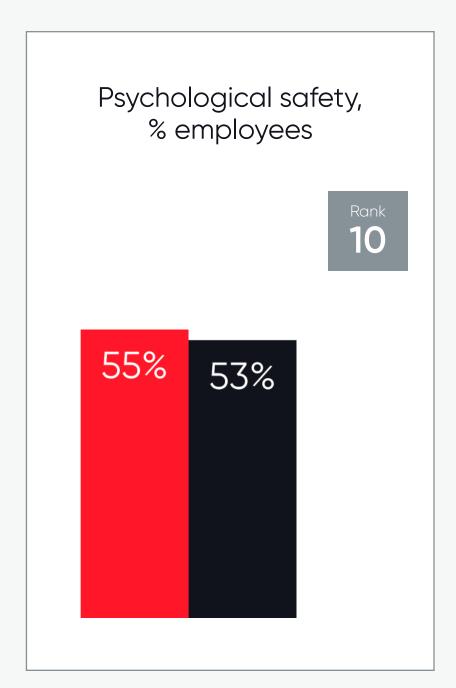
■ Ireland■ European Average

Business outcomes



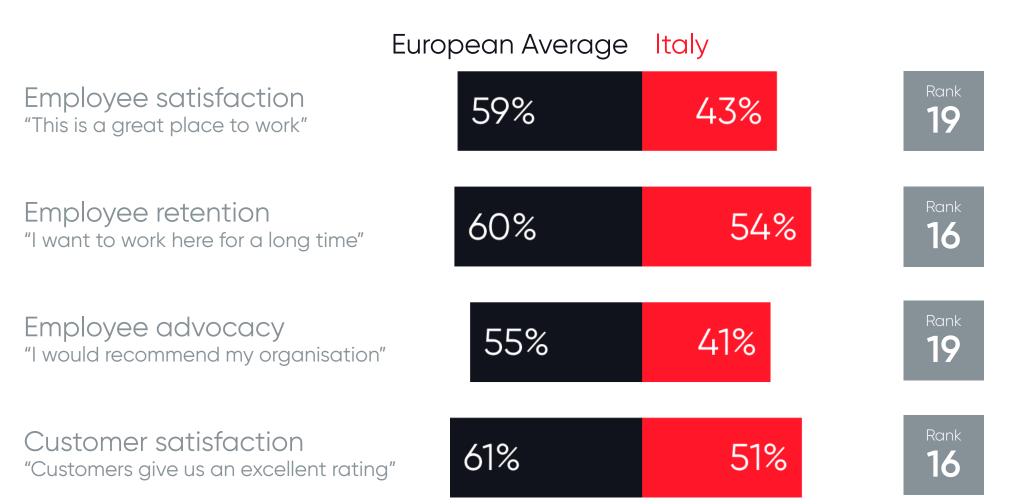


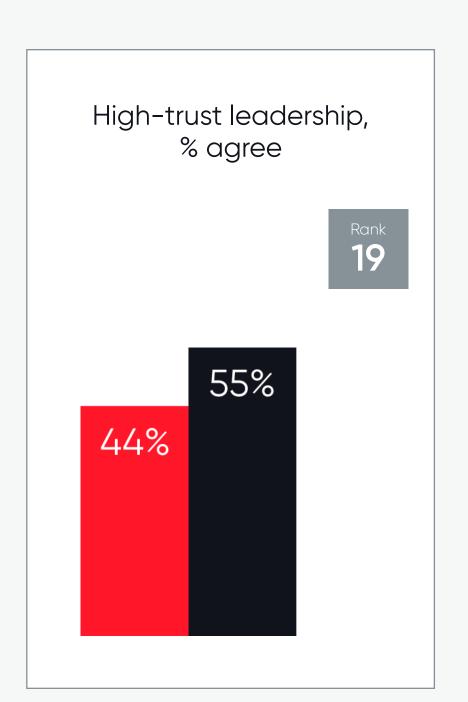


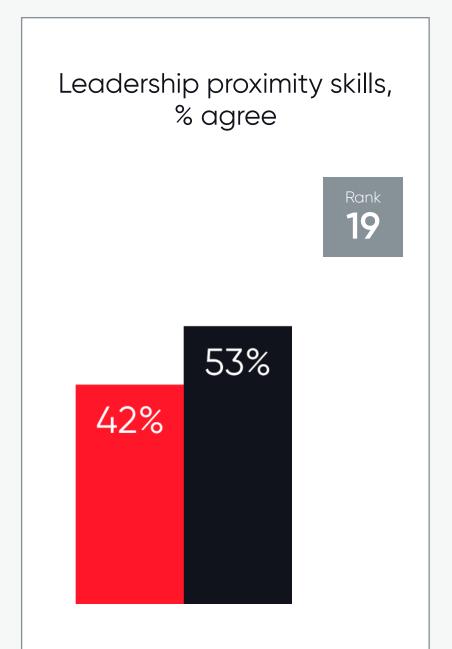


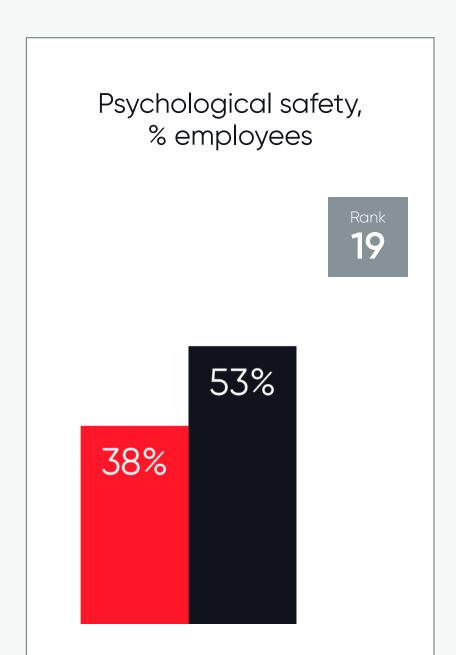


Business outcomes





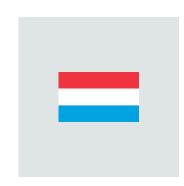




Italy

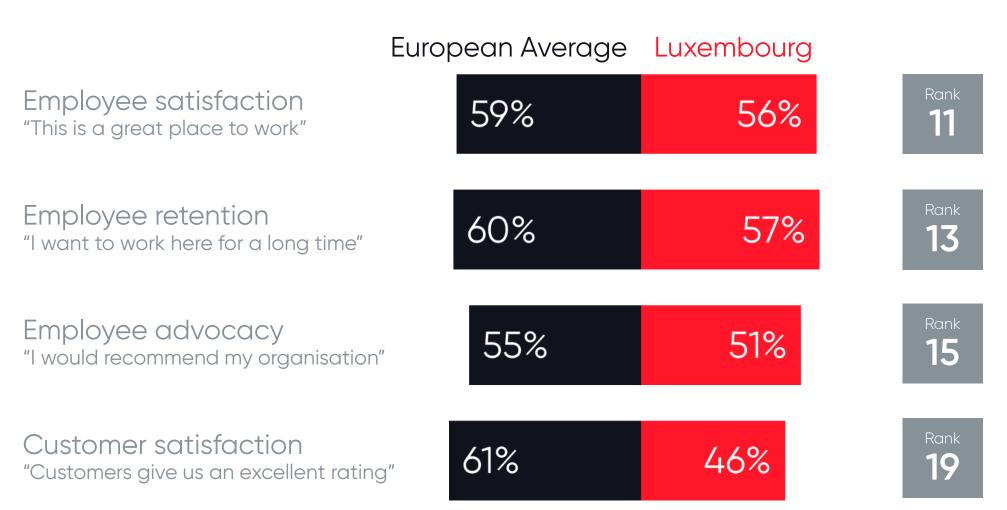
European Average

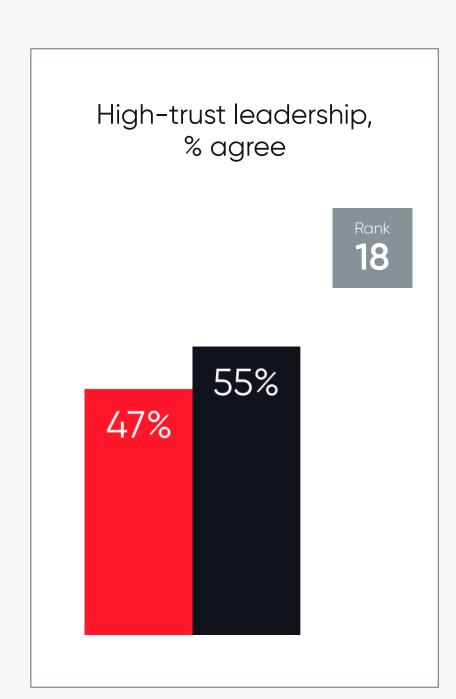
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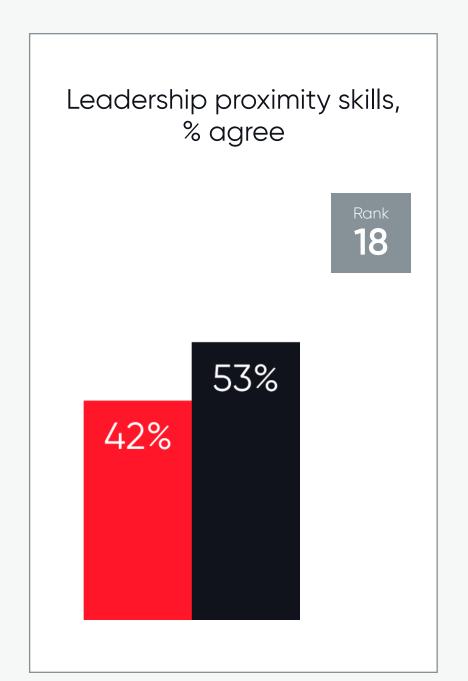


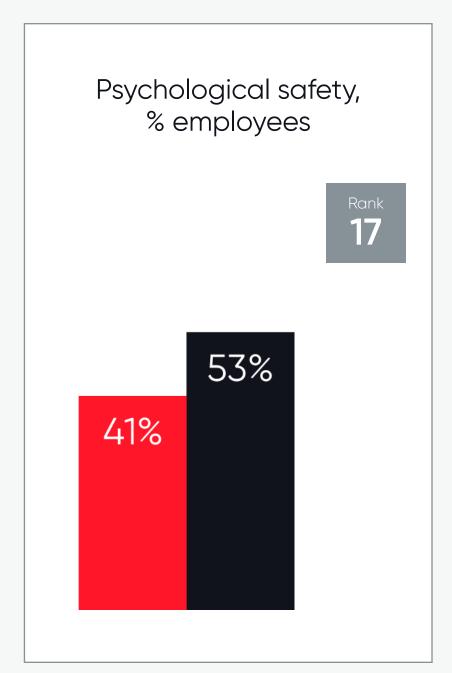
LuxembourgEuropean Average

Business outcomes









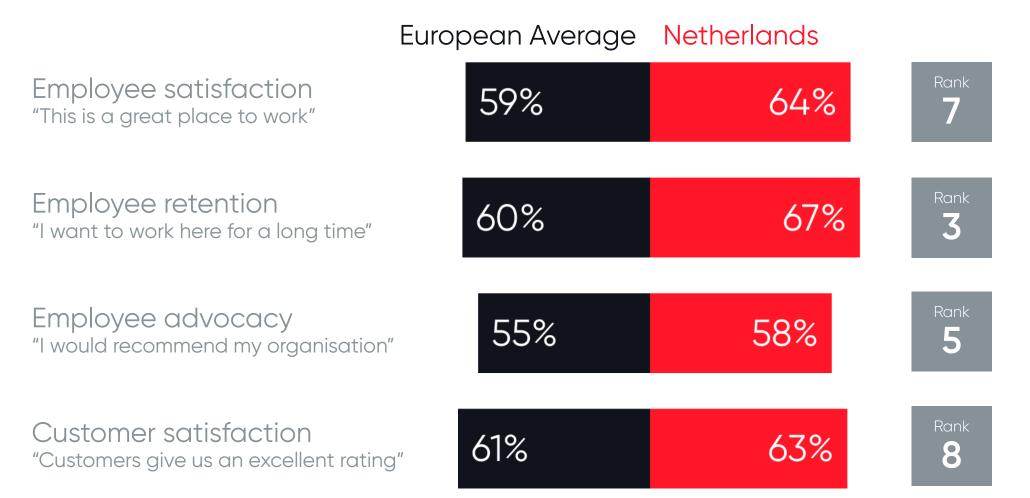
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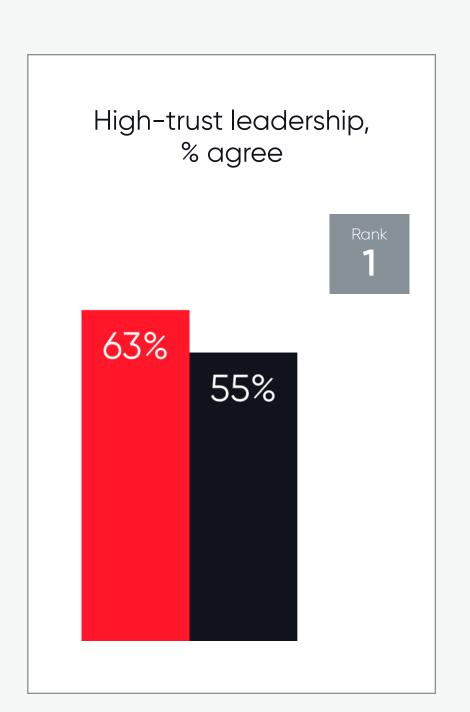


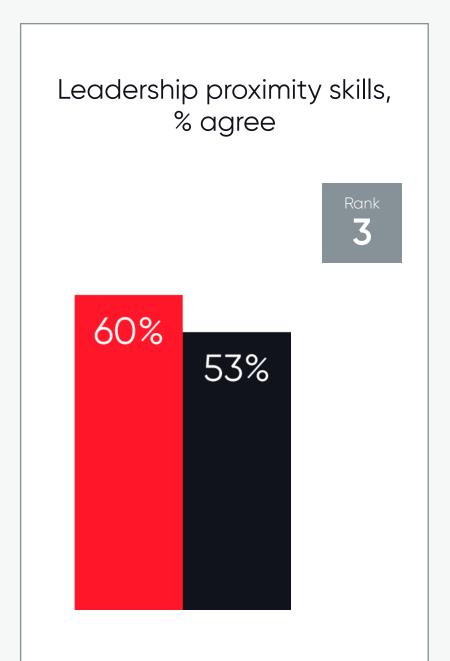
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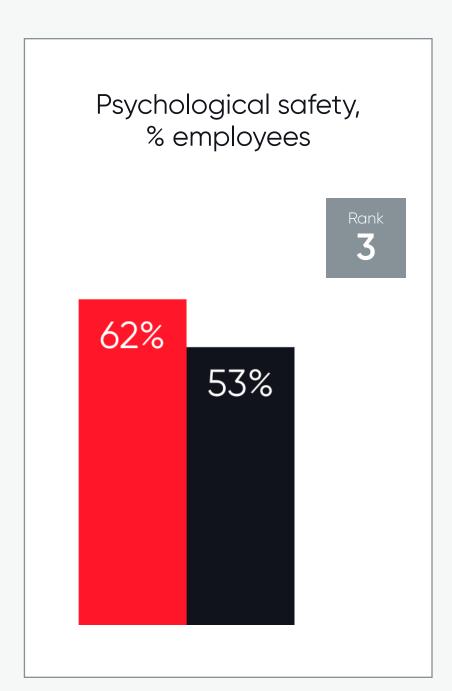
European Average

Business outcomes





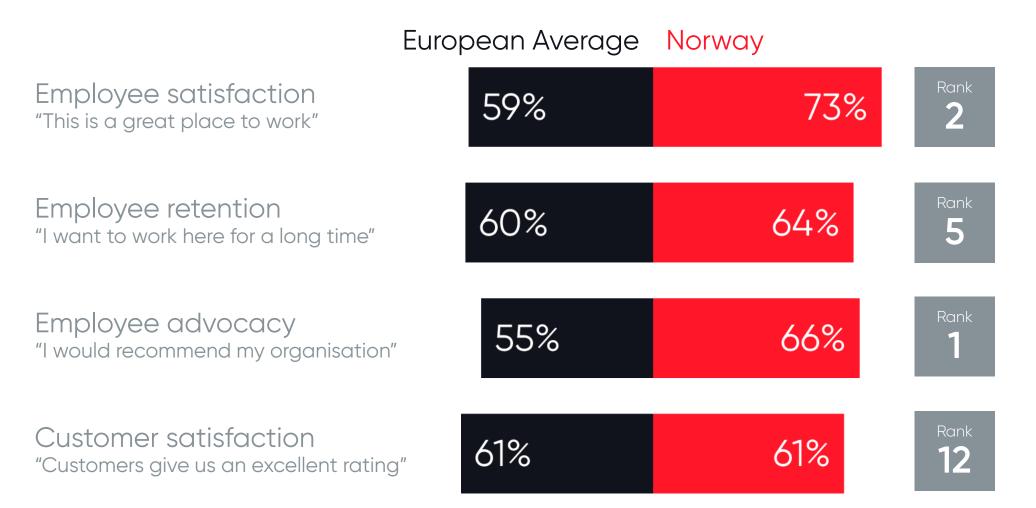


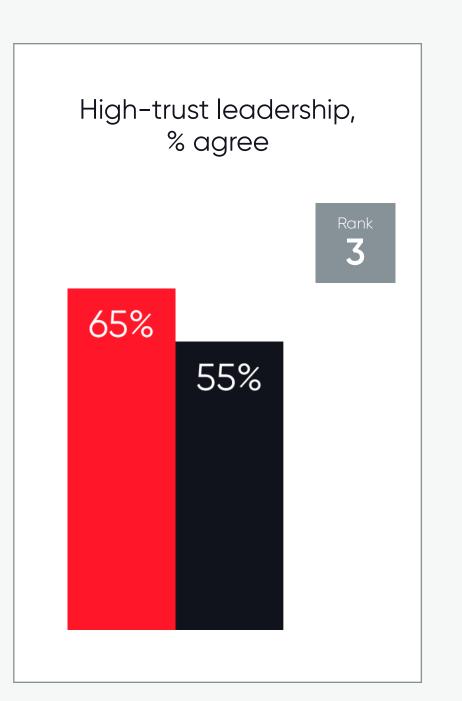


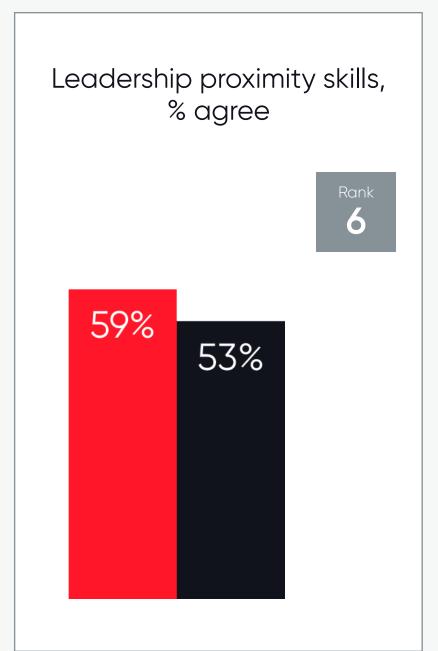
Norway



Business outcomes









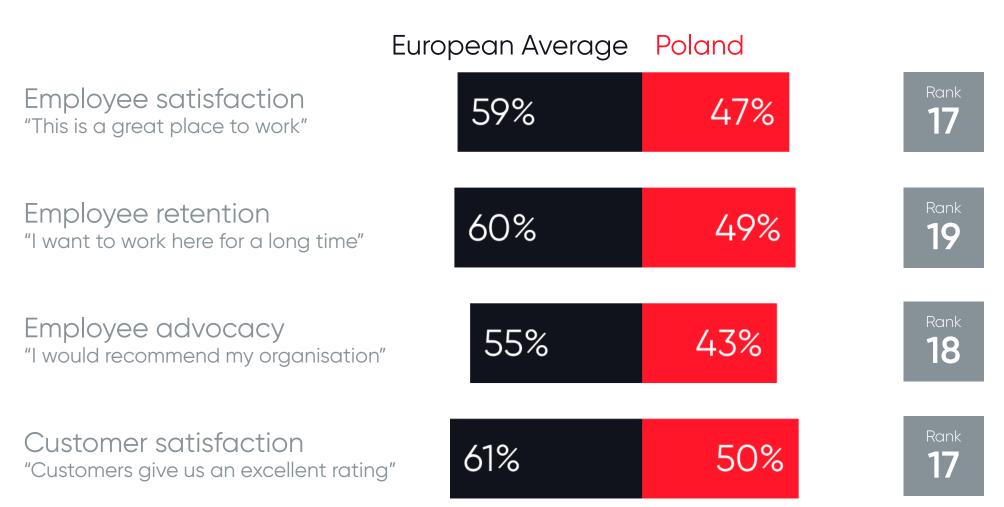
Norway

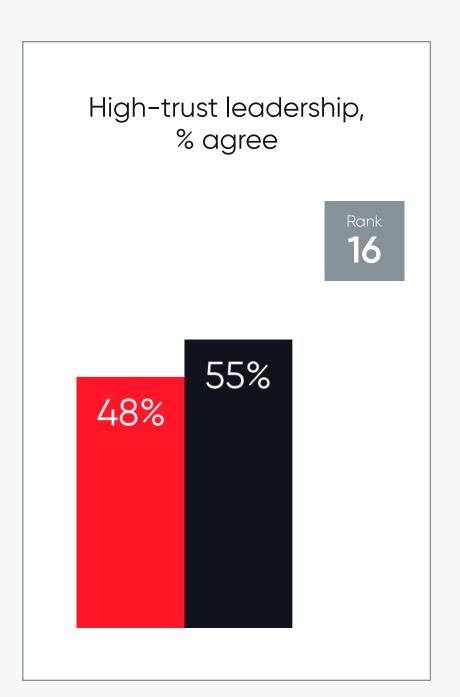
European Average

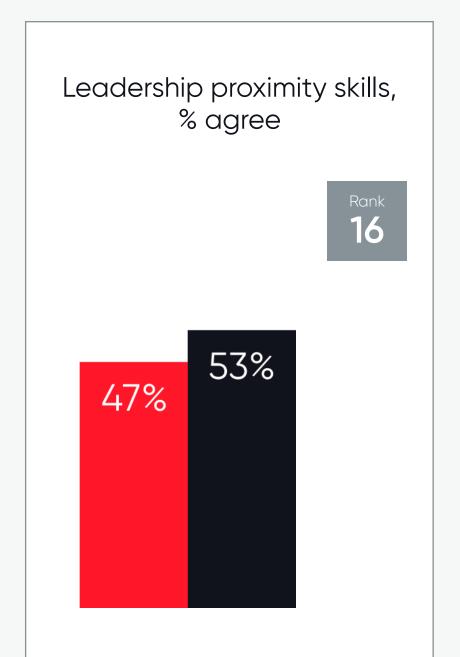
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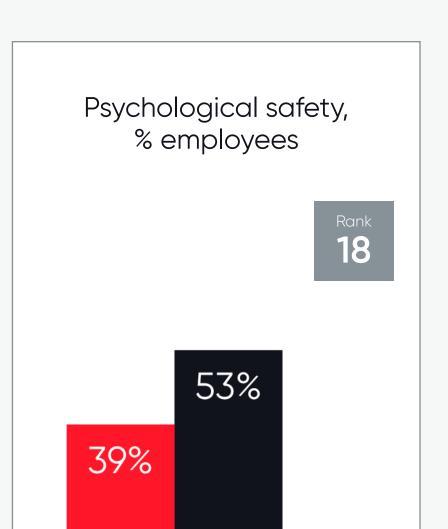


Business outcomes





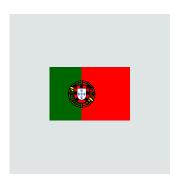




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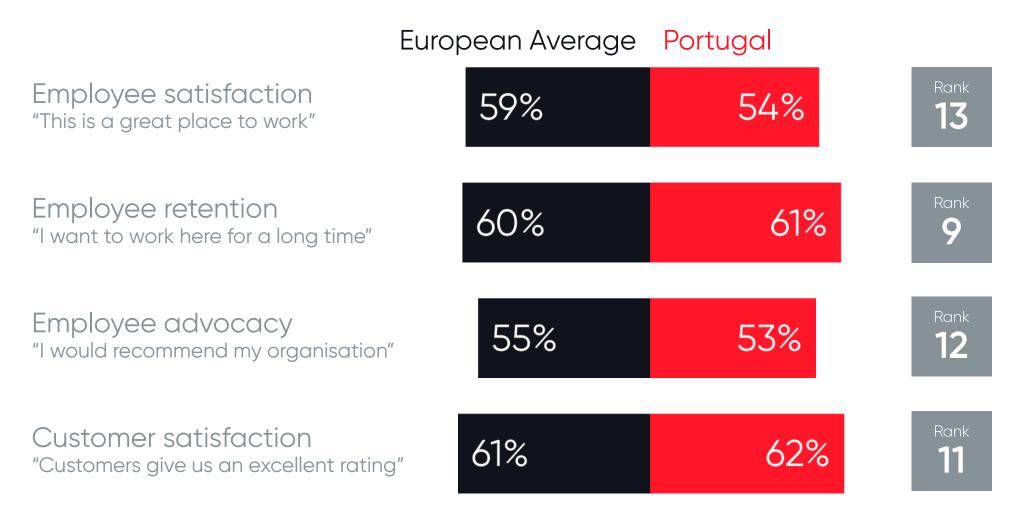
European Average

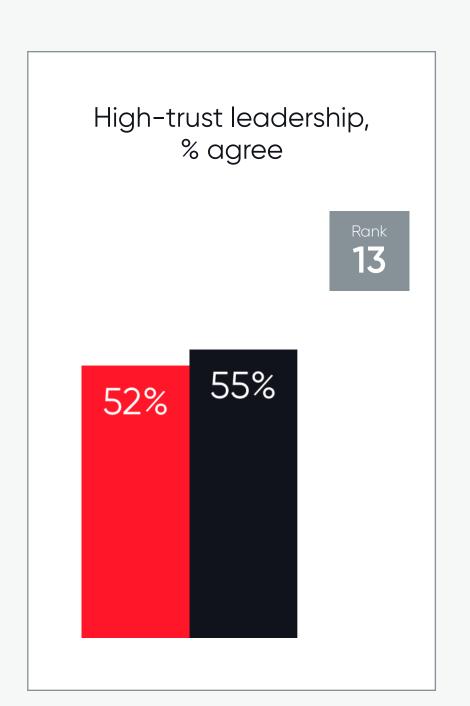
Portugal

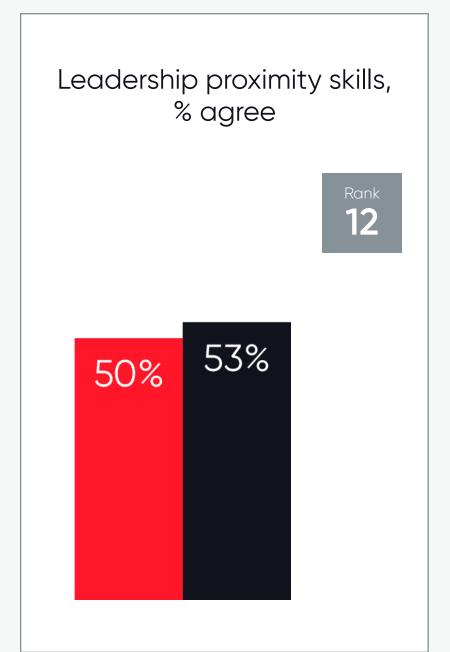


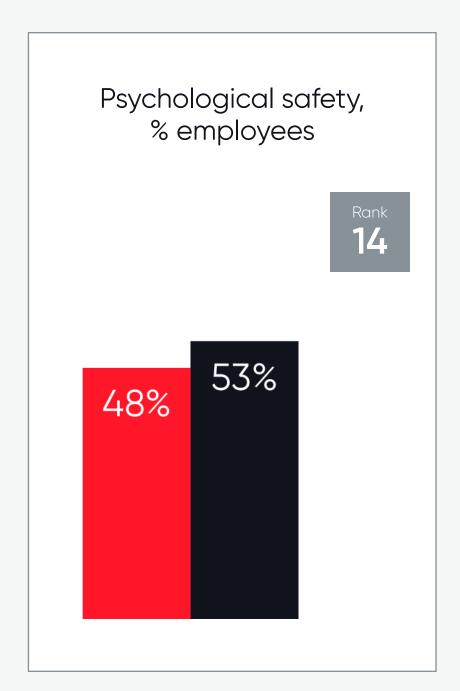
Portugal European Average

Business outcomes







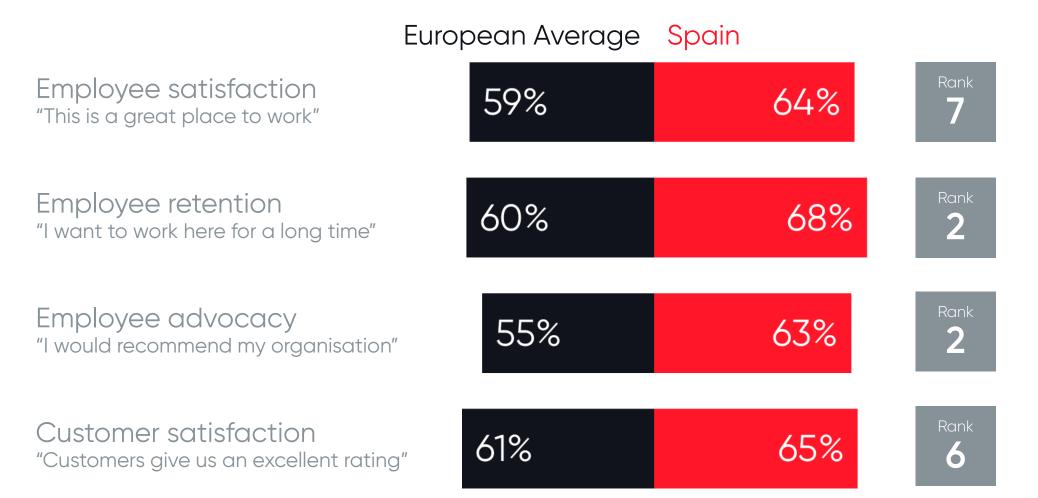


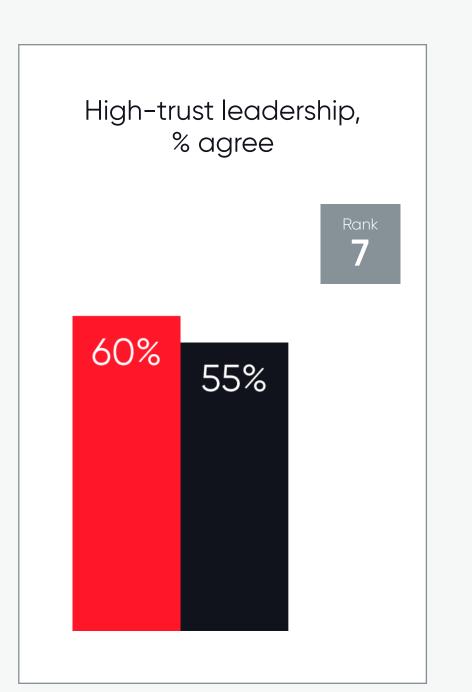


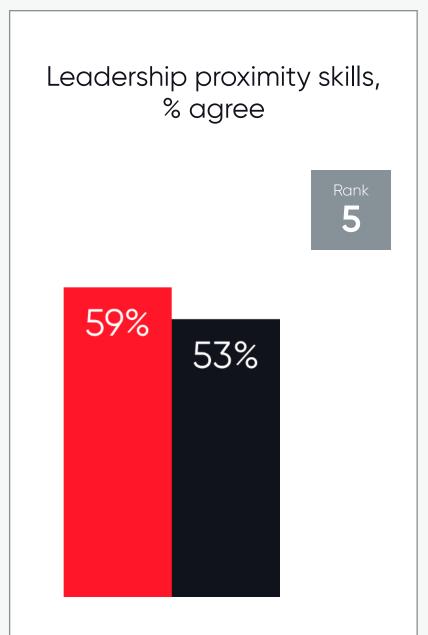


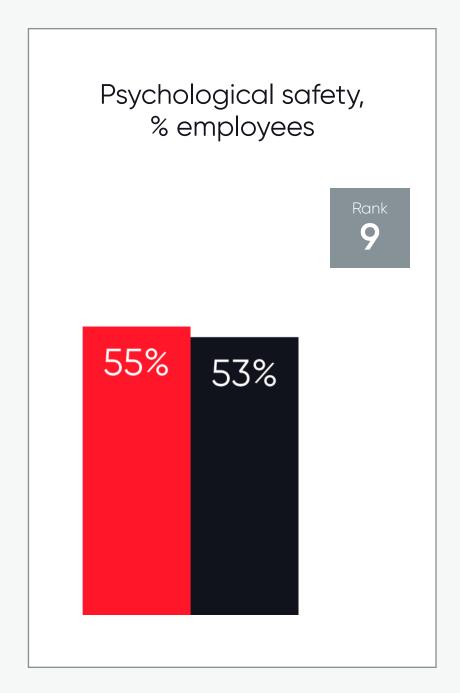
SpainEuropean Average

Business outcomes



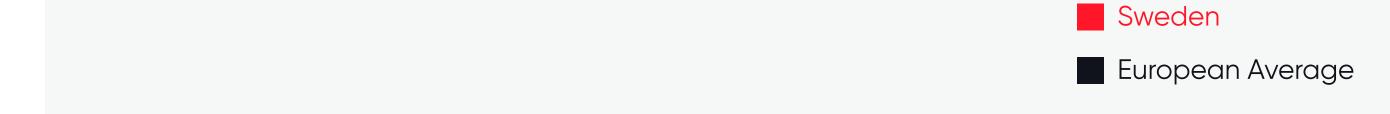




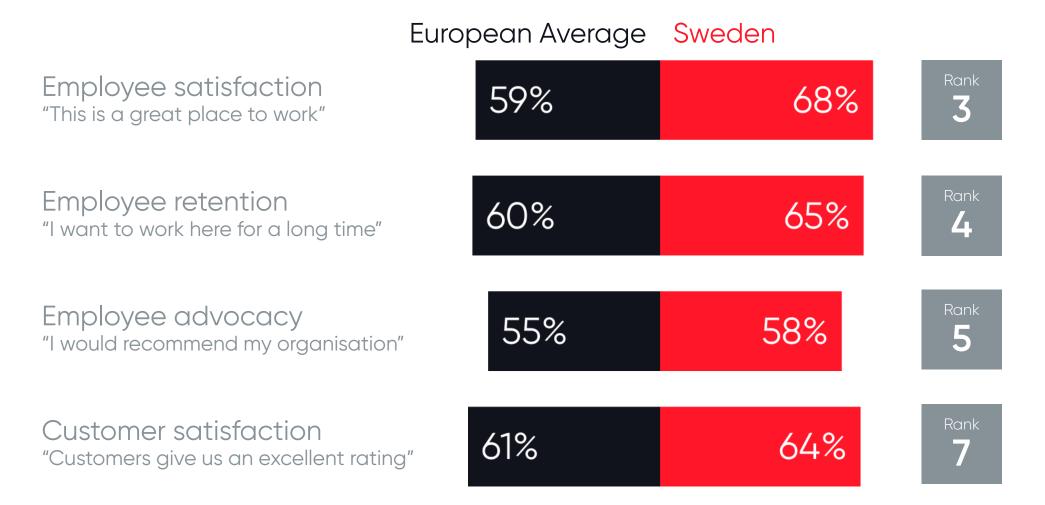


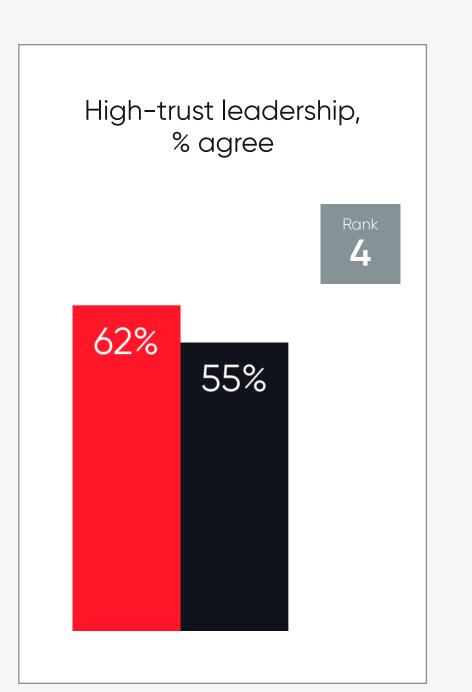
Sweden

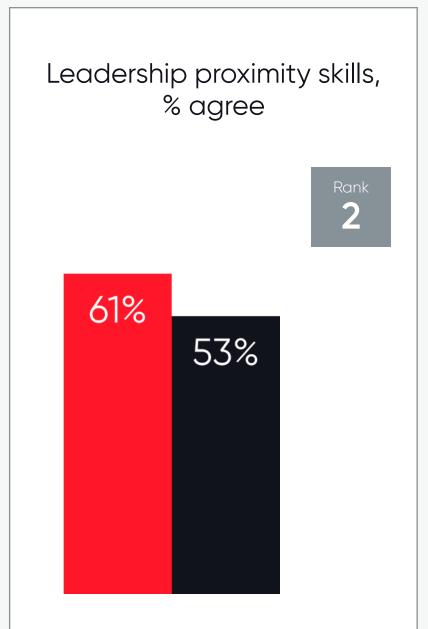


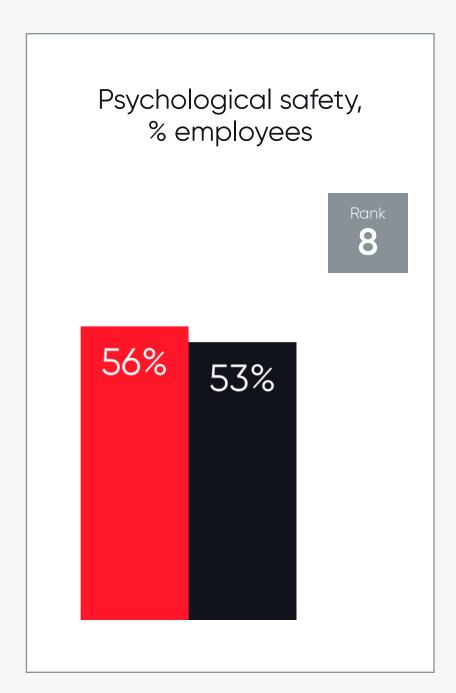


Business outcomes







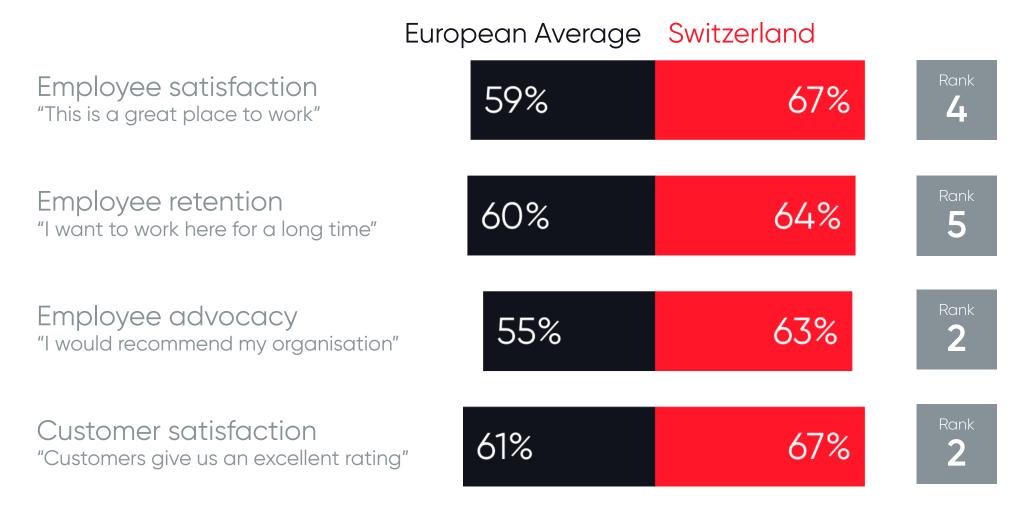


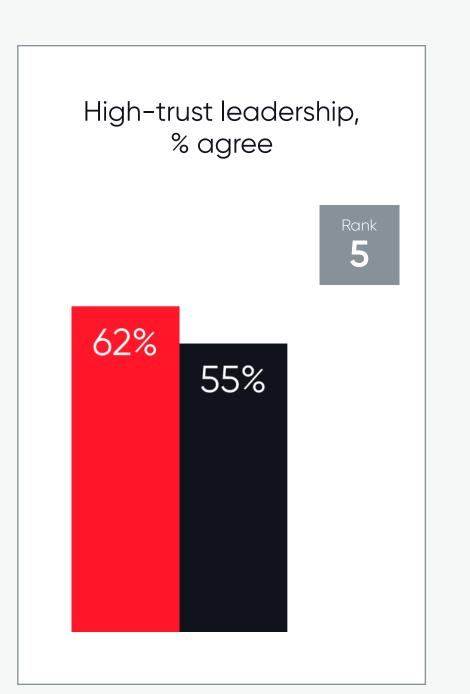
Switzerland

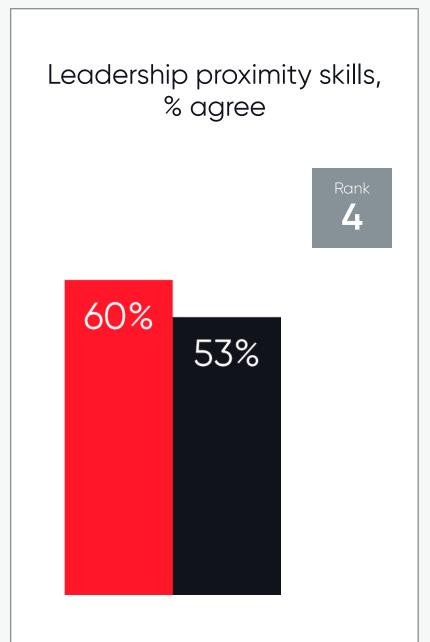


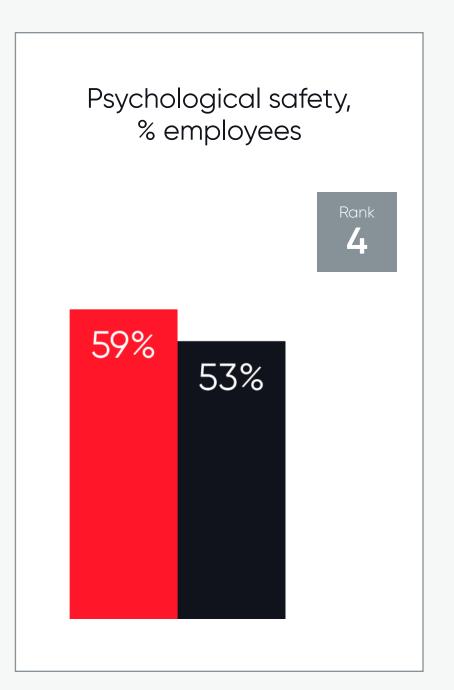
SwitzerlandEuropean Average

Business outcomes







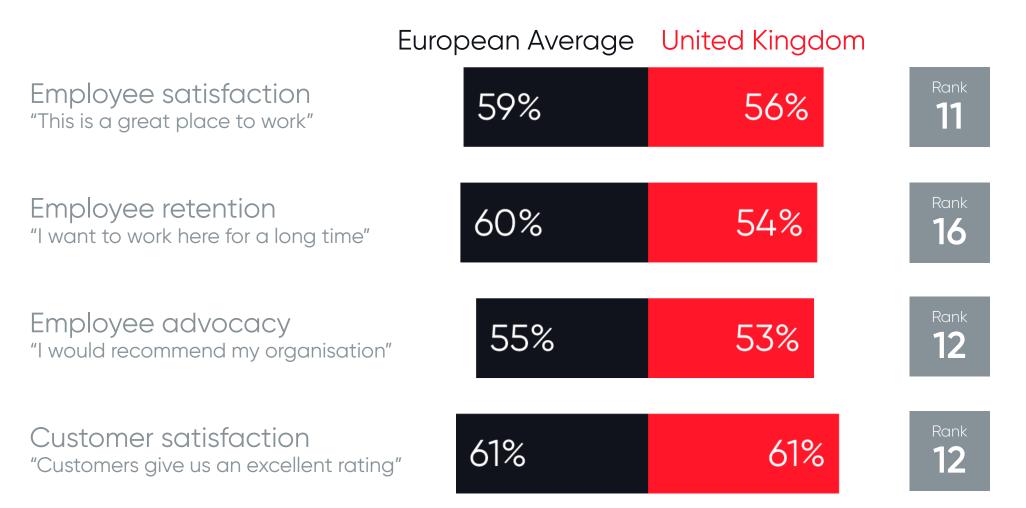


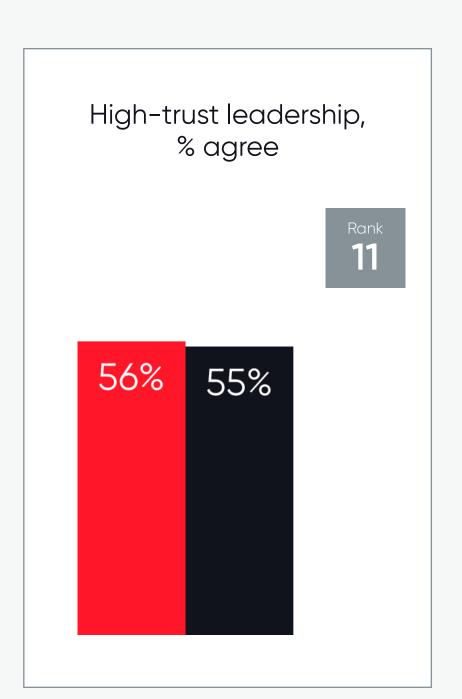
United Kingdom

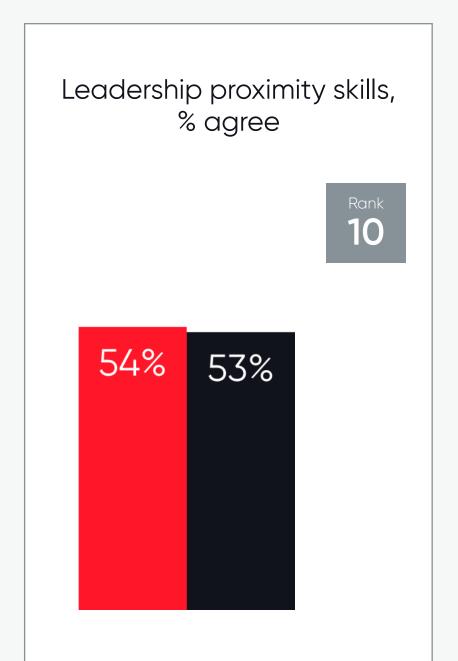


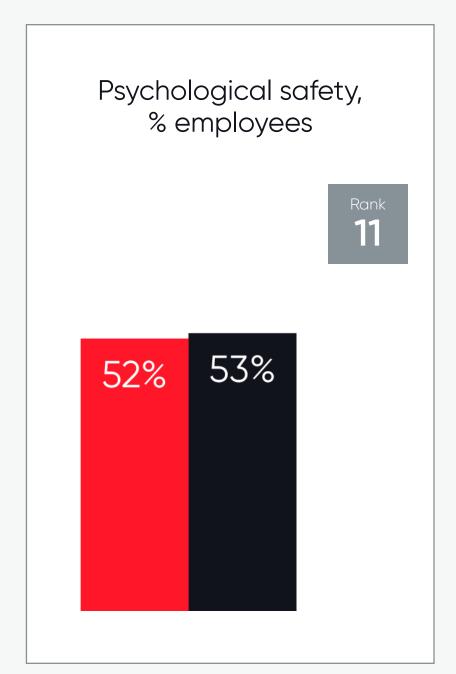
United KingdomEuropean Average

Business outcomes











European Workforce Study 2025

ABOUT

Great Place To Work

The global authority on workplace culture

With more than 30 years experience working with 15,000+ organizations annually, Great Place To Work offers unparalleled data and benchmarking assessing corporate leadership and culture, the most respected workplace certification, and industry leading research and insights.

Mission driven

Through hundreds of thousands of surveys, and thousands of hours of interviews and focus groups, Great Place To Work has decoded the DNA of great workplaces and set out on a mission to change the world of work. Providing leaders and organizations with the tools, insights and recognition to create a consistently and overwhelmingly positive employee experience, to foster more resilient, successful, sustainable workplaces.

For more information or further access to data and analysis, please contact your national Great Place To Work office or contact us on the web:

www.europeanworkforcestudy.com

ABOUT

The Survey

The core statements in the survey are based on Great Place To Work market leading Trust Index® Survey.

In total the survey included 80 Likert scale statements, 60 of which were covering workplace culture and leadership and 20 covering ESG, AI, and hybrid work.

The survey was conducted by Opinion, Norstat and Dynata as a written survey to 24,938 European respondents, selected by quotas to ensure full representativity.

ABOUT

The Team

Tron Kleivane is Chairman of
Great Place To Work Norway;
Alessandro Zollo and Jullien
Brezun are CEOs of Great
Place To Work Italy and France
respectively; Claire Knights is
CMO (UK) in Great Place To Work
UK; whereas Ozoda Muminova
is a Data Consultant, Jonathan
Wichmann is a Marketing
Consultant and Colin Brosnan
is a Design Consultant working
with Great Place To Work.